Hydrologic Modeling of the Santa Clara River Watershed with the U.S. EPA Hydrologic Simulation Program - FORTRAN (HSPF)

APPENDICES

Prepared by

AQUA TERRA Consultants 2685 Marine Way, Suite 1314 Mountain View, CA 94043

Submitted to

Ventura County Watershed Protection District 800 South Victoria Ave. Ventura, CA 93009

July 24, 2009





APPENDICES

APPENDIX A	Hydrology Calibration / Validation Results For The Sespe Creek Watershed At Fillmore
APPENDIX B	Hydrology Calibration / Validation Results For The Sespe Creek Watershed At Wheeler Springs
APPENDIX C	Hydrology Calibration / Validation Results For The Pole Creek Watershed
APPENDIX D	Hydrology Calibration / Validation Results For The Hopper Creek Watershed
APPENDIX E	Hydrology Calibration / Validation Results For The Santa Paula Creek Watershed
APPENDIX F	Hydrology Calibration / Validation Results For The Upper Piru Watershed
APPENDIX G	Hydrology Calibration Results For The Upper Santa Clara River Watershed At Lang
APPENDIX H	Hydrology Calibration / Validation Results For The Santa Clara River Watershed At Hwy99
APPENDIX I	Hydrology Calibration / Validation Results For The Santa Clara River Watershed At County Line
APPENDIX J	Hydrology Calibration / Validation Results For The Piru Creek Watershed Above Lake Piru
APPENDIX K	Hydrology Calibration / Validation Results For The Santa Clara River Watershed At Montalvo
APPENDIX L	Ventura County Design Storm Results (Prepared by M. Bandurraga, VCWPD)
APPENDIX M	Los Angeles County Design Storm Results (Prepared by R. Butler, LACDPW)



APPENDIX A

HYDROLOGY CALIBRATION / VALIDATION RESULTS FOR THE SESPE CREEK WATERSHED AT FILLMORE

litle		Page
CALIBRAT	TION	
Figure 1	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Fillmore	A-2
Figure 2	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Fillmore	
Figure 3	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Fillmore	
Figure 4	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1997-2005)	
Figure 5	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Fillmore (WY 1997-2005)	
Figure 6	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1997)	
Figure 7	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1998)	
Figure 8	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1999)	
Figure 9	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2000)	
Figure 10	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2001)	
Figure 11	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2002)	
Figure 12	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2003)	
Figure 13	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2004)	
Figure 14	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2005)	A-8
Figure 15	Simulated and Observed December 22, 1996 Storm Event	A-9
Figure 16	Simulated and Observed February 2-8, 1998 Storm Event	A-9
Figure 17	Simulated and Observed March 4-7, 2001 Storm Event	A-10
Figure 18	Simulated and Observed February 25-26, 2004 Storm Event	A-10
Figure 19	Simulated and Observed December 27-29, 2004 Storm Event	A-11
Figure 20	Simulated and Observed December 31, 2004 Storm Event	A-11
Figure 21	Simulated and Observed January 3, 2005 Storm Event	A-12
Figure 22	Simulated and Observed January 8-10, 2005 Storm Event	A-12
Figure 23	Simulated and Observed February 18-24, 2005 Storm Event	A-13
VALIDATION	ON	
Figure 24	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Fillmore	A-14
Figure 25	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Fillmore	
Figure 26	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Fillmore	
Figure 27	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1994-1996)	
Figure 28	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Fillmore (WY 1994-1996)	
Figure 29	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1994)	A-16
Figure 30	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1995)	
Figure 31	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1996)	A-17
Figure 32	Simulated and Observed January 8-12, 1995 Storm Event	
Figure 33	Simulated and Observed January 23-26, 1995 Storm Event	
Figure 34	Simulated and Observed March 21-23, 1995 Storm Event	A-19

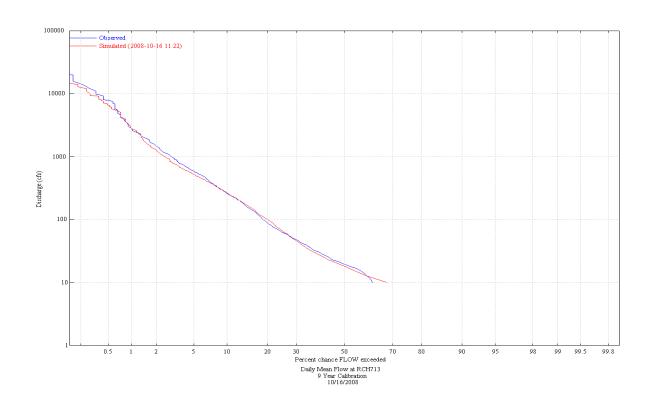


Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Fillmore

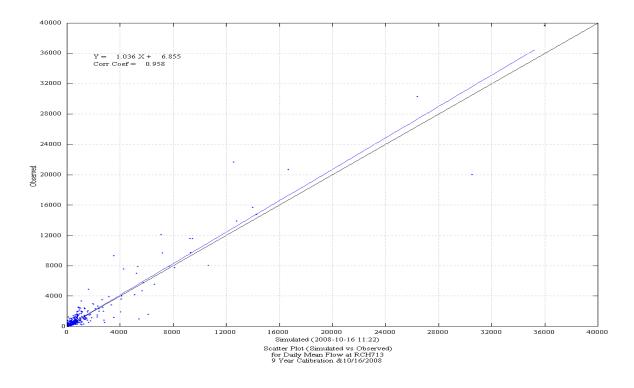


Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Fillmore



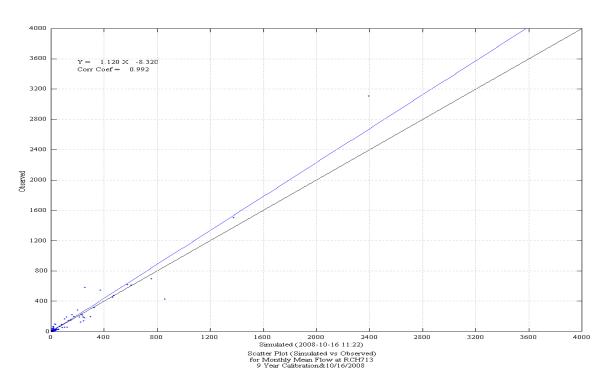


Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Fillmore

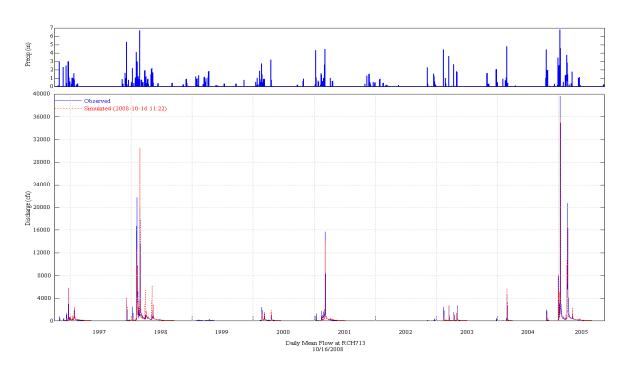


Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1997-2005)

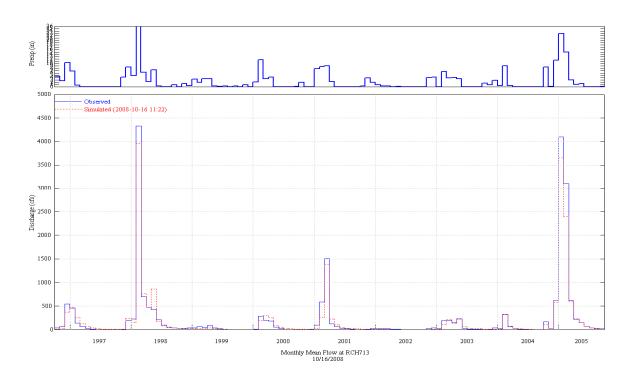


Figure 5 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Fillmore (WY 1997-2005)

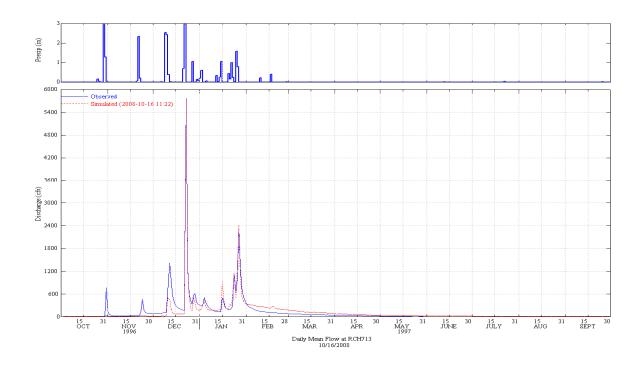


Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1997)

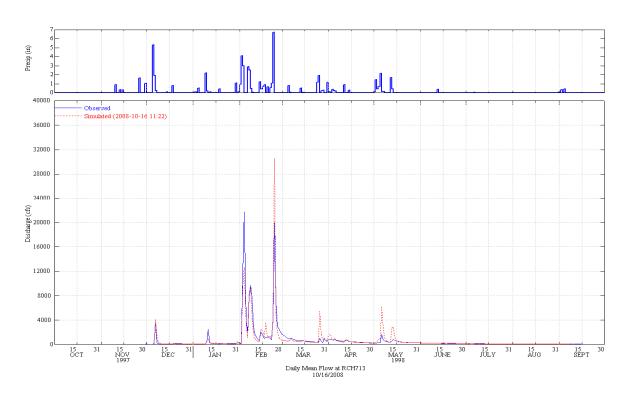


Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1998)

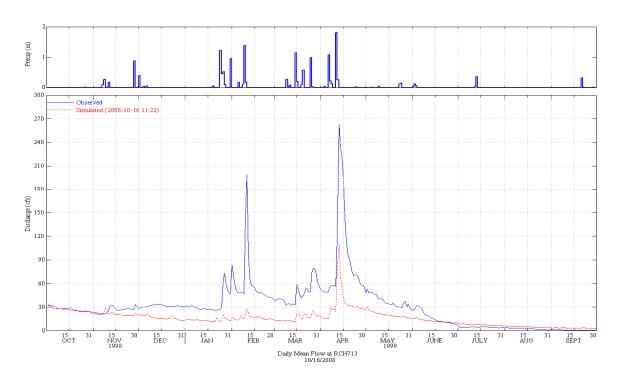


Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1999)

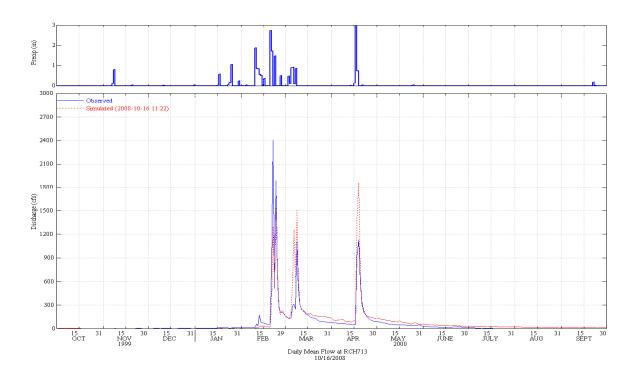


Figure 9 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2000)

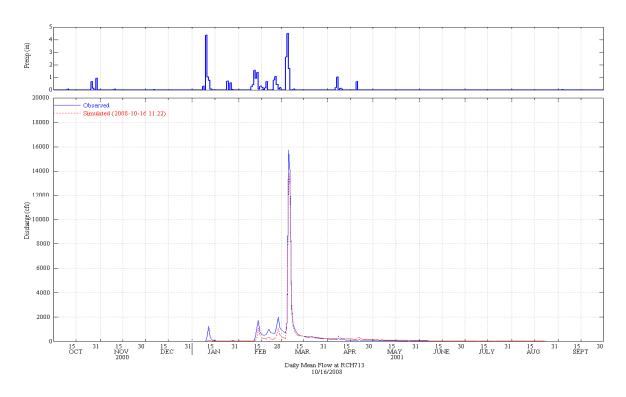


Figure 10 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2001)

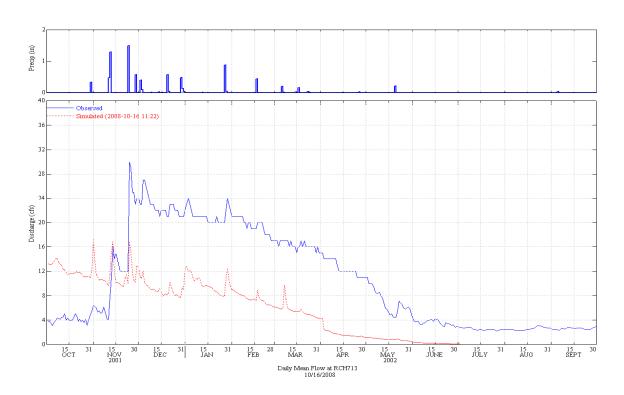


Figure 11 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2002)

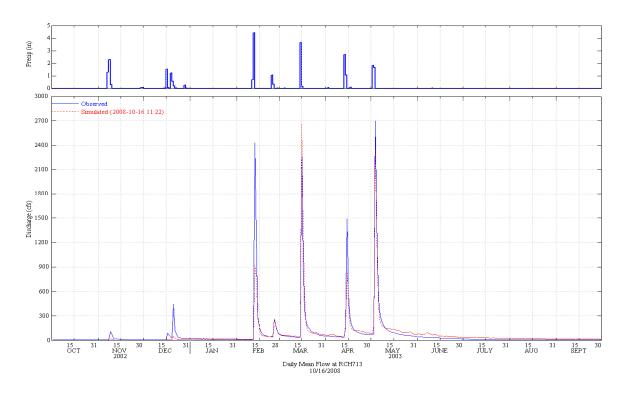


Figure 12 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2003)

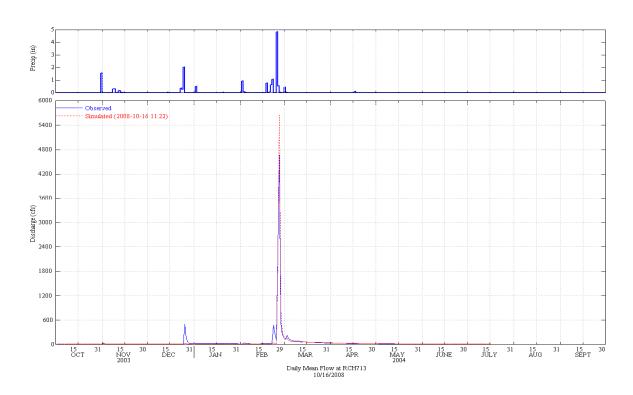


Figure 13 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2004)

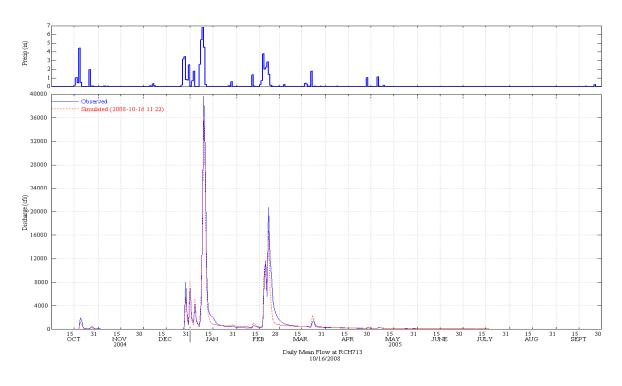


Figure 14 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 2005)

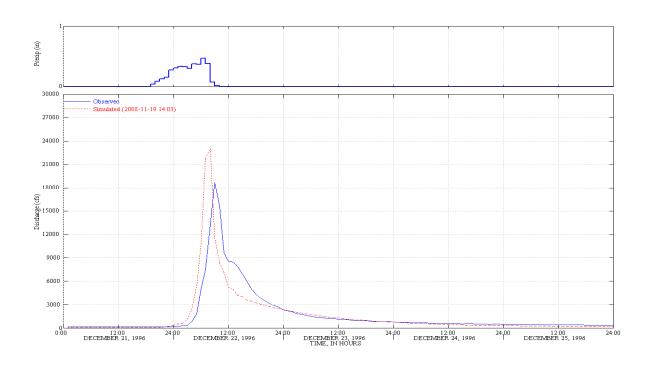


Figure 15 Simulated and Observed December 22, 1996 Storm Event

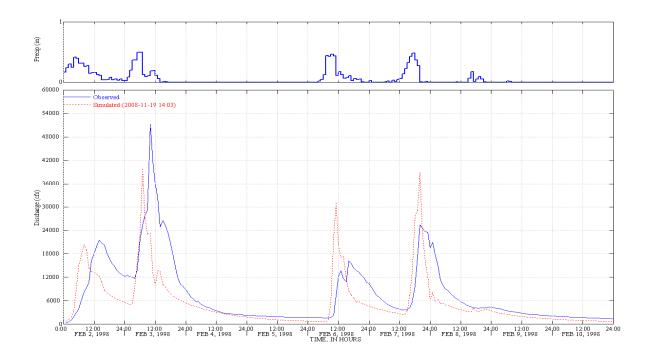


Figure 16 Simulated and Observed February 2-8, 1998 Storm Event

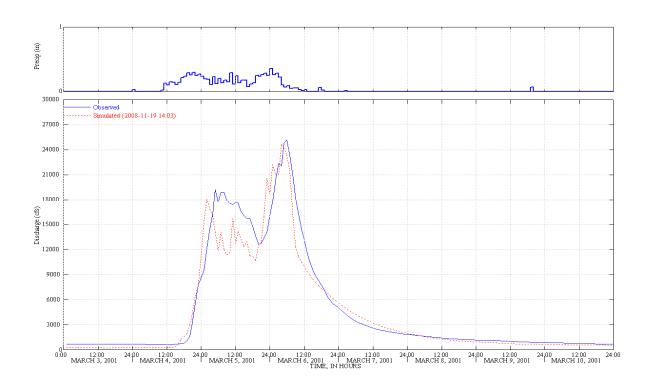


Figure 17 Simulated and Observed March 4-7, 2001 Storm Event

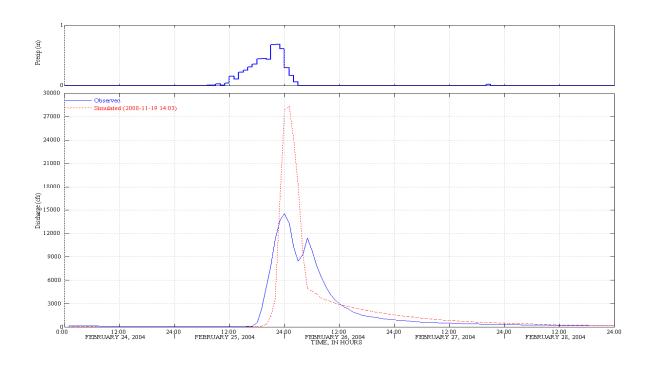


Figure 18 Simulated and Observed February 25-26, 2004 Storm Event



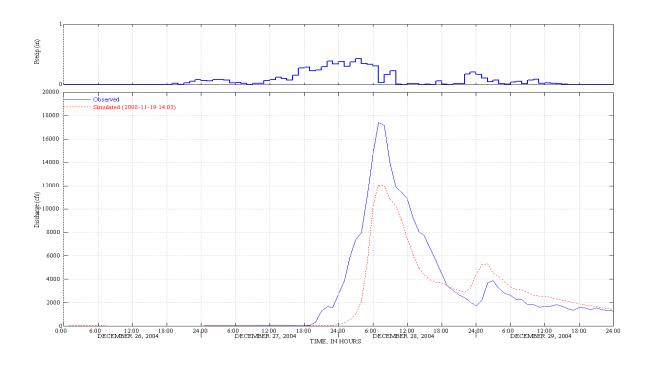


Figure 19 Simulated and Observed December 27-29, 2004 Storm Event

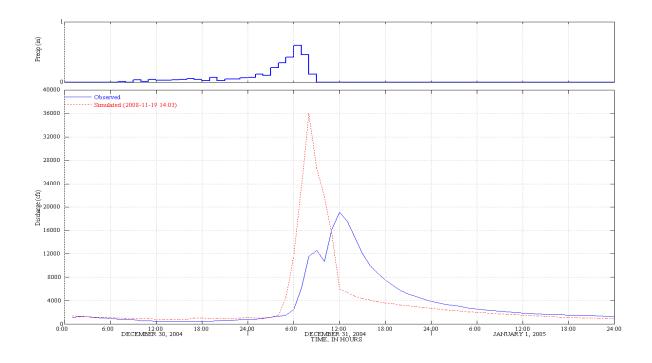


Figure 20 Simulated and Observed December 31, 2004 Storm Event

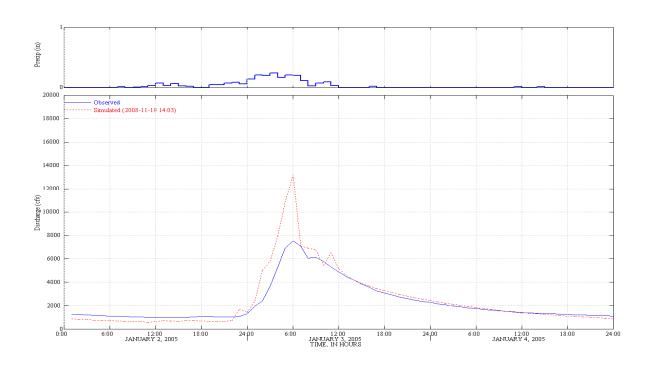


Figure 21 Simulated and Observed January 3, 2005 Storm Event

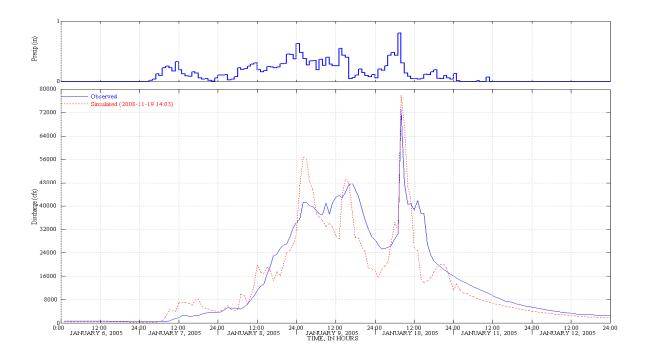


Figure 22 Simulated and Observed January 8-10, 2005 Storm Event

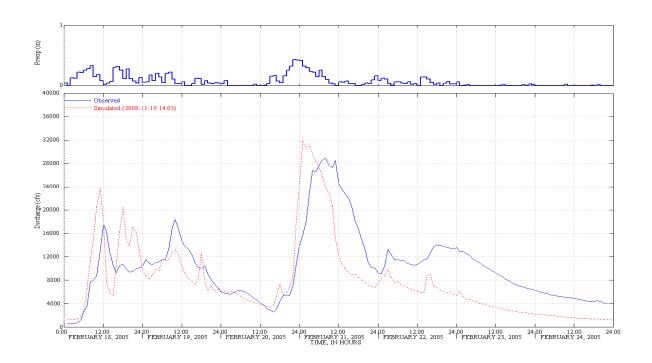


Figure 23 Simulated and Observed February 18-24, 2005 Storm Event

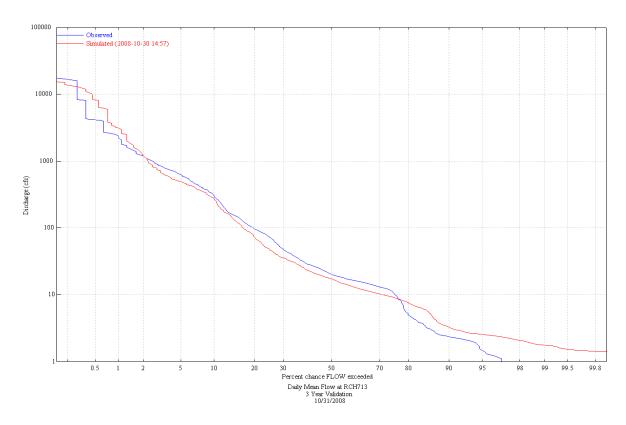


Figure 24 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Fillmore

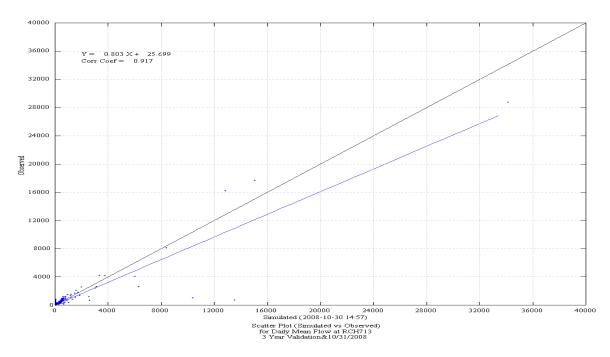


Figure 25 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Fillmore

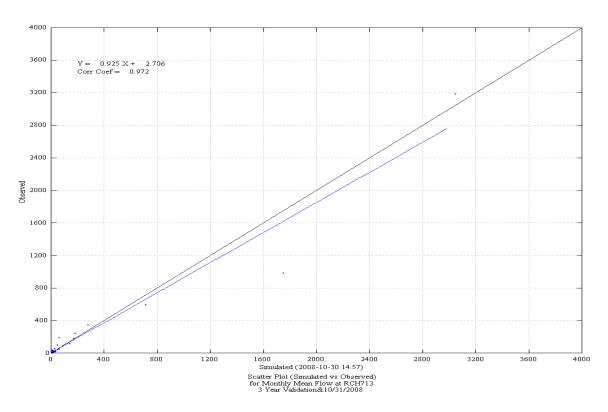


Figure 26 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Fillmore

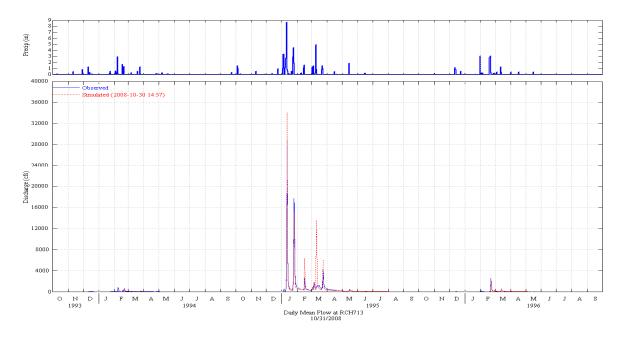


Figure 27 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1994-1996)

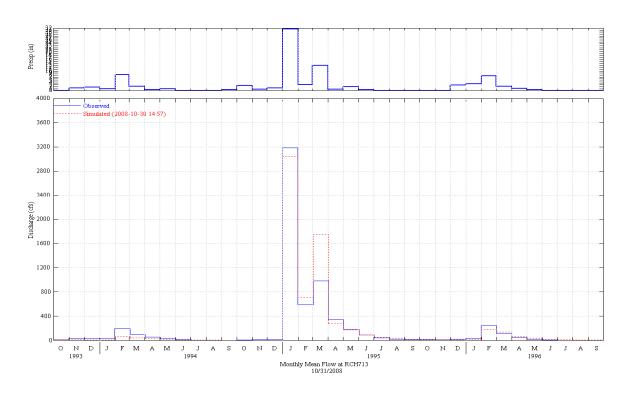


Figure 28 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Fillmore (WY 1994-1996)

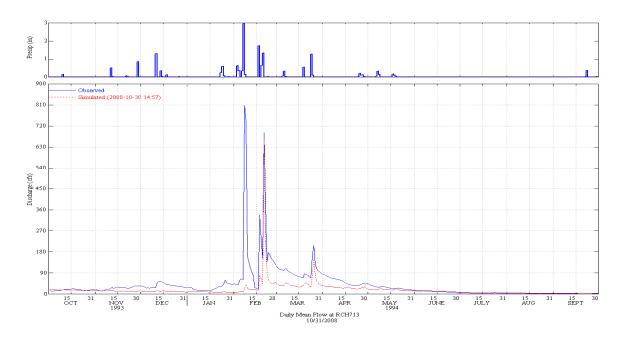


Figure 29 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1994)

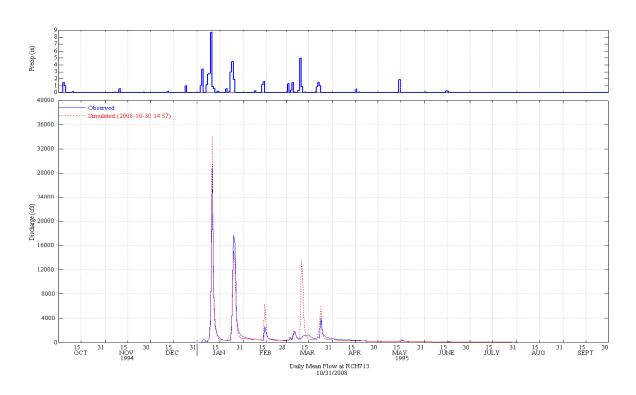


Figure 30 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1995)

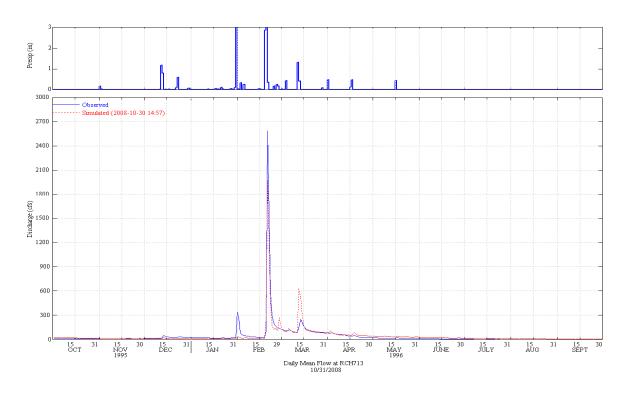


Figure 31 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fillmore (WY 1996)



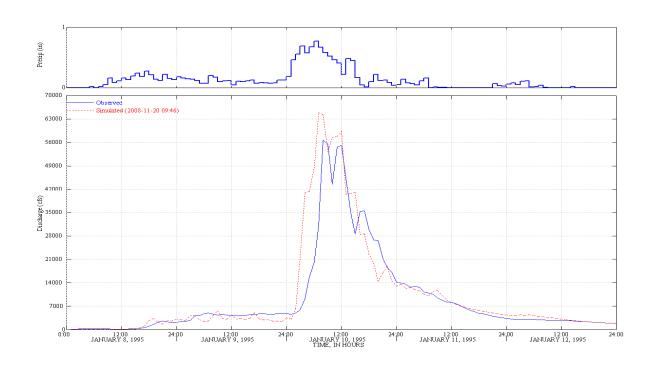


Figure 32 Simulated and Observed January 8-12, 1995 Storm Event

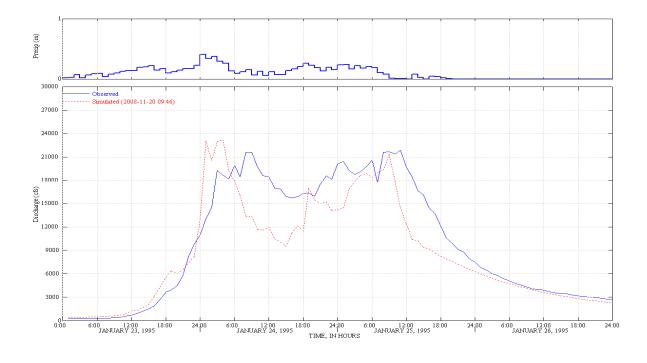


Figure 33 Simulated and Observed January 23-26, 1995 Storm Event



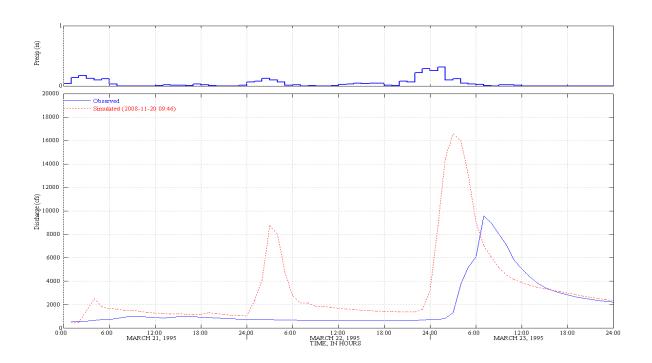


Figure 34 Simulated and Observed March 21-23, 1995 Storm Event



APPENDIX B

HYDROLOGY CALIBRATION / VALIDATION RESULTS FOR THE SESPE CREEK WATERSHED AT WHEELER SPRINGS

Title		Page
CALIBRAT	TION	
Figure 1	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Wheeler Springs	B-2
Figure 2	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Wheeler Springs	
Figure 3	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Wheeler Springs	
Figure 4	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY2002 -2005)	
Figure 5	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 2002-2005)	
Figure 6	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 2003)	
Figure 7	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 2004)	
Figure 8	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 2005)	
Figure 9	Simulated and Observed May 2-3, 2003 Storm Event	
Figure 10	Simulated and Observed February 25-26, 2004 Storm Event	
Figure 11	Simulated and Observed December 27-31, 2004 Storm Event	
Figure 12	Simulated and Observed January 6-12, 2005 Storm Event	
Figure 13	Simulated and Observed February 16-25, 2005 Storm Event	. B-8
\/ALIDATI	ONI	
VALIDATION Figure 14	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Wheeler Springs	RΩ
Figure 14	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Wheeler Springs	
Figure 16	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Wheeler Springs	
Figure 17	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1987-1996) I	
Figure 18	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1987-1996)	
Figure 19	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1987)	
Figure 20	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1988) I	
Figure 21	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1999) I	
Figure 22	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1990) I	
Figure 23	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1991) I	B-13
Figure 24	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1992)I	B-14
Figure 25	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1993) I	B-14
Figure 26	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1994)	B-15
Figure 27	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1995)	B-15
Figure 28	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1996) I	
Figure 29	Simulated and Observed March 17-19, 1991 Storm Event	
Figure 30	Simulated and Observed February 7-10, 1993 Storm Event	
Figure 31	Simulated and Observed March 26-26, 1993 Storm Event	
Figure 32	Simulated and Observed January 8-11, 1995 Storm Event	
Figure 33	Simulated and Observed March 10-11, 1995 Storm Event I	B-18

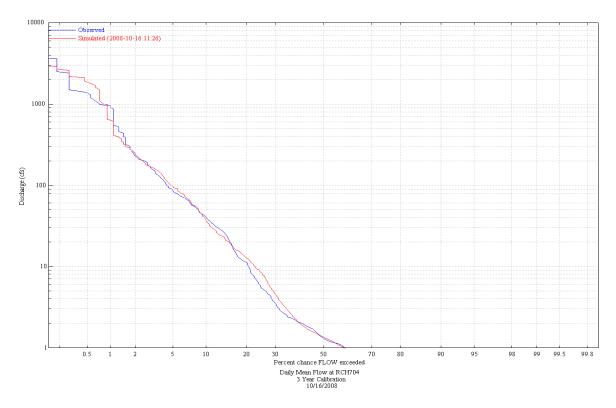


Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Wheeler Springs

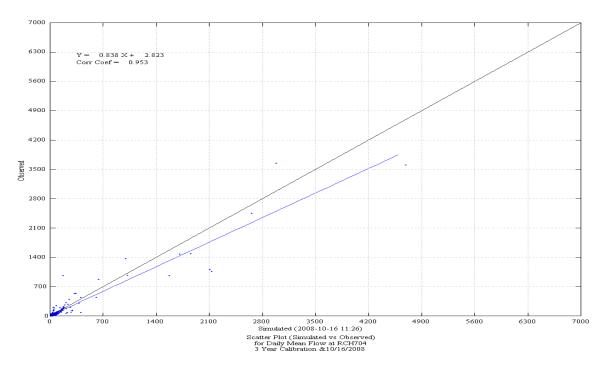


Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Wheeler Springs

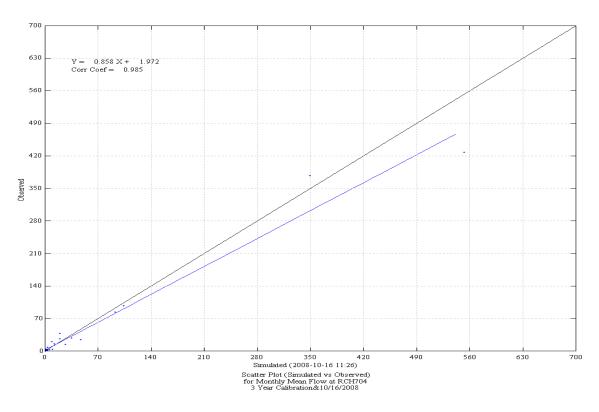


Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Wheeler Springs

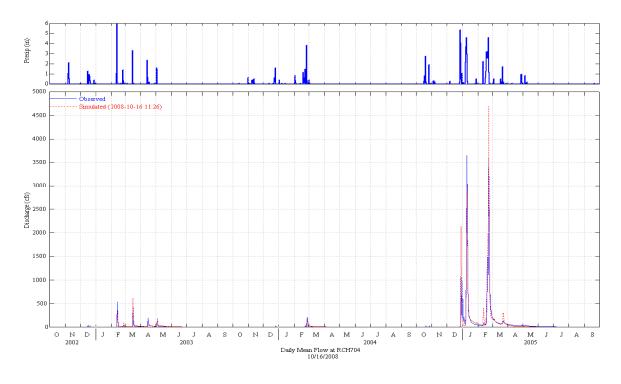


Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 2003-2005)

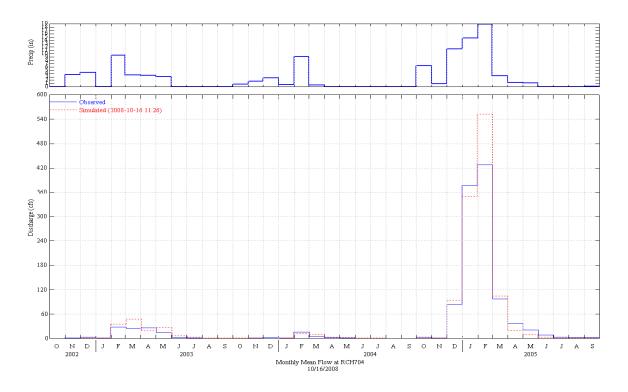


Figure 5 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 2003-2005)

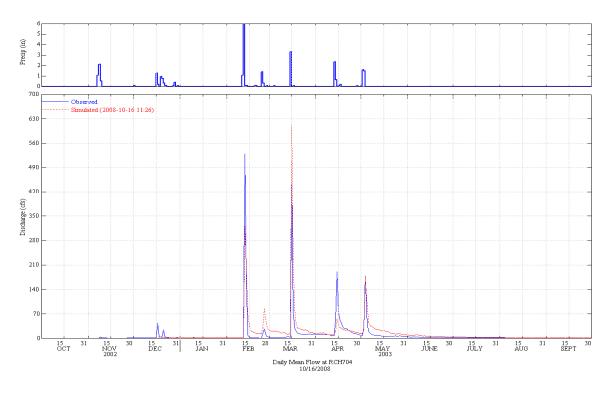


Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 2003)



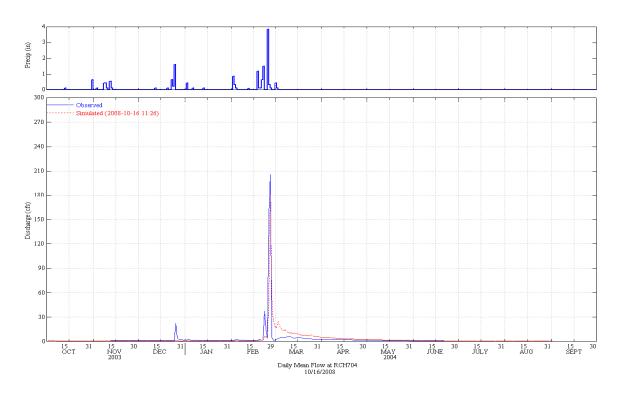


Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 2004)

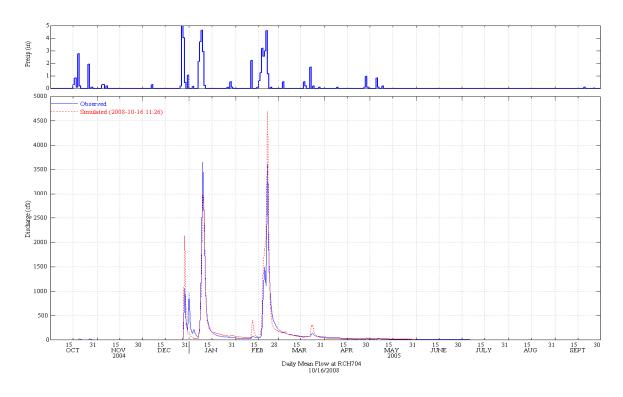


Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 2005)

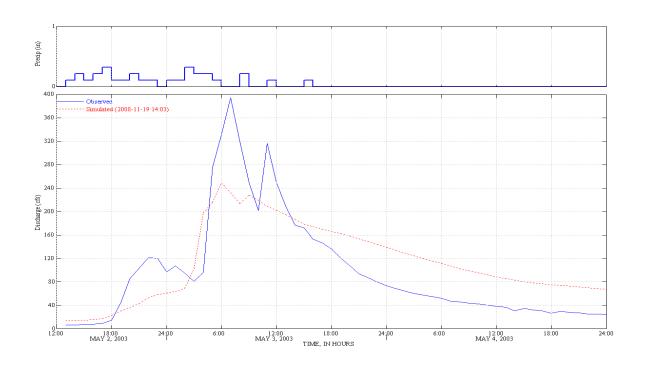


Figure 9 Simulated and Observed May 2-3, 2003 Storm Event

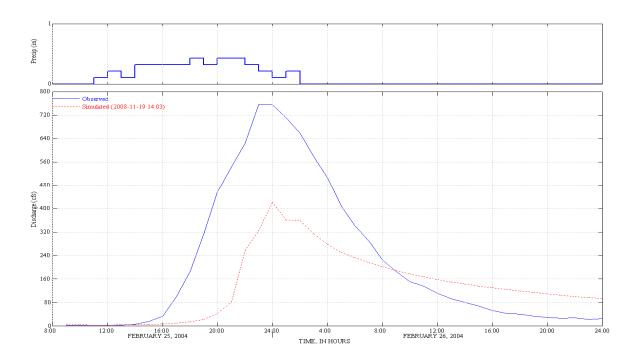


Figure 10 Simulated and Observed February 25-26, 2004 Storm Event

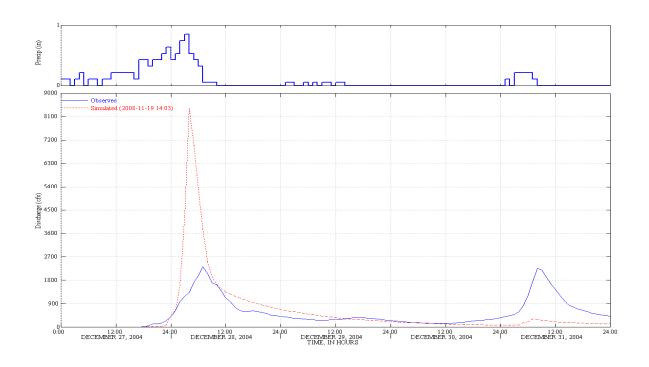


Figure 11 Simulated and Observed December 27-31, 2004 Storm Event

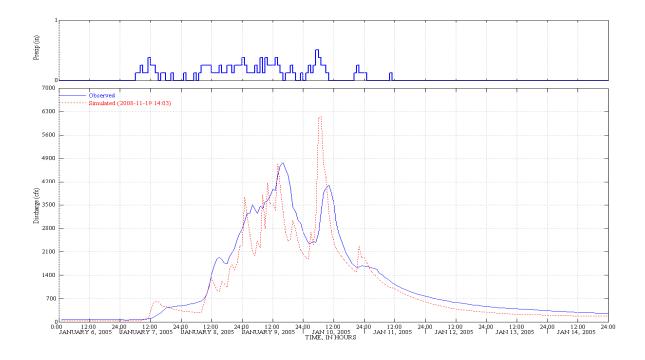


Figure 12 Simulated and Observed January 6-12, 2005 Storm Event

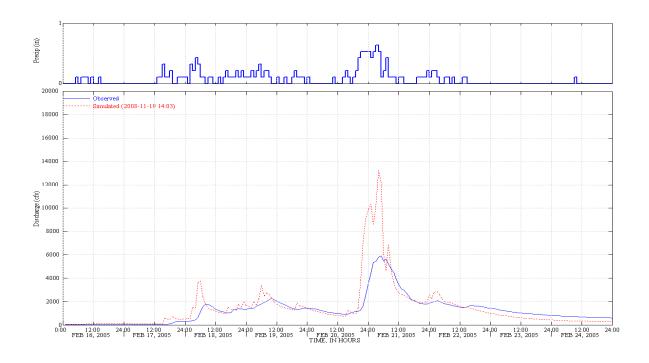


Figure 13 Simulated and Observed February 16-25, 2005 Storm Event

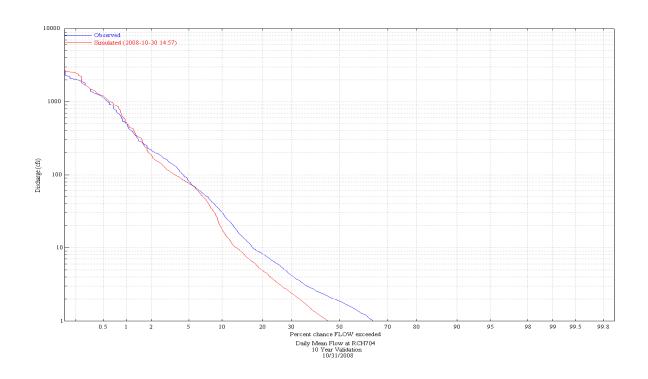


Figure 14 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Wheeler Springs

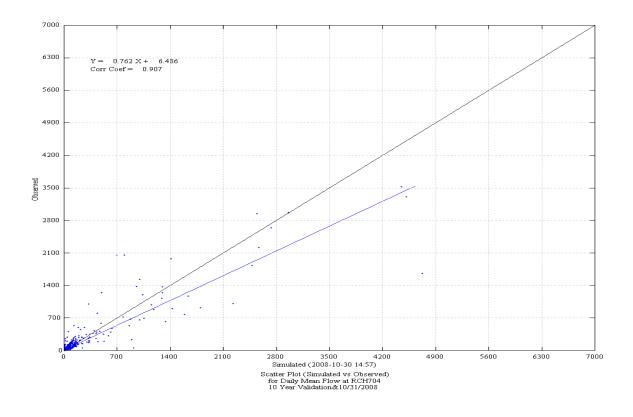


Figure 15 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Wheeler Springs



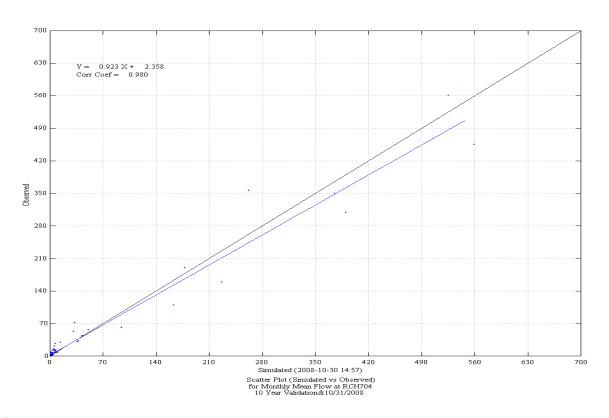


Figure 16 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Wheeler Springs

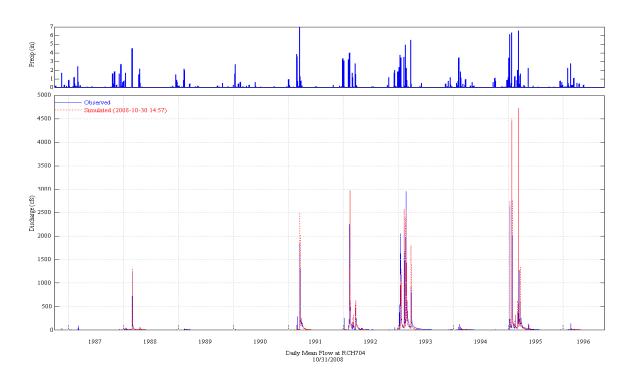


Figure 17 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1987-1996)



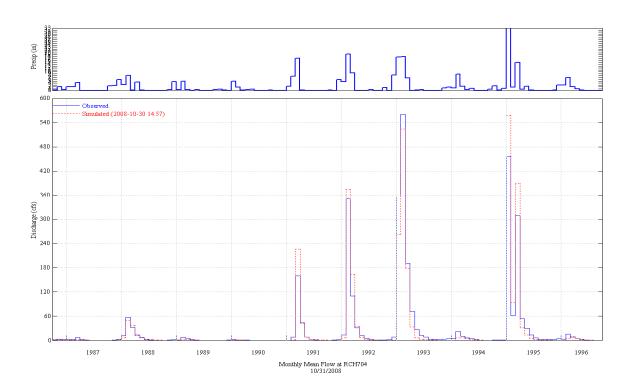


Figure 18 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1987-1996)

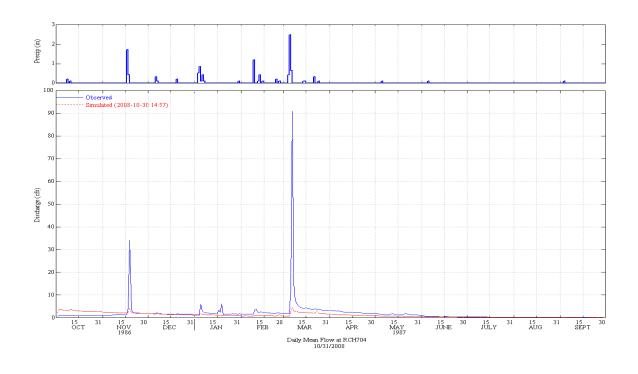


Figure 19 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1987)

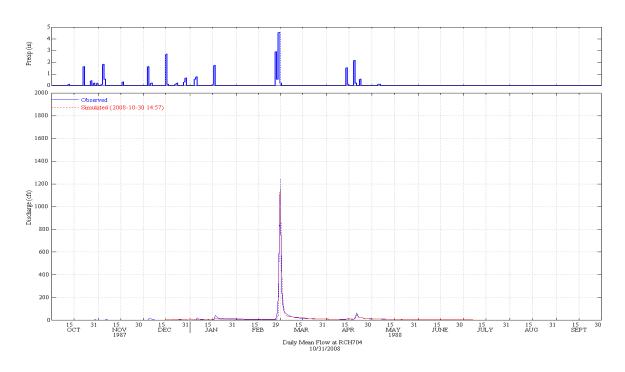


Figure 20 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1988)

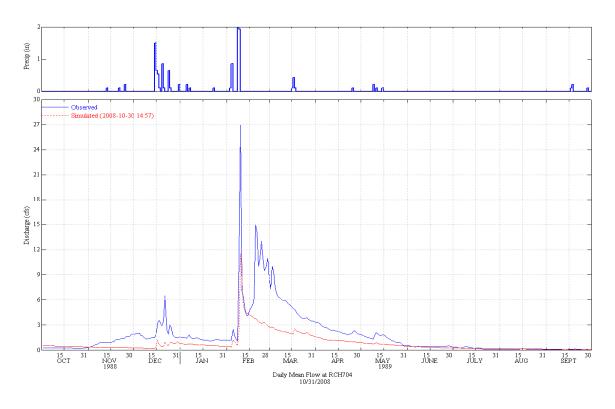


Figure 21 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1989)



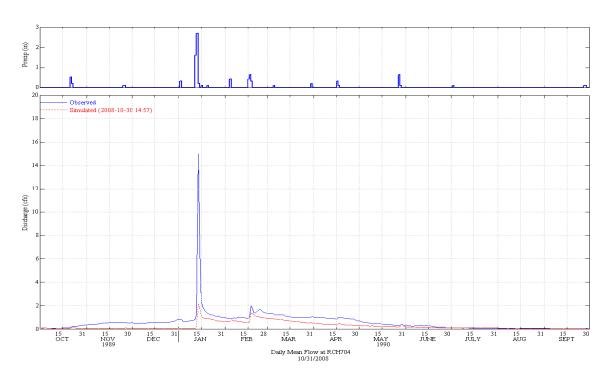


Figure 22 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1990)

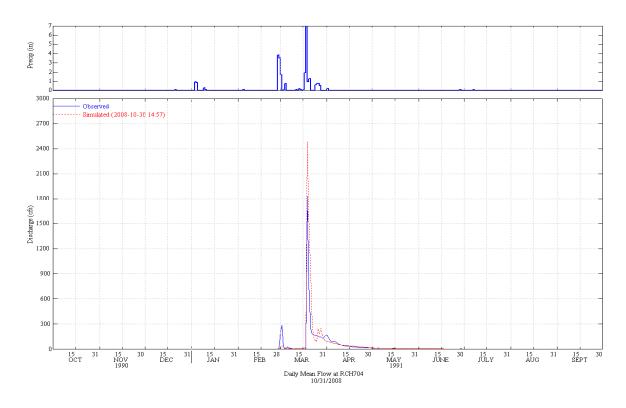


Figure 23 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1991)

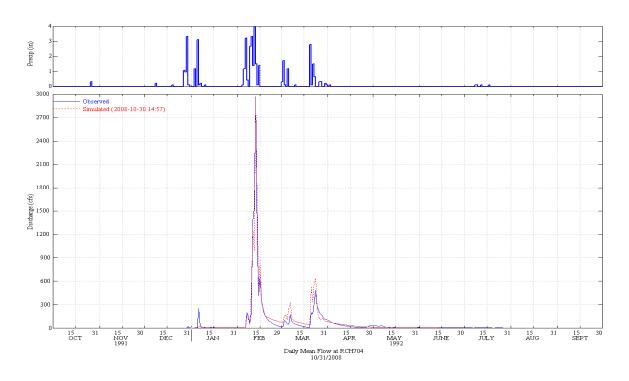


Figure 24 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1992)

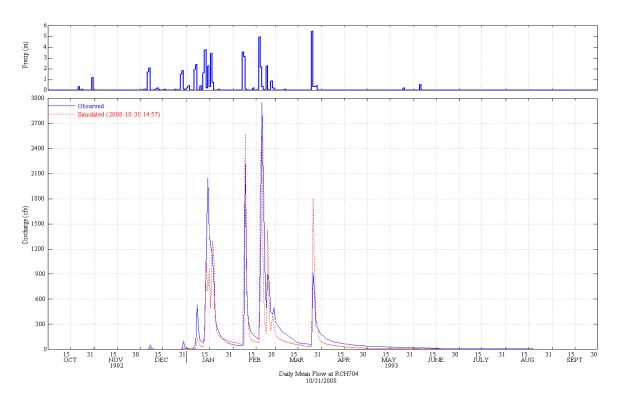


Figure 25 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1993)

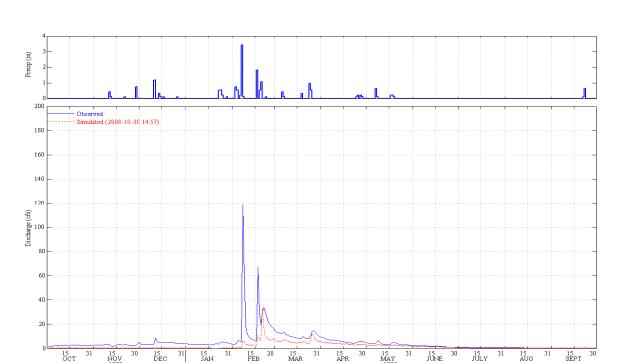


Figure 26 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1994)

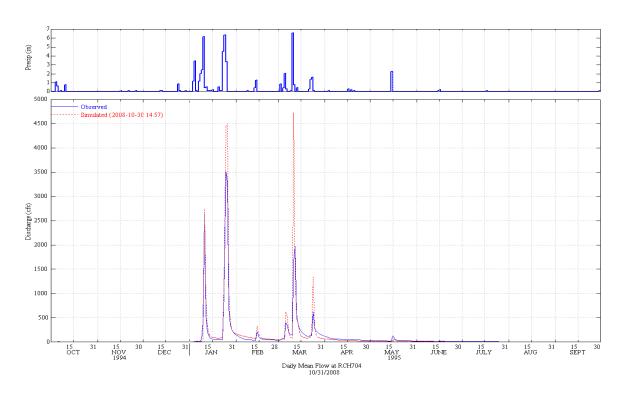


Figure 27 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1995)

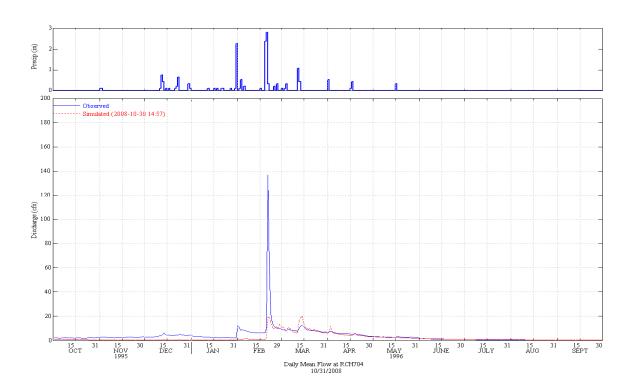


Figure 28 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Wheeler Springs (WY 1996)

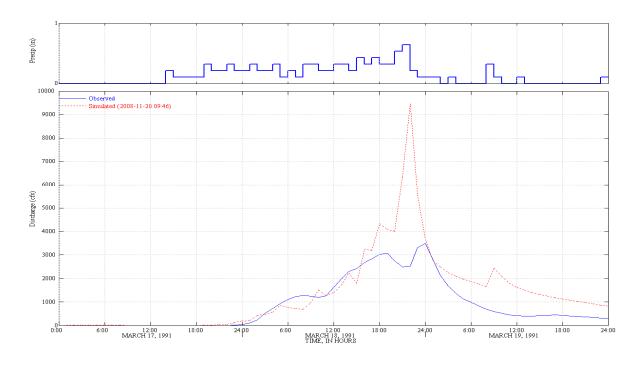


Figure 29 Simulated and Observed March 17-19, 1991 Storm Event

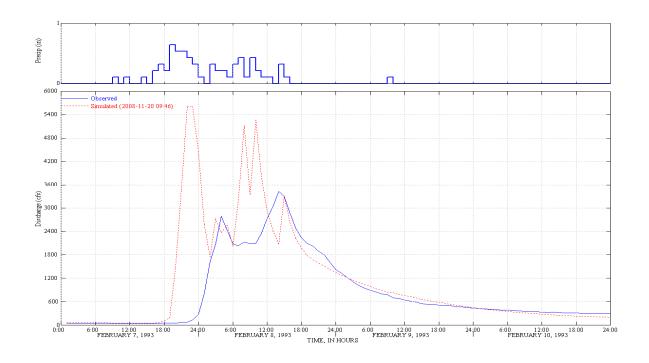


Figure 30 Simulated and Observed February 7-10, 1993 Storm Event

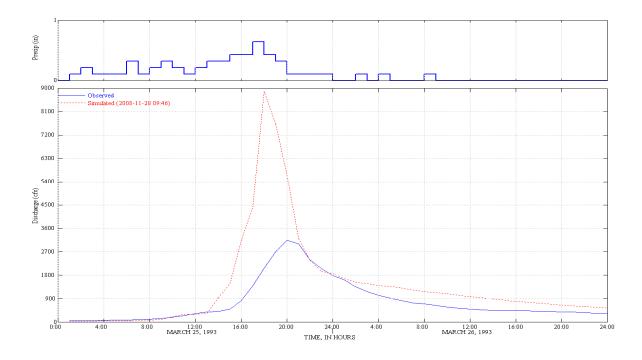


Figure 31 Simulated and Observed March 25-26, 1993 Storm Event

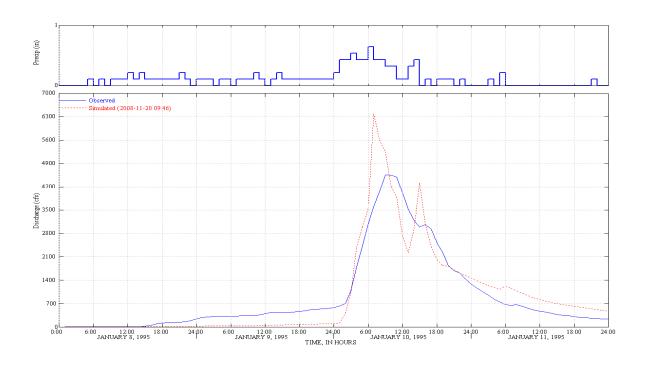


Figure 32 Simulated and Observed January 8-11, 1995 Storm Event

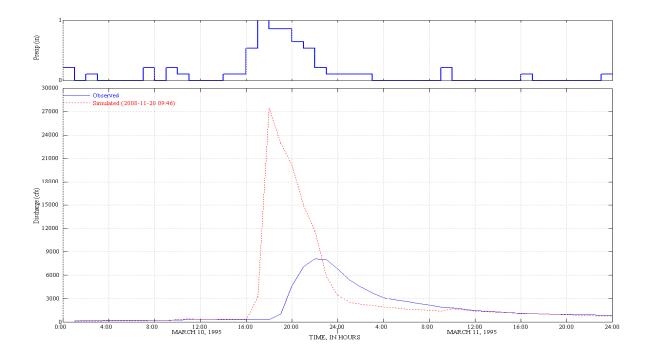


Figure 33 Simulated and Observed March 10-11, 1995 Storm Event



APPENDIX C

HYDROLOGY CALIBRATION / VALIDATION RESULTS FOR THE POLE CREEK WATERSHED

Title		Page
CALIBRAT	TION	
Figure 1	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Pole	C-2
Figure 2	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Pole	
Figure 3	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Pole	
Figure 4	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1997-2005)	
Figure 5	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Pole (WY 1997-2005)	
Figure 6	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1997)	
Figure 7	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1998)	
Figure 8	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1999)	C-5
Figure 9	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2000)	C-6
Figure 10	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2001)	
Figure 11	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2002)	
Figure 12	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2003)	
Figure 13	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2004)	
Figure 14	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2005)	
Figure 15	Simulated and Observed February 5, 1998 Storm Event	
Figure 16	Simulated and Observed February 21, 1998 Storm Event	
Figure 17	Simulated and Observed December 31, 2004 Storm Event	
Figure 18	Simulated and Observed January 8, 2005 Storm Event	
Figure 19	Simulated and Observed February 17, 2005 Storm Event	C-11
VALIDATIO		2.42
Figure 20	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Pole	
Figure 21	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Pole	
Figure 22	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Pole	
Figure 23	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1987-1996)	
Figure 24	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Pole (WY 1987-1996)	
Figure 25	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1987)	
Figure 26	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1989)	
Figure 27 Figure 28	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1969)	
Figure 29	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1991)	
Figure 30	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1991)	
Figure 31	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fole (WY 1993)	
Figure 32	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fole (WY 1994)	
Figure 33	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fole (WY 1994)	
Figure 34	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Fole (WY 1996)	
Figure 35	Simulated and Observed February 10, 1992 Storm Event	
Figure 36	Simulated and Observed January 12, 1993 Storm Event	
Figure 37	Simulated and Observed March 5, 1995 Storm Event	
9	Time and obootion indicates of 1000 otolin Evolutioning	

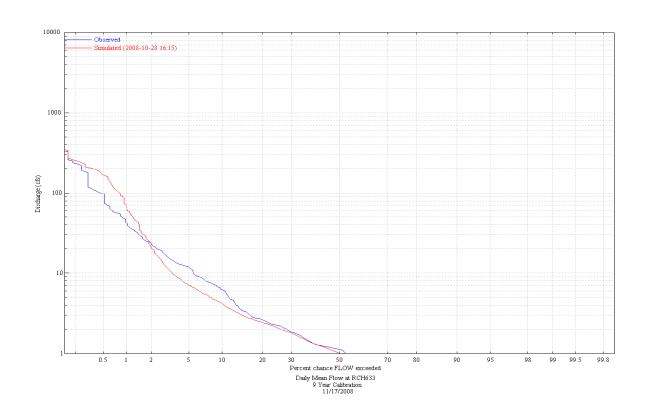


Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Pole

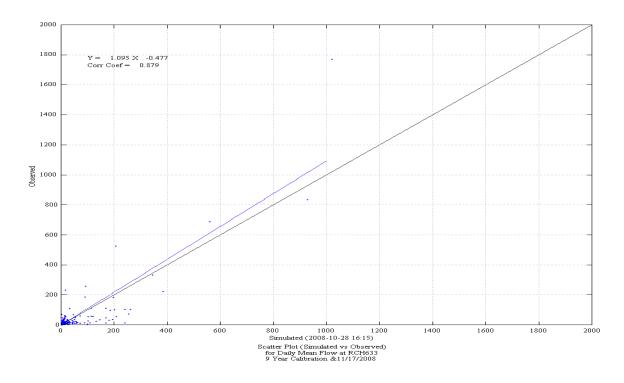


Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Pole



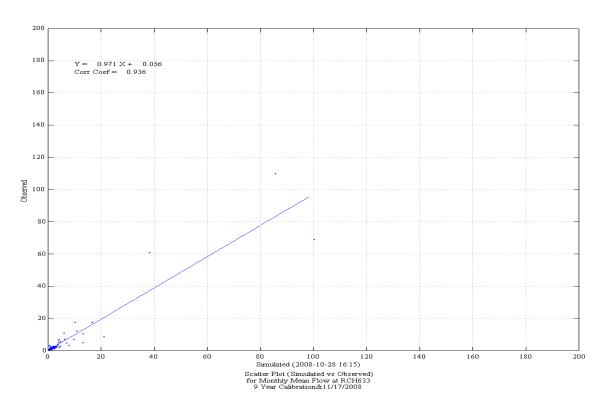


Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Pole

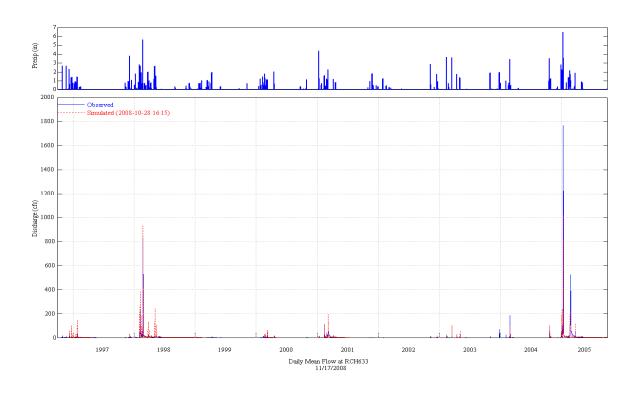


Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1997-2005)

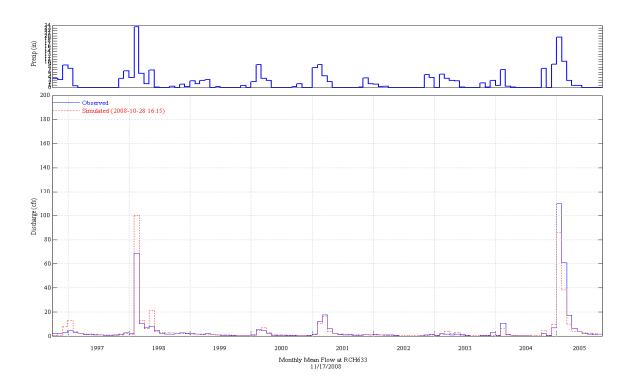


Figure 5 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Pole (WY 1997-2005)

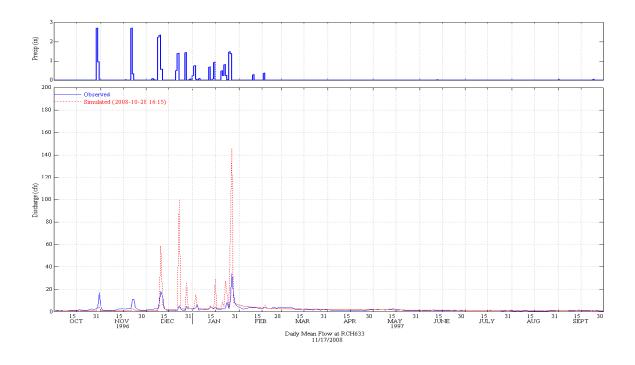


Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1997)

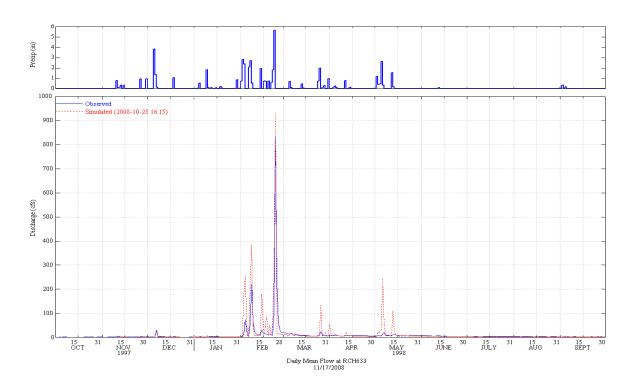


Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1998)

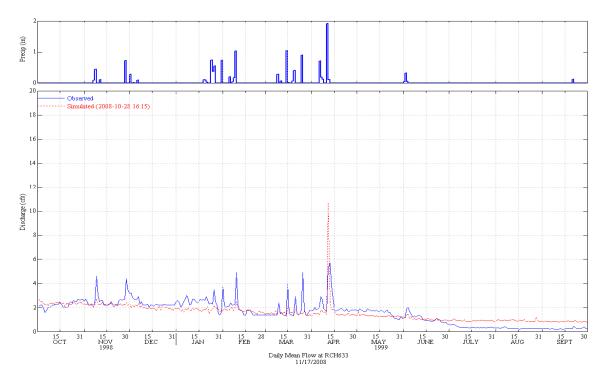


Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1999)



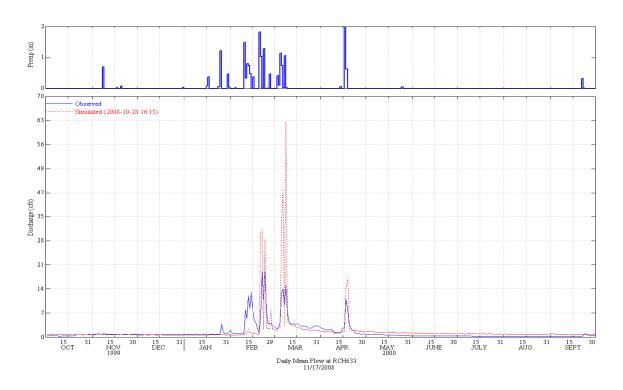


Figure 9 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2000)

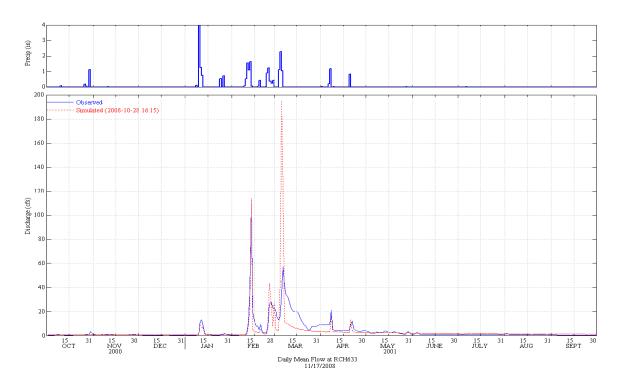


Figure 10 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2001)

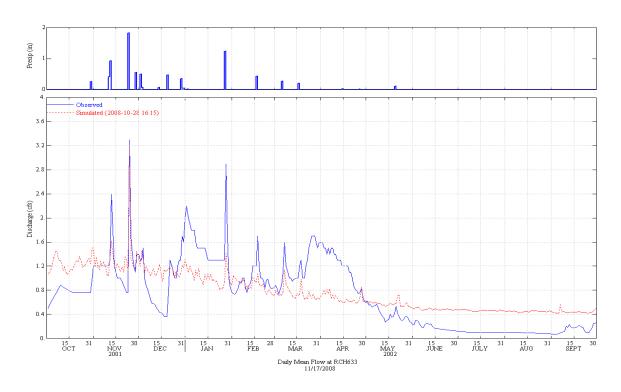


Figure 11 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2002)

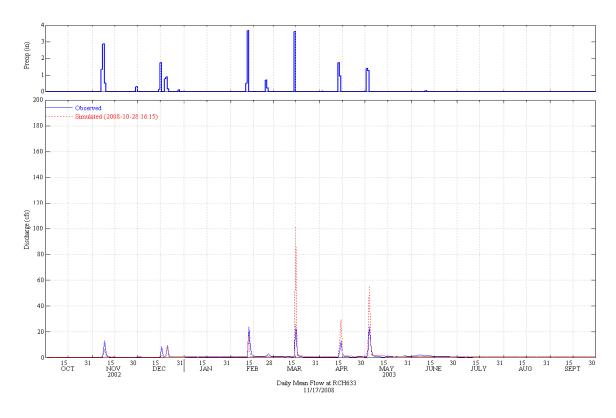


Figure 12 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2003)

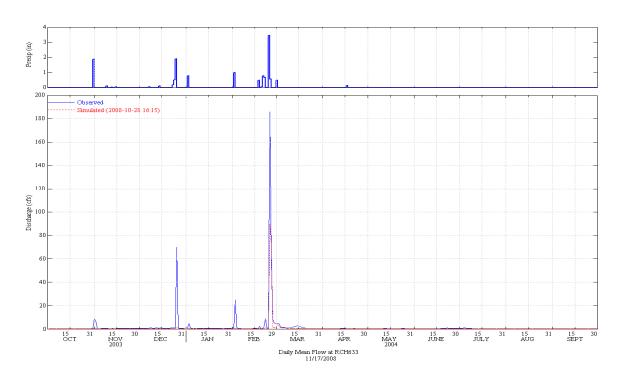


Figure 13 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2004)

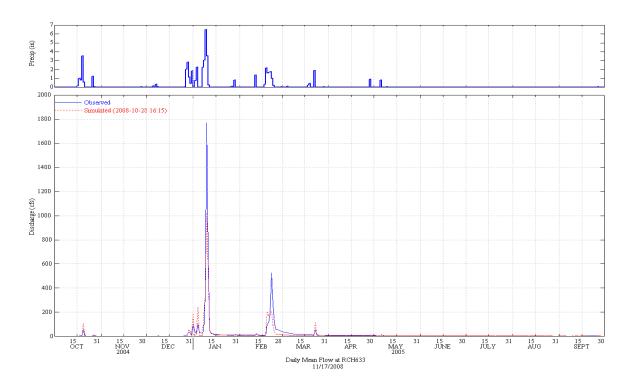


Figure 14 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 2005)

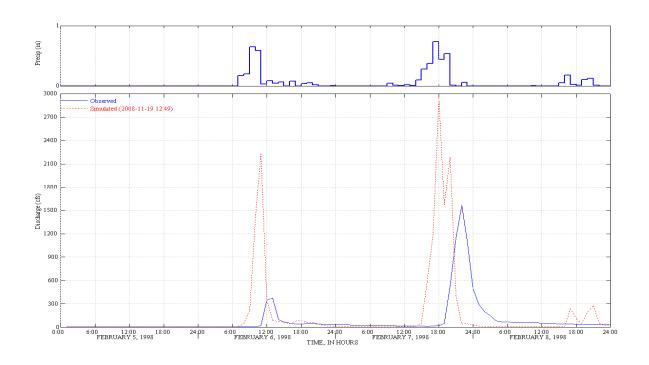


Figure 15 Simulated and Observed February 5, 1998 Storm Event

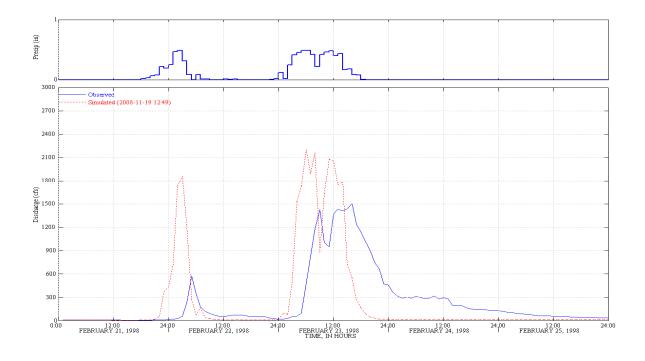


Figure 16 Simulated and Observed February 21, 1998 Storm Event

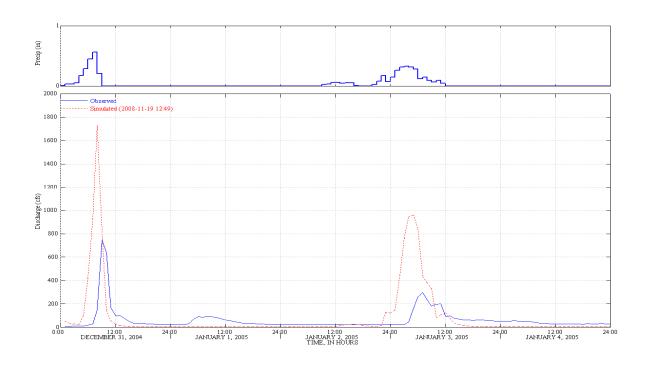


Figure 17 Simulated and Observed December 31, 2004 Storm Event

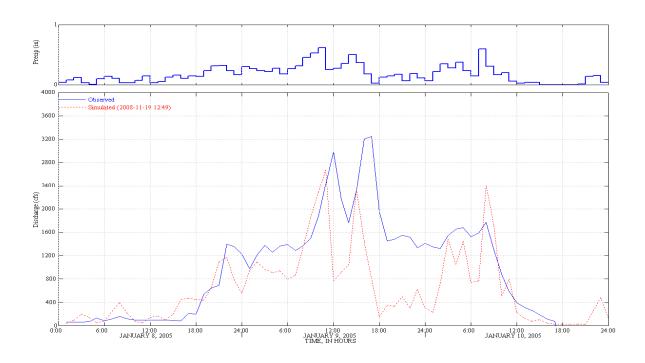


Figure 18 Simulated and Observed January 8, 2005 Storm Event

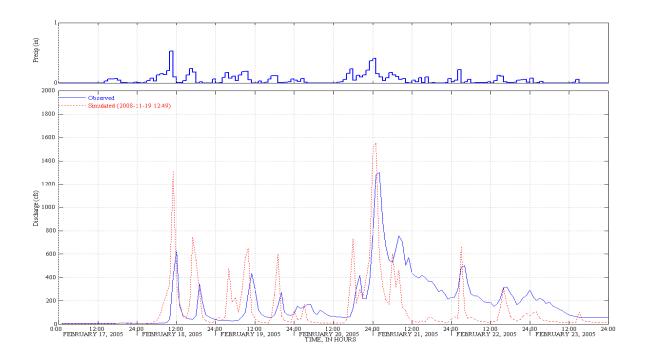


Figure 19 Simulated and Observed February 17, 2005 Storm Event

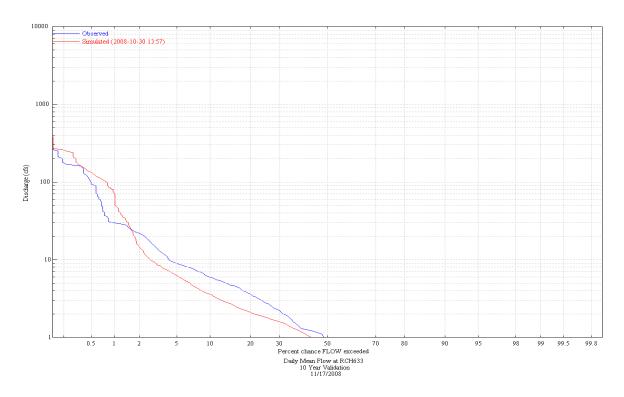


Figure 20 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Pole

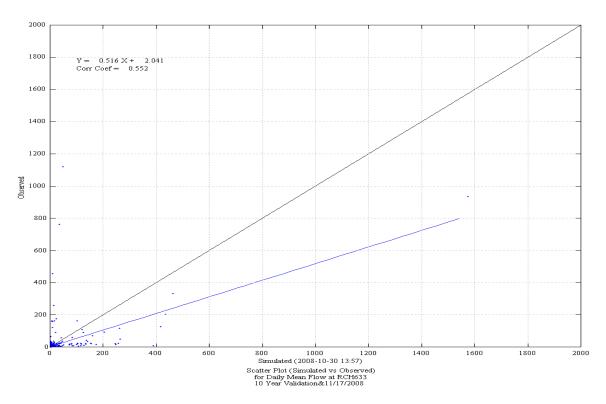


Figure 21 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Pole



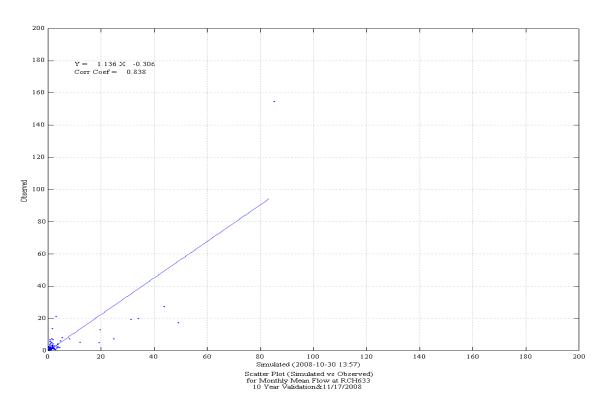


Figure 22 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Pole

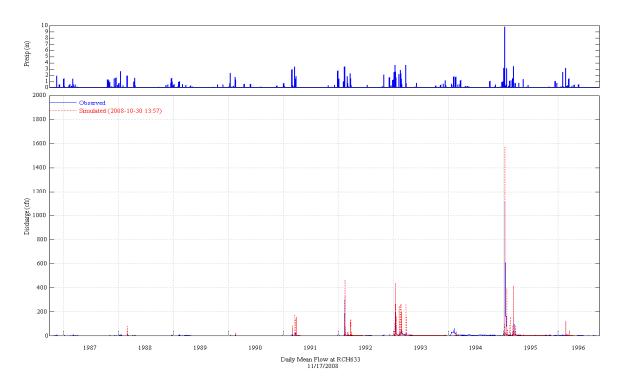


Figure 23 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1987-1996)

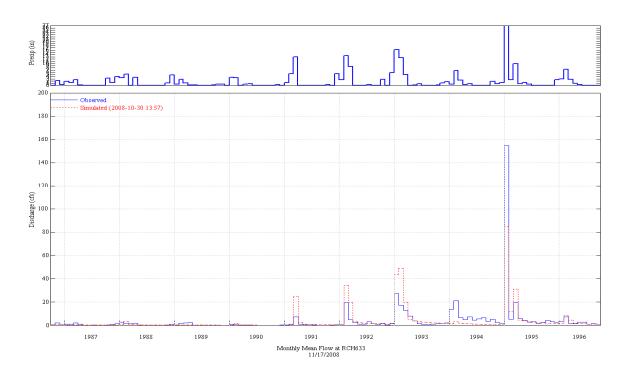


Figure 24 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Pole (WY 1987-1996)

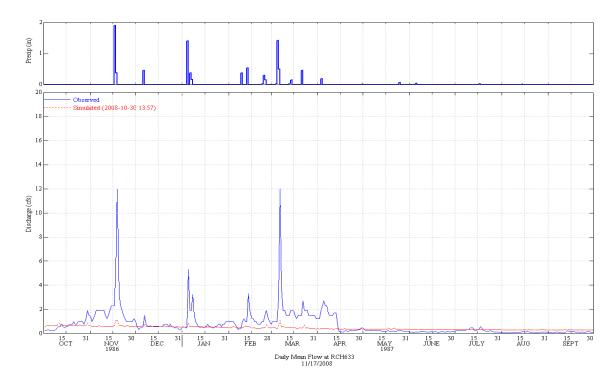


Figure 25 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1987)

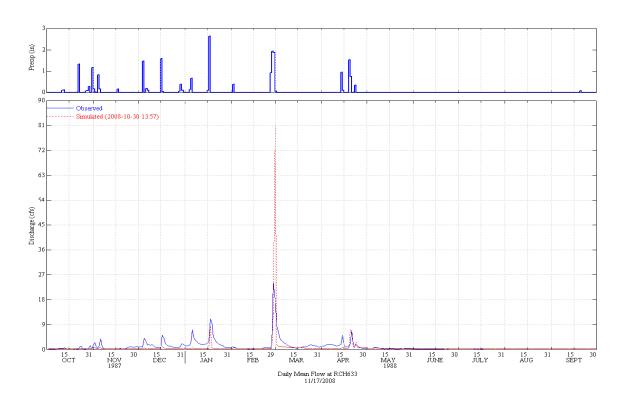


Figure 26 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1988)

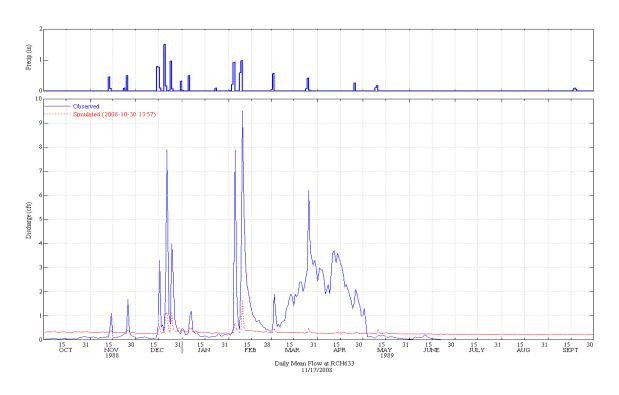


Figure 27 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1989)



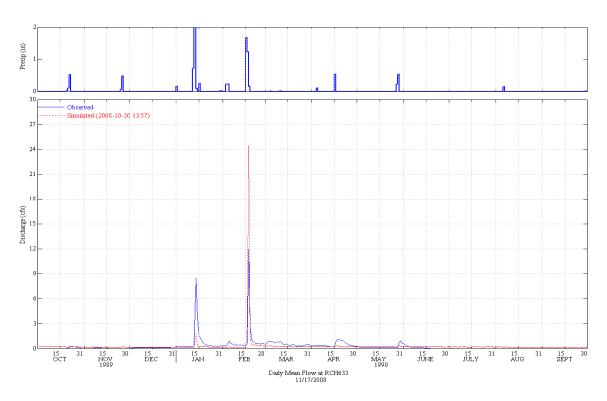


Figure 28 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1990)

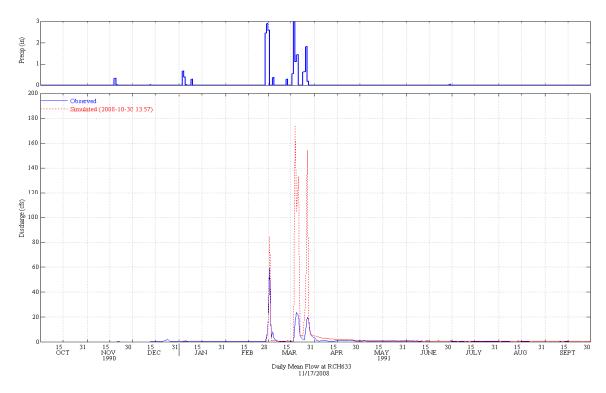


Figure 29 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1991)

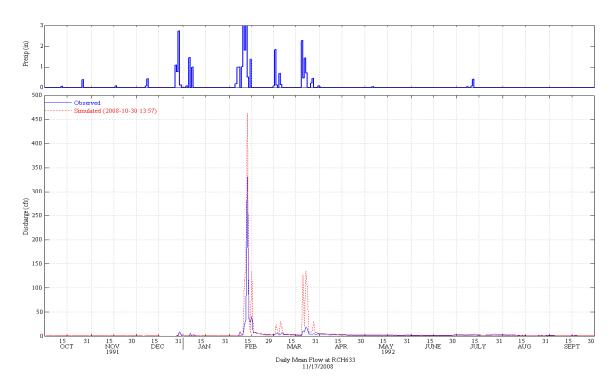


Figure 30 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1992)

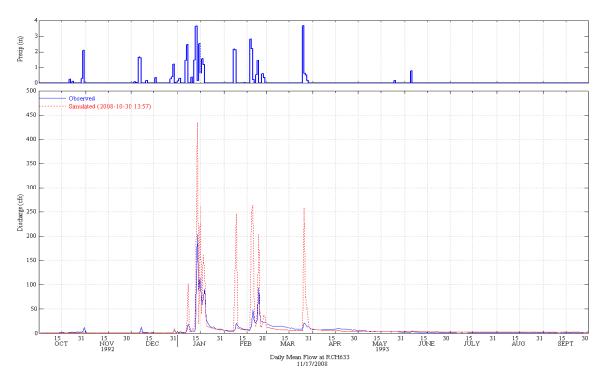


Figure 31 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1993)

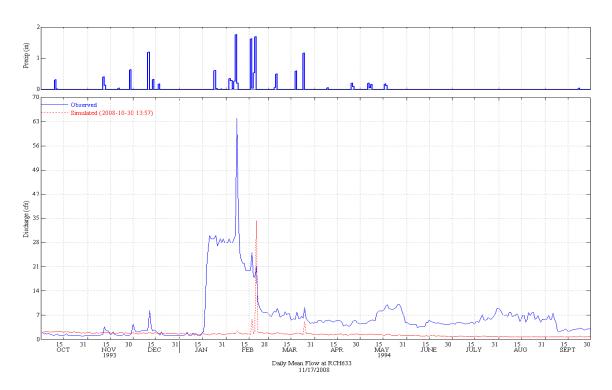


Figure 32 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1994)

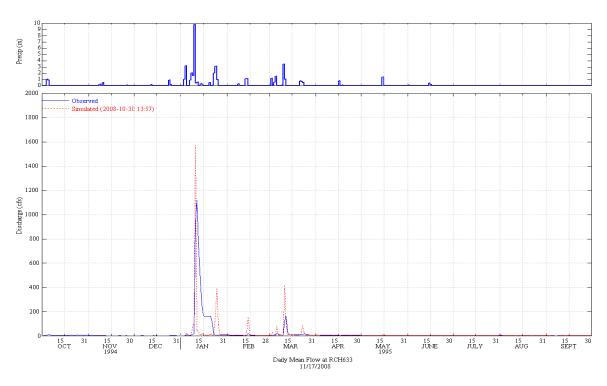


Figure 33 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1995)

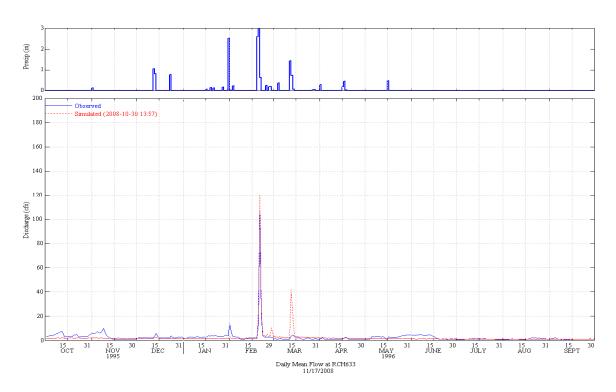


Figure 34 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Pole (WY 1996)

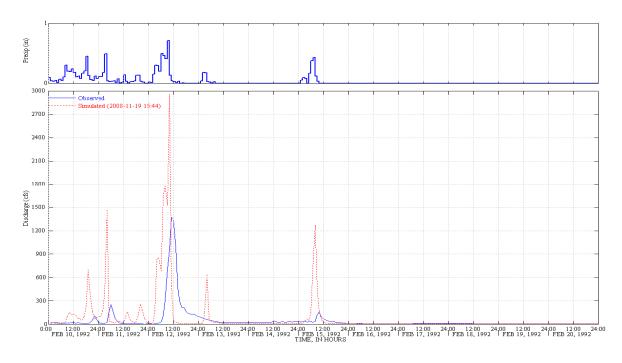


Figure 35 Simulated and Observed February 10, 1992 Storm Event

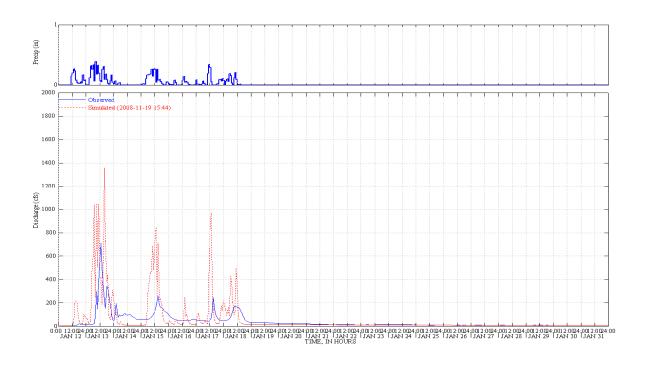


Figure 36 Simulated and Observed January 12, 1993 Storm Event

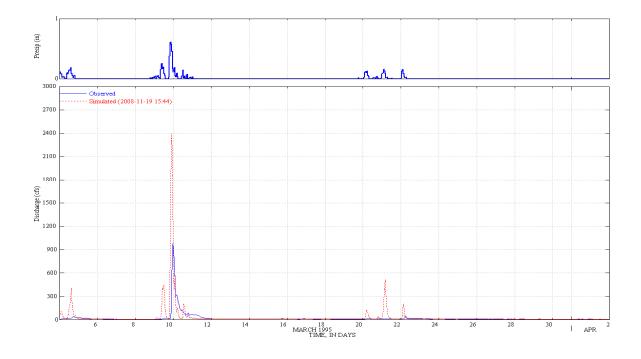


Figure 37 Simulated and Observed March 5, 1995 Storm Event



APPENDIX D

HYDROLOGY CALIBRATION / VALIDATION RESULTS FOR THE HOPPER CREEK WATERSHED

Title		Pag
CALIBRAT	TION	
Figure 1	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Hopper	D-2
Figure 2	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Hopper	
Figure 3	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Hopper	
Figure 4	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1997-2005)	
Figure 5	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Hopper (WY 1997-2005)	D-4
Figure 6	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1997)	D-4
Figure 7	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1998)	D-5
Figure 8	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1999)	D-5
Figure 9	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2000)	
Figure 10	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2001)	
Figure 11	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2002)	
Figure 12	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2003)	
Figure 13	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2004)	
Figure 14	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2005)	
Figure 15	Simulated and Observed February 22, 1998 Storm Event	
Figure 16	Simulated and Observed February 2, 1998 Storm Event	
Figure 17	Simulated and Observed February 6, 1998 Storm Event	
Figure 18	Simulated and Observed February 25, 2004 Storm Event	
Figure 19	Simulated and Observed January 7, 2005 Storm Event	D-11
VALIDATION 20		D 40
Figure 20	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Hopper	
Figure 21	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Hopper	
Figure 22 Figure 23	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Hopper Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1987-1996)	
Figure 24	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Hopper (WY 1987-1996)	
Figure 25	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Hopper (WY 1987-1990)	
Figure 26	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1987)	
Figure 27	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1989)	
Figure 28	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1990)	
Figure 29	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1991)	
Figure 30	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1992)	
Figure 31	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1993)	
Figure 32	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1994)	
Figure 33	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1995)	
Figure 34	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1996)	
Figure 35	Simulated and Observed March 18, 1991 Storm Event Event	
Figure 36	Simulated and Observed February 11, 1992 Storm Event	
Figure 37	Simulated and Observed January 6, 1993 Storm Event	
Figure 38	Simulated and Observed January 7, 1995 Storm Event	
Figure 39	Simulated and Observed February 20, 1996 Storm Event	D-21

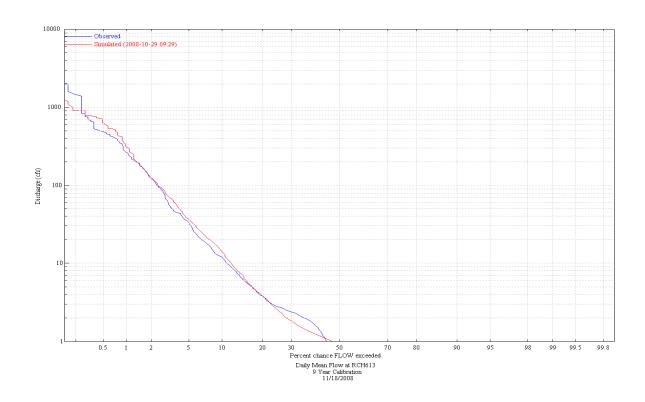


Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Hopper

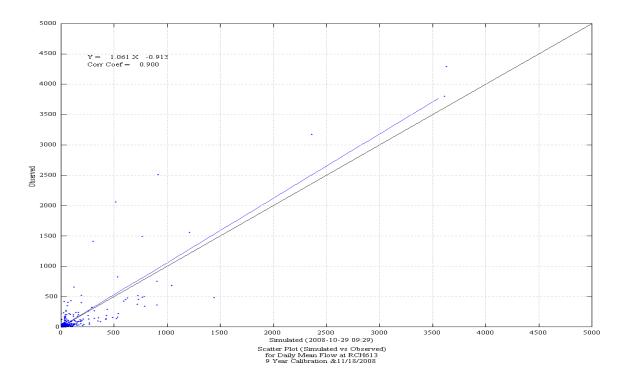


Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Hopper



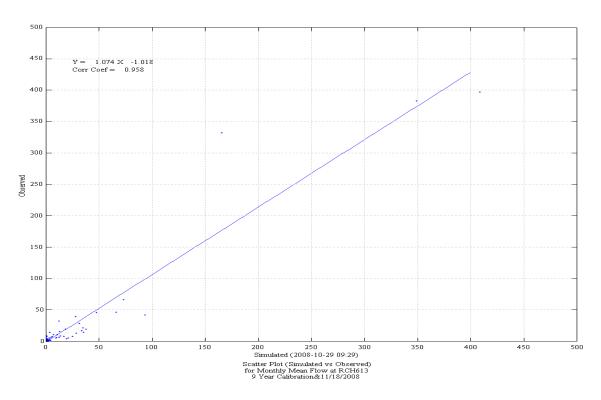


Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Hopper

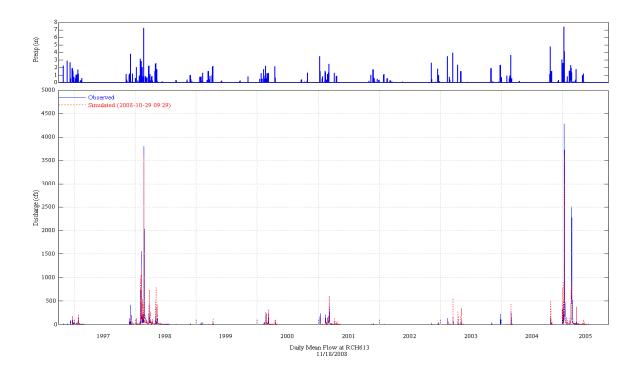


Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1997-2005)

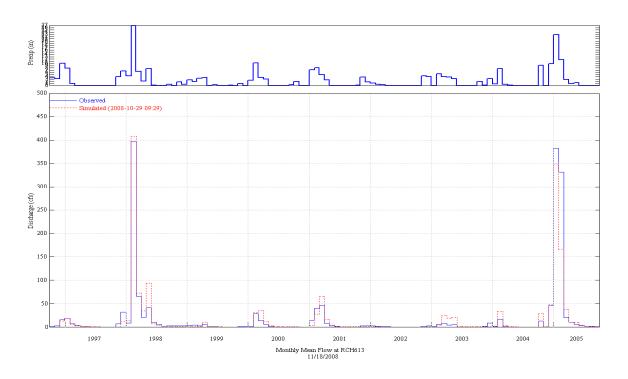


Figure 5 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Hopper (WY 1997-2005)

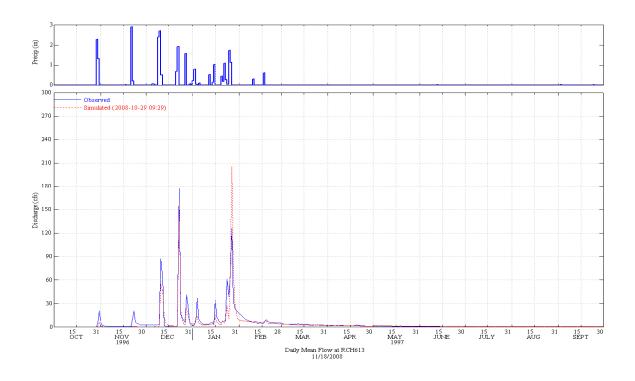


Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1997)

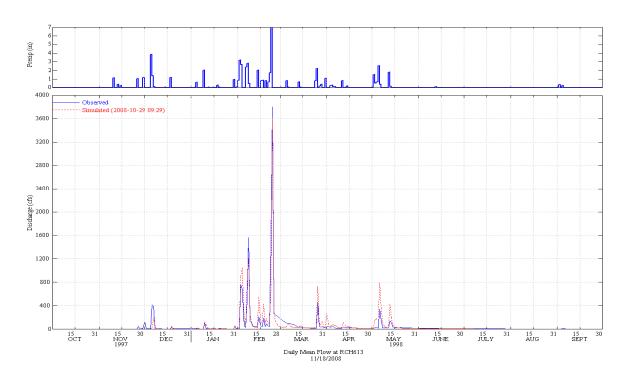


Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1998)

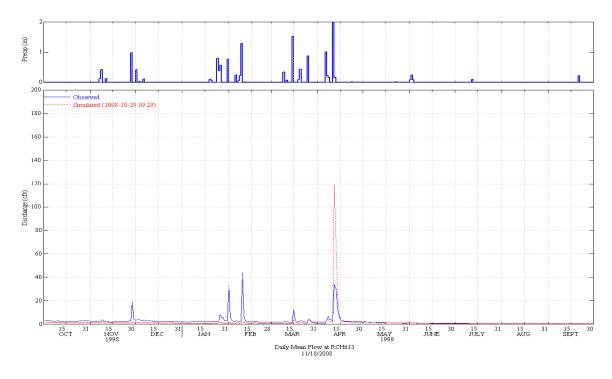


Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1999)

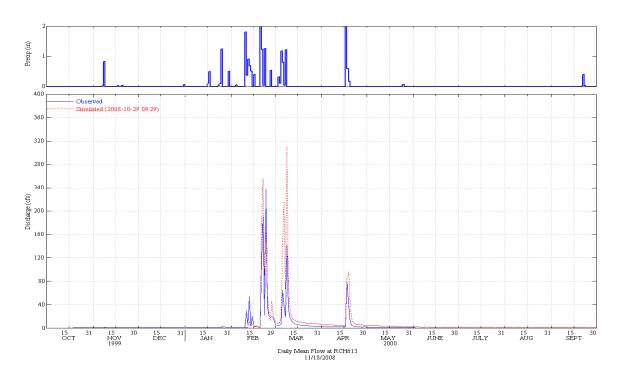


Figure 9 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2000)

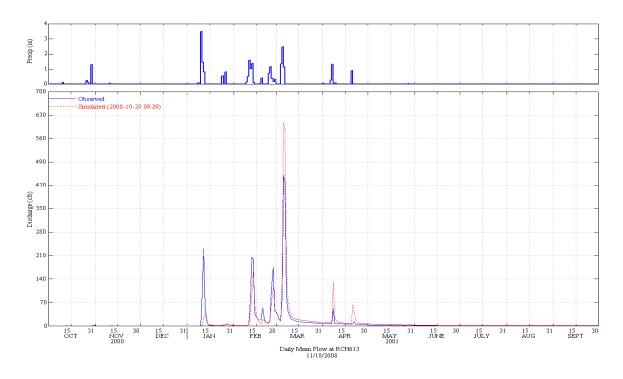


Figure 10 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2001)

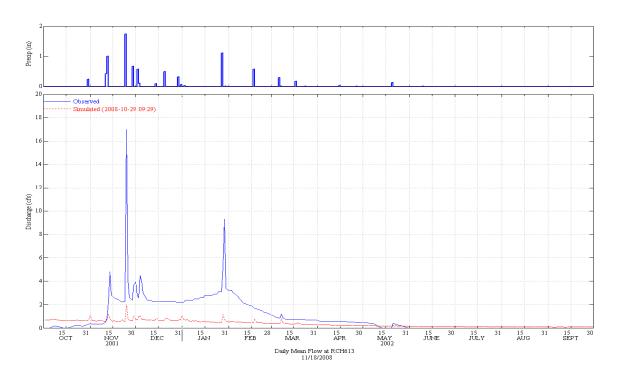


Figure 11 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2002)

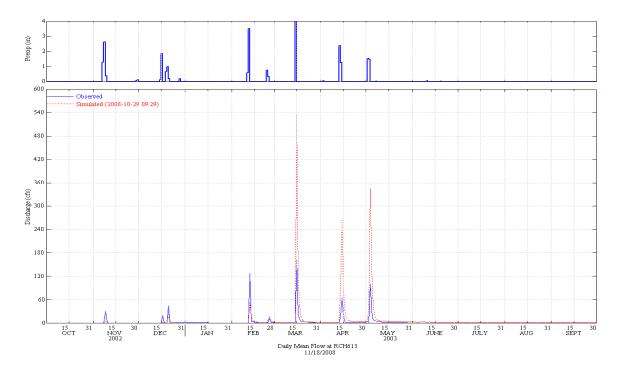


Figure 12 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2003)

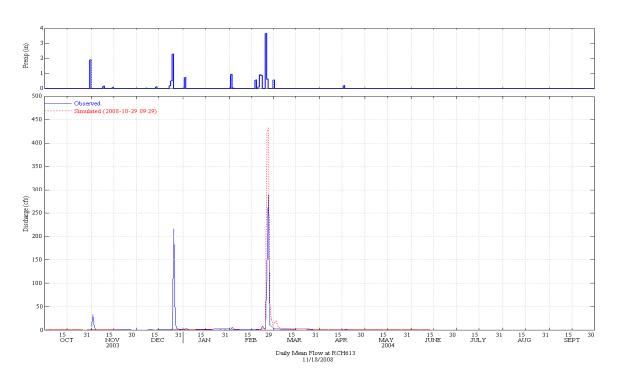


Figure 13 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2004)

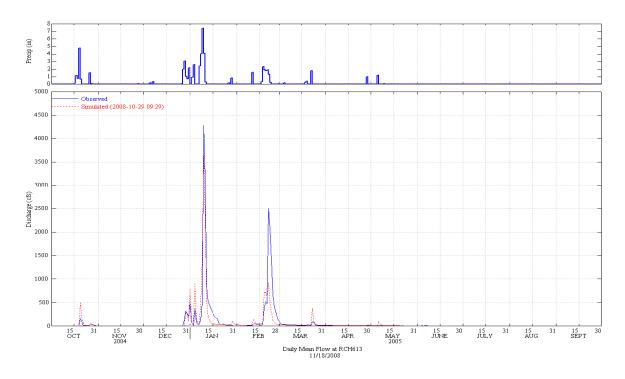


Figure 14 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 2005)

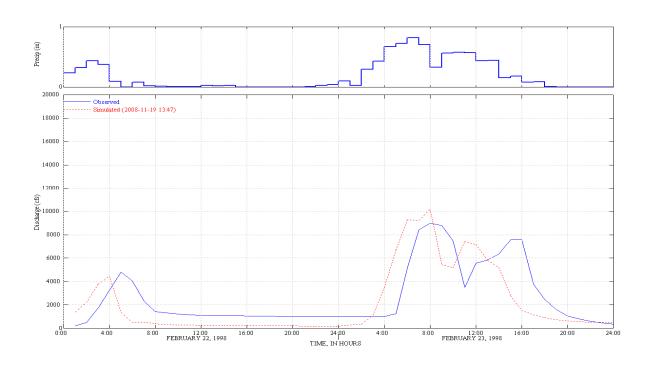


Figure 15 Simulated and Observed February 22, 1998 Storm Event

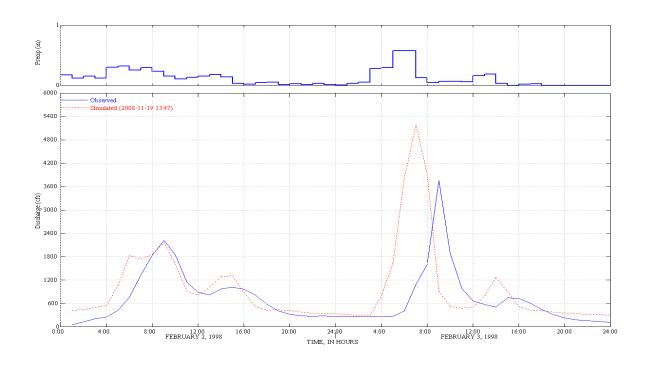


Figure 16 Simulated and Observed February 2, 1998 Storm Event

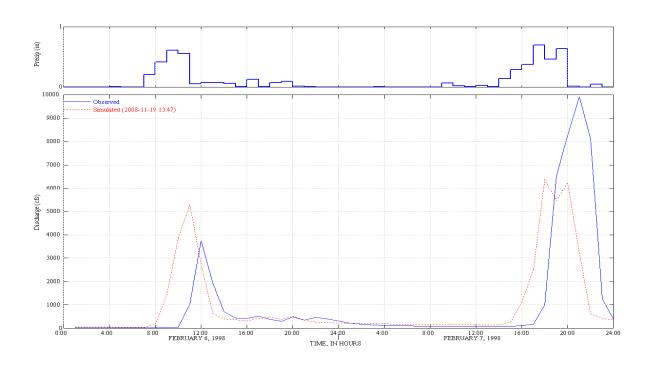


Figure 17 Simulated and Observed February 6, 1998 Storm Event

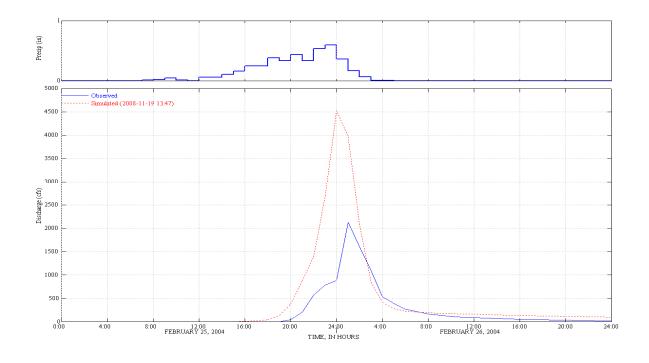


Figure 18 Simulated and Observed February 25, 2004 Storm Event

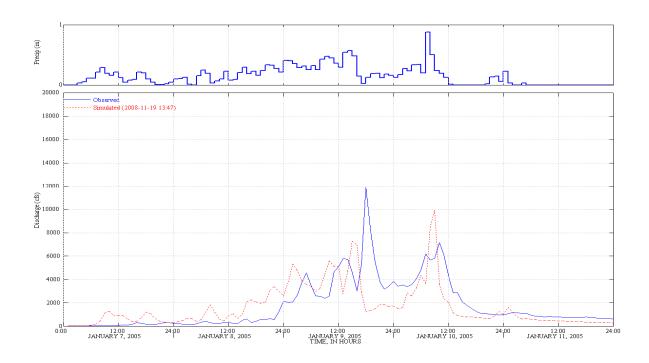


Figure 19 Simulated and Observed January 7, 2005 Storm Event

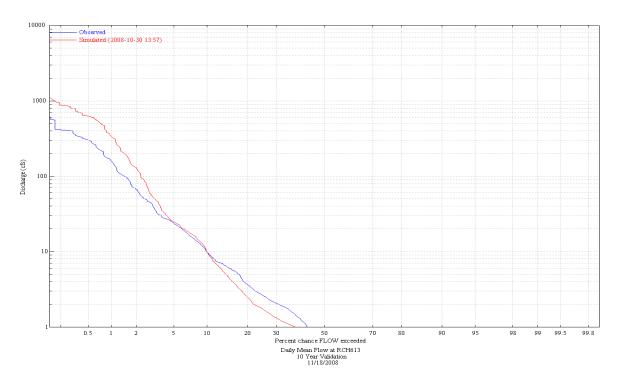


Figure 20 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Hopper

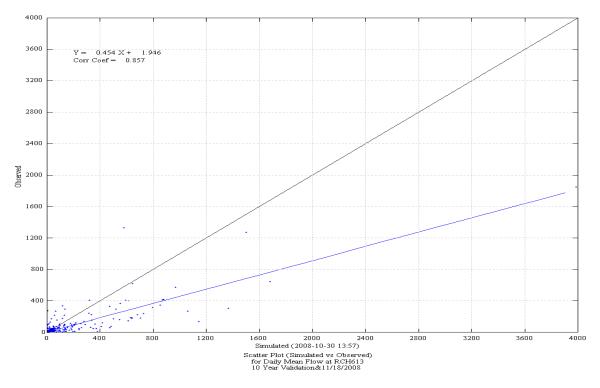


Figure 21 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Hopper

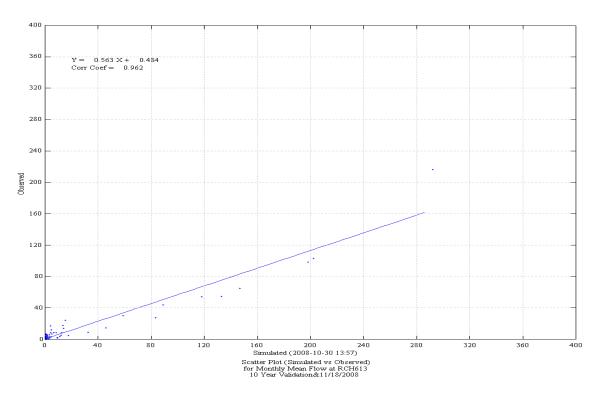


Figure 22 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Hopper

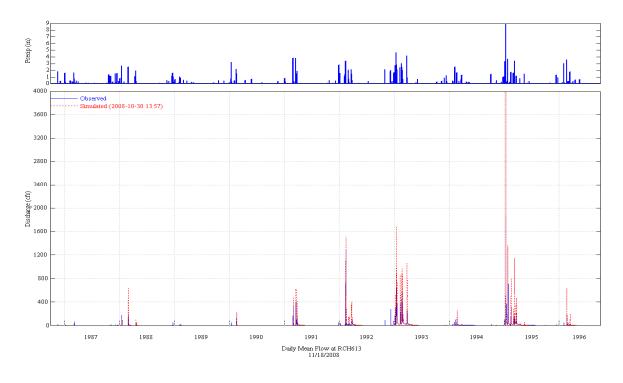


Figure 23 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1987-1996)

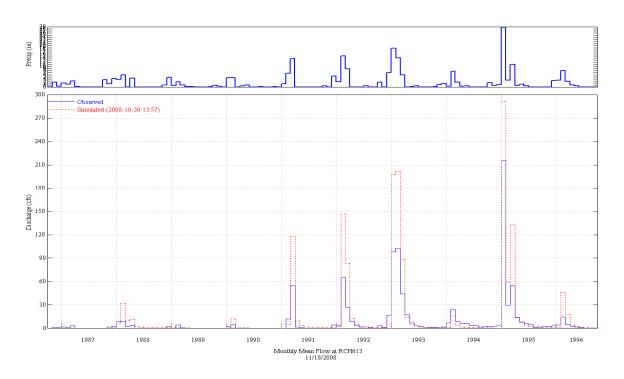


Figure 24 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Hopper (WY 1987-1996)

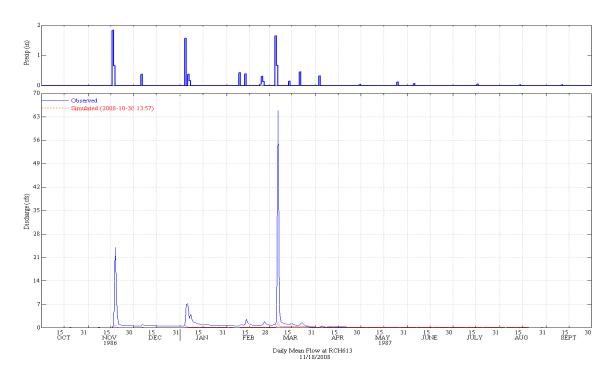


Figure 25 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1987)

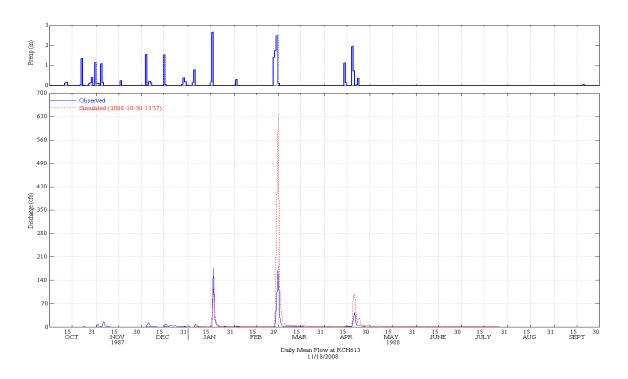


Figure 26 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1988)

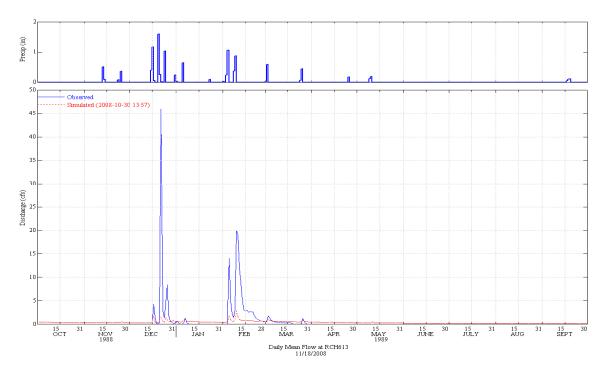


Figure 27 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1989)

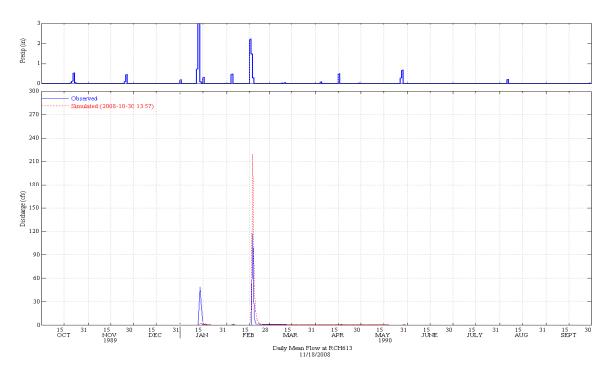


Figure 28 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1990)

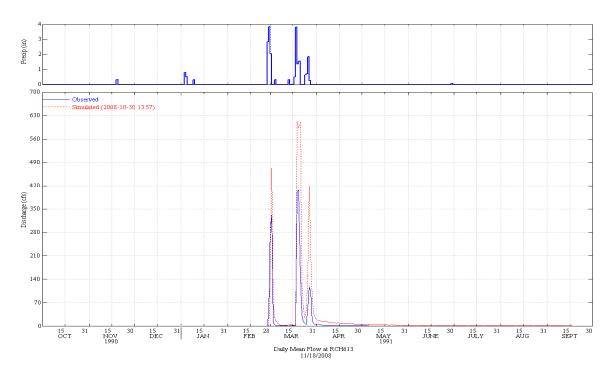


Figure 29 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1991)

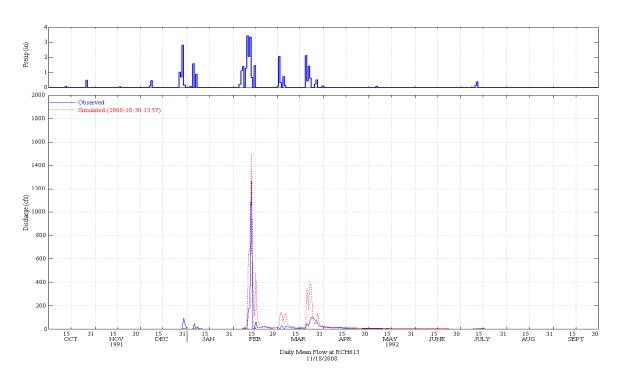


Figure 30 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1992)

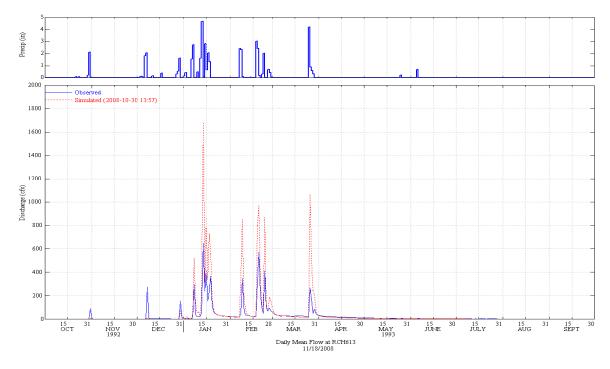


Figure 31 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1993)

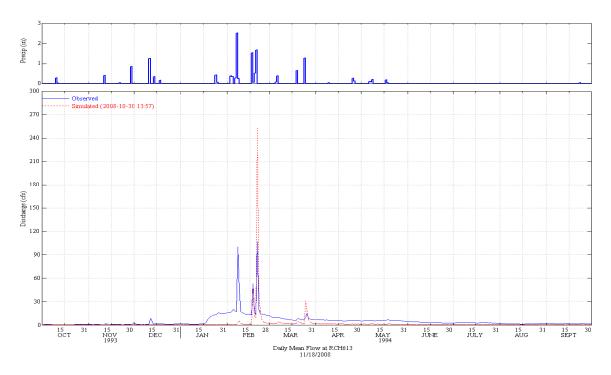


Figure 32 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1994)

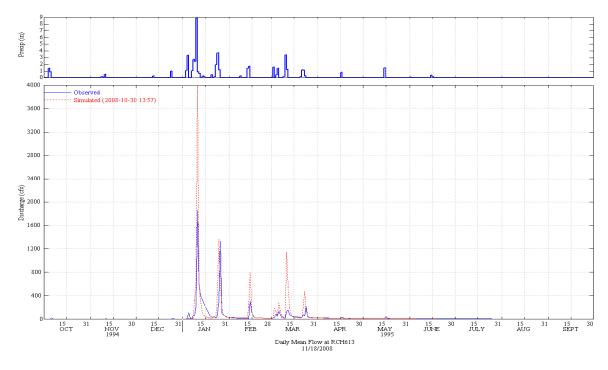


Figure 33 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1995)

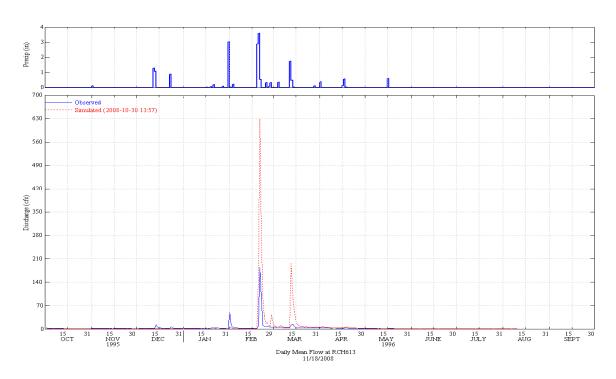


Figure 34 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Hopper (WY 1996)

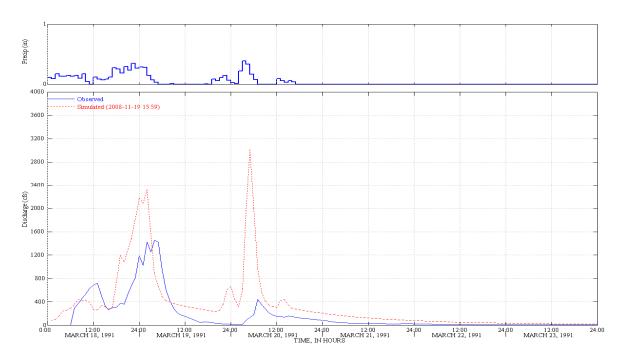


Figure 35 Simulated and Observed March 18, 1991 Storm Event

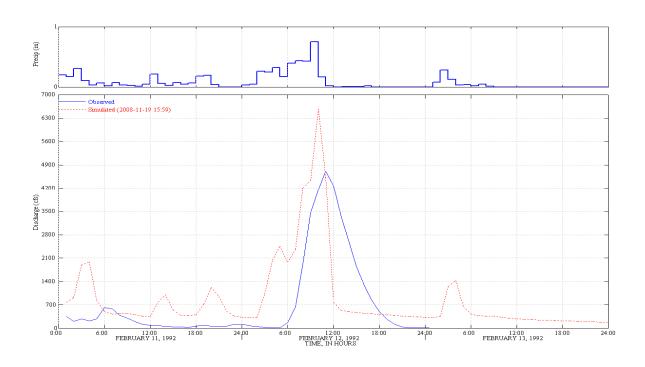


Figure 36 Simulated and Observed February 11, 1992 Storm Event

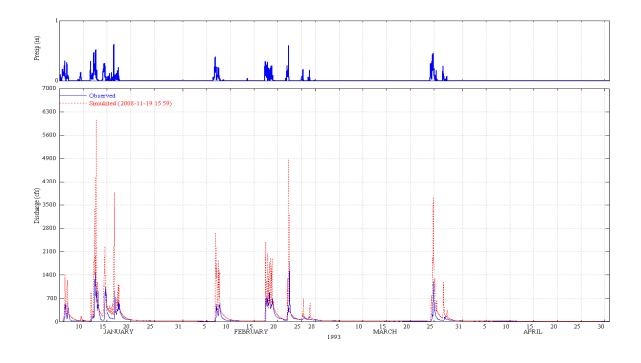


Figure 37 Simulated and Observed January 6, 1993 Storm Event

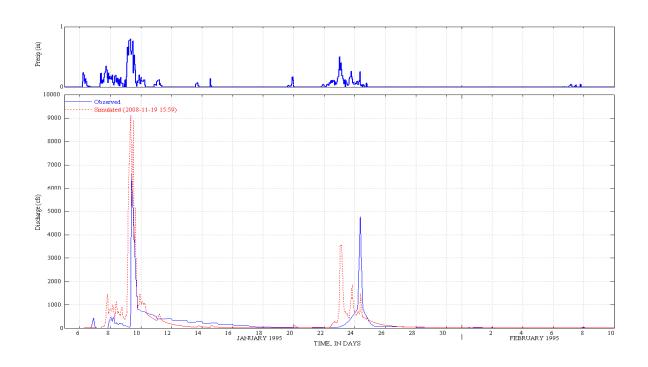


Figure 38 Simulated and Observed January 7, 1995 Storm Event

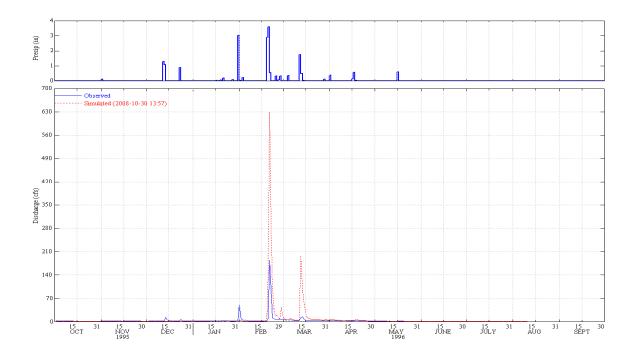


Figure 39 Simulated and Observed February 20, 1996 Storm Event



APPENDIX E

HYDROLOGY CALIBRATION / VALIDATION RESULTS FOR THE SANTA PAULA CREEK WATERSHED

Title Page **CALIBRATION** Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Santa Paula..... E-2 Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Santa Paula..... E-2 Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Santa Paula E-3 Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1997-2005) E-3 Figure 5 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1997-2005)...... E-4 Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1997)..... E-4 Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1998)..... E-5 Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1999)..... E-5 Figure 9 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2000)..... E-6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2001)..... E-6 Figure 10 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2002)..... E-7 Figure 11 Figure 12 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2003)..... E-7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2004)..... E-8 Figure 13 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2005)..... E-8 Figure 14 Figure 15 Simulated and Observed February 21, 2000 Storm Event..... E-9 Simulated and Observed March 4, 2001 Storm Event E-9 Figure 16 Simulated and Observed December 27, 2004 Storm Event...... E-10 Figure 17 Figure 18 Simulated and Observed January 7, 2005 Storm Event E-10 Figure 19 Simulated and Observed February 16, 2005 Storm Event...... E-11 VALIDATION Figure 20 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Santa Paula..... E-12 Figure 21 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Santa Paula...... E-12 Figure 22 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Santa Paula E-13 Figure 23 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1987-1996) E-13 Figure 24 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1987-1996)...... E-14 Figure 25 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1987)..... E-14 Figure 26 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1988)..... E-15 Figure 27 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1989)..... E-15 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1990)..... E-16 Figure 28 Figure 29 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1991)..... E-16 Figure 30 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1992)..... E-17 Figure 31 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1993)..... E-17 Figure 32 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1994)..... E-18 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1995)..... E-18 Figure 33 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1996)..... E-19 Figure 34 Figure 35 Simulated and Observed February 28, 1991 Storm Event...... E-19 Figure 36 Simulated and Observed March 18, 1991 Storm Event E-20 Figure 37 Simulated and Observed January 11, 1993 Storm Event E-20 Figure 38 Simulated and Observed January 8, 1995 Storm Event E-21

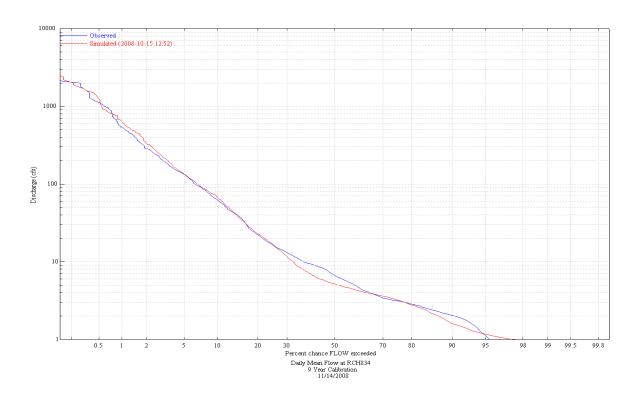


Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Santa Paula

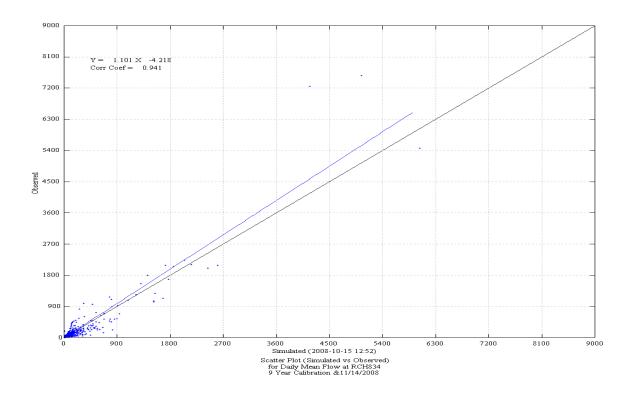


Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Santa Paula



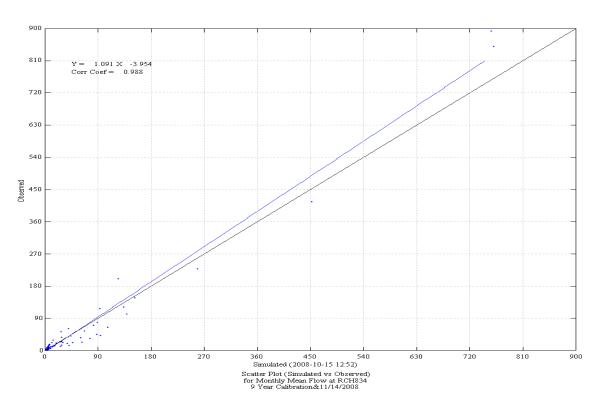


Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Santa Paula

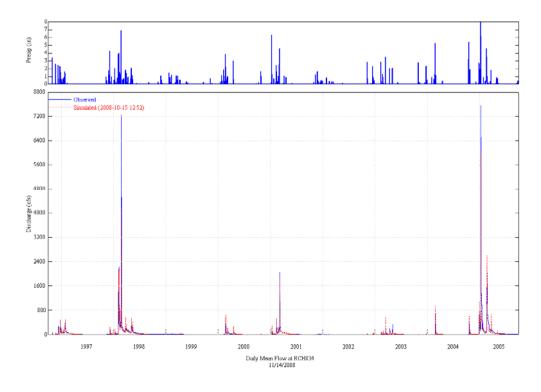


Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1997-2005)

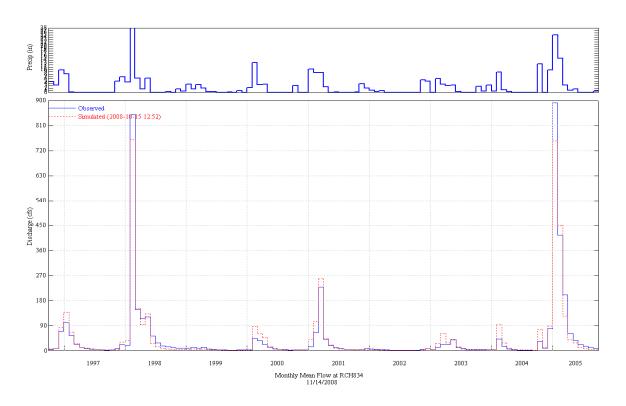


Figure 5 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1997-2005)

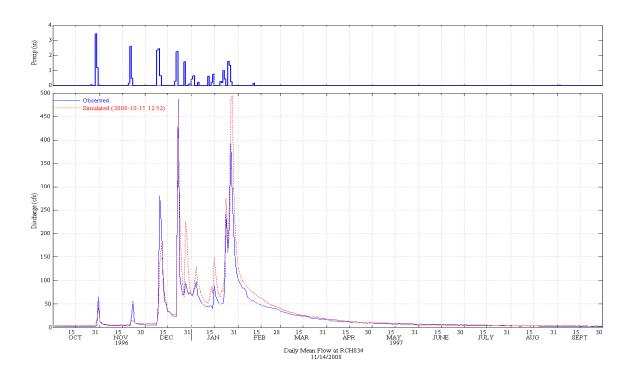


Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1997)

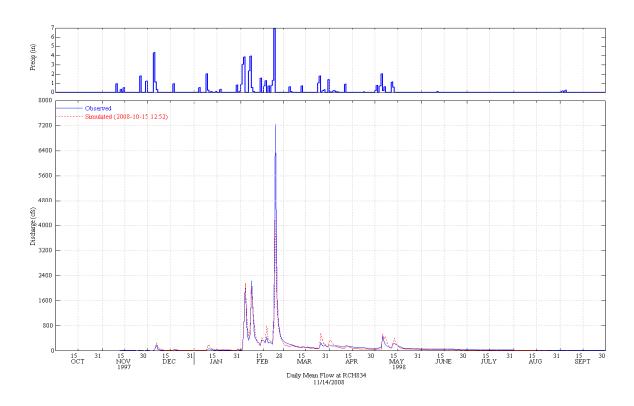


Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1998)

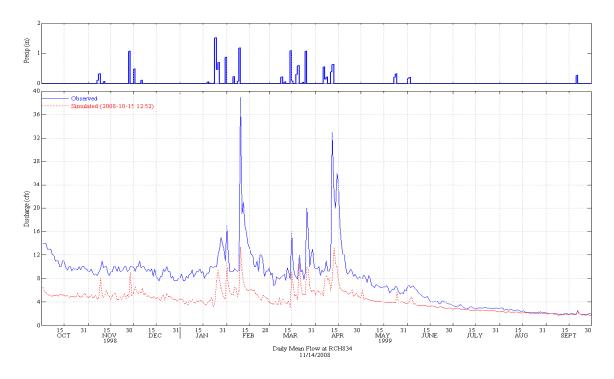


Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1999)

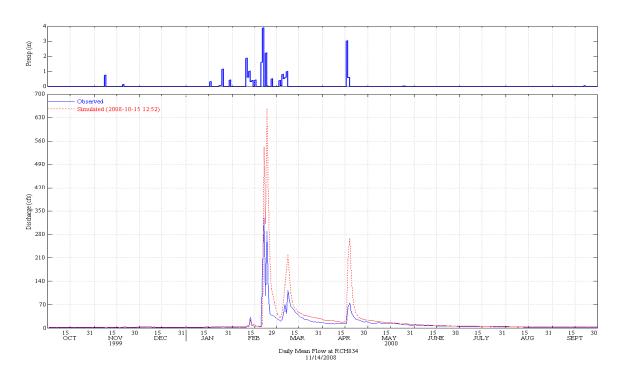


Figure 9 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2000)

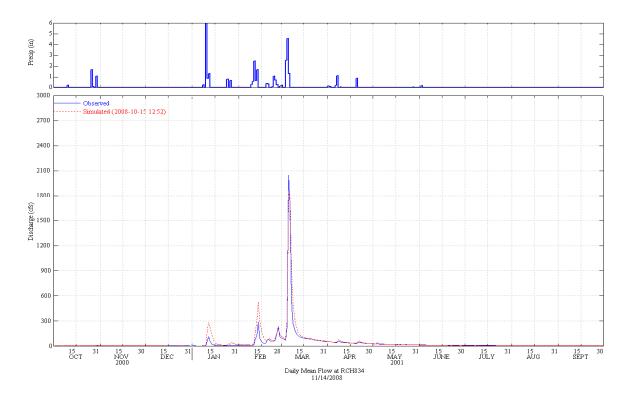


Figure 10 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2001)

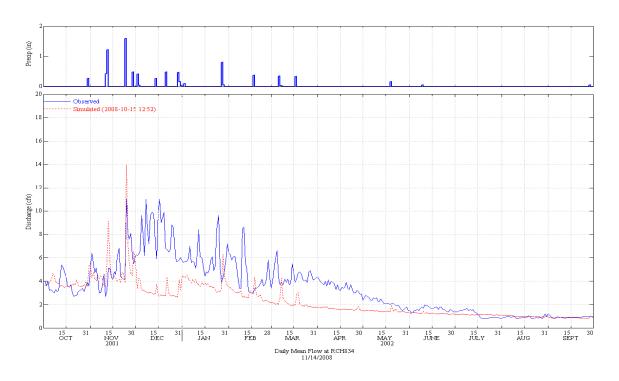


Figure 11 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2002)

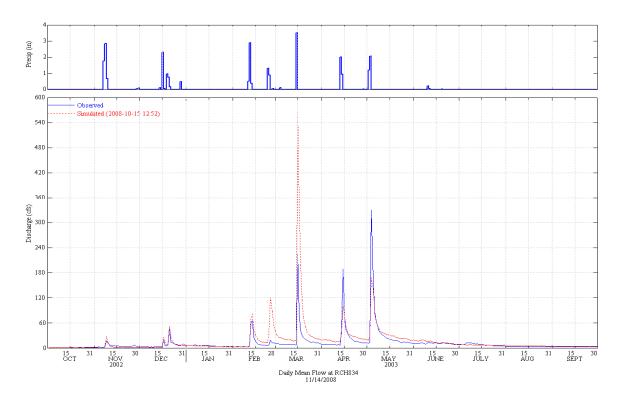


Figure 12 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2003)

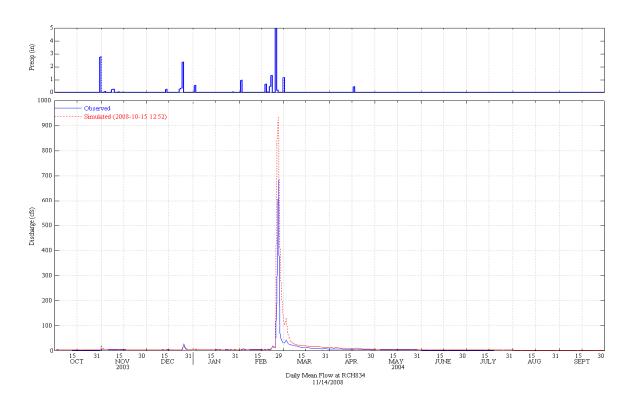


Figure 13 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2004)

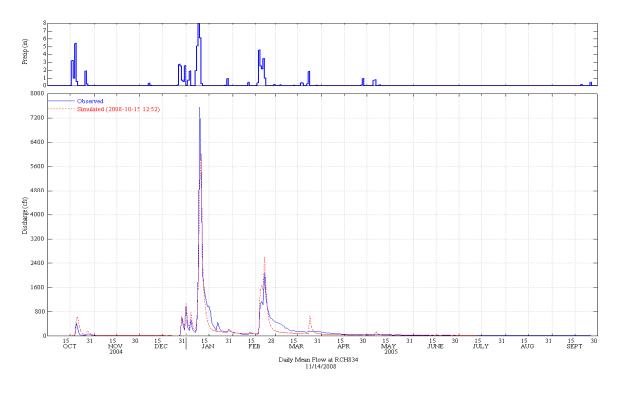


Figure 14 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 2005)

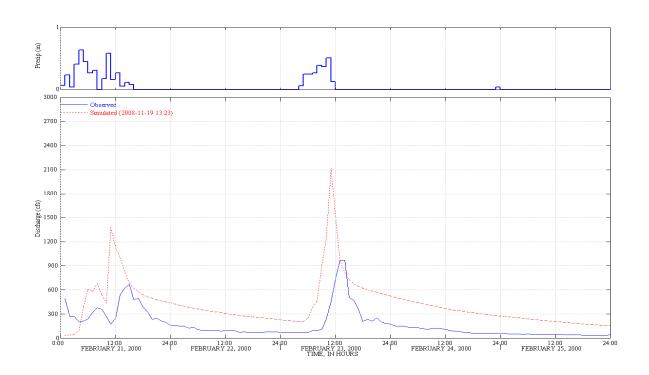


Figure 15 Simulated and Observed February 21, 2000 Storm Event

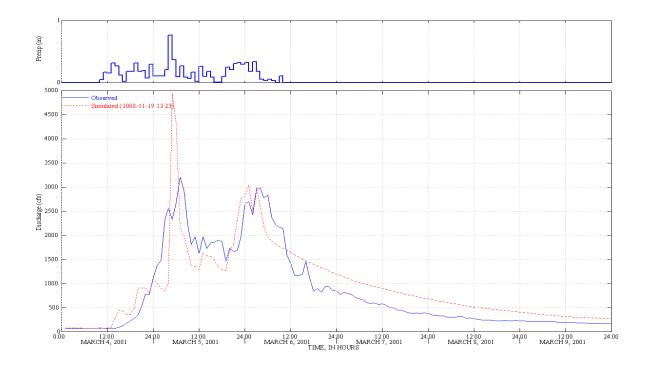


Figure 16 Simulated and Observed March 4, 2001 Storm Event

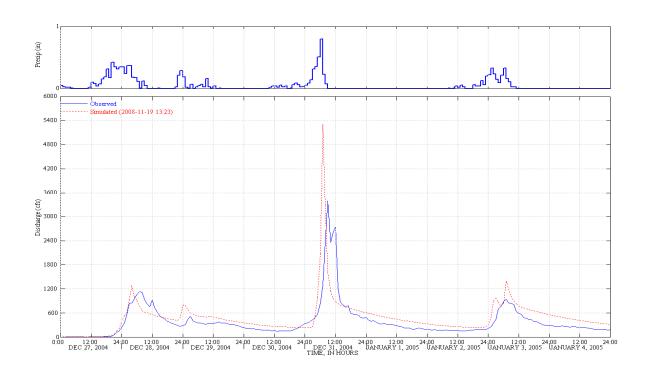


Figure 17 Simulated and Observed December 27, 2004 Storm Event

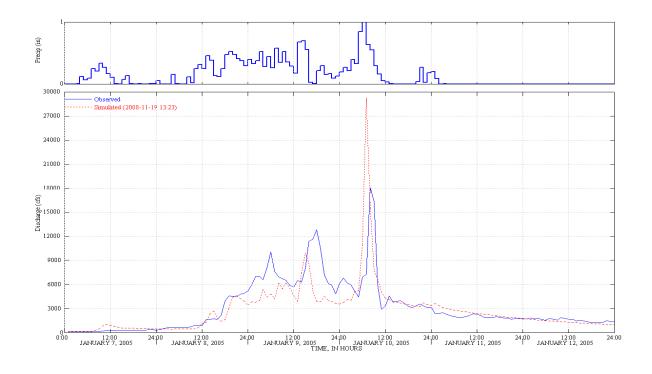


Figure 18 Simulated and Observed January 7, 2005 Storm Event

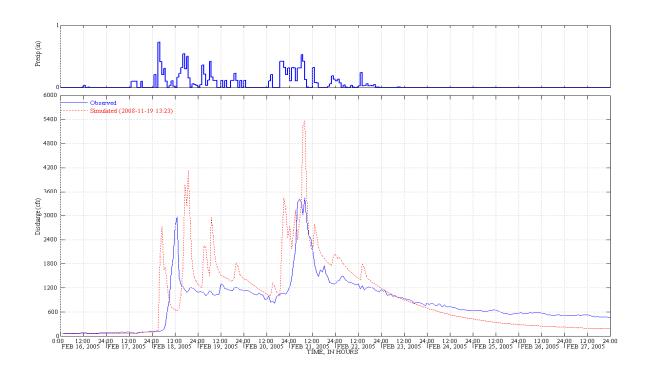


Figure 19 Simulated and Observed February 16, 2005 Storm Event

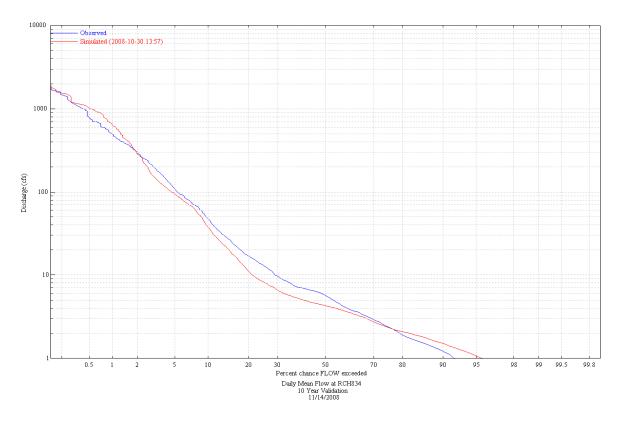


Figure 20 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Santa Paula

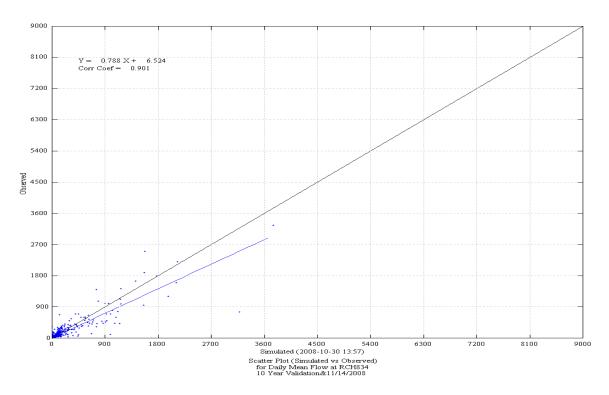


Figure 21 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Santa Paula



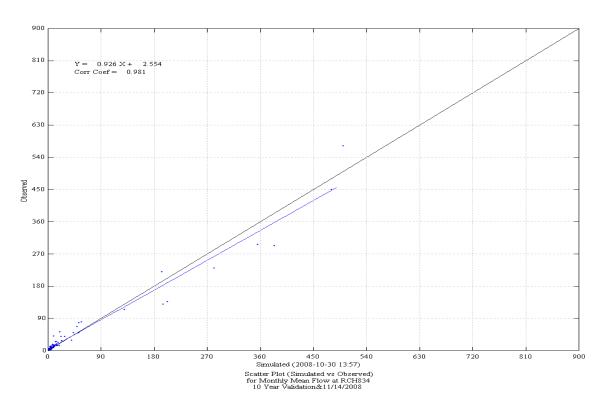


Figure 22 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Santa Paula

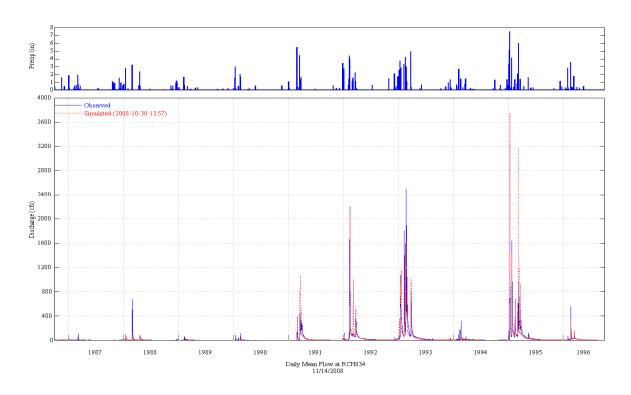


Figure 23 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1987-1996)

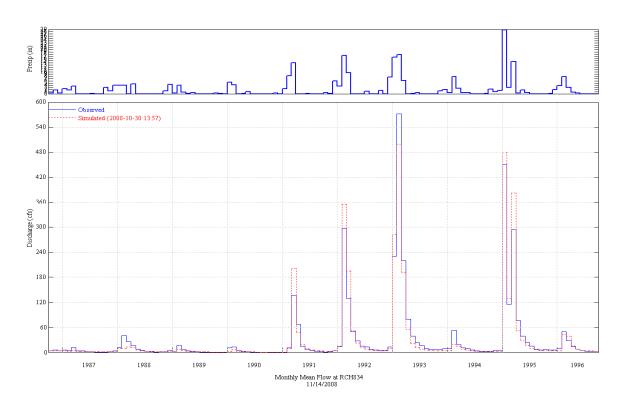


Figure 24 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1987-1996)

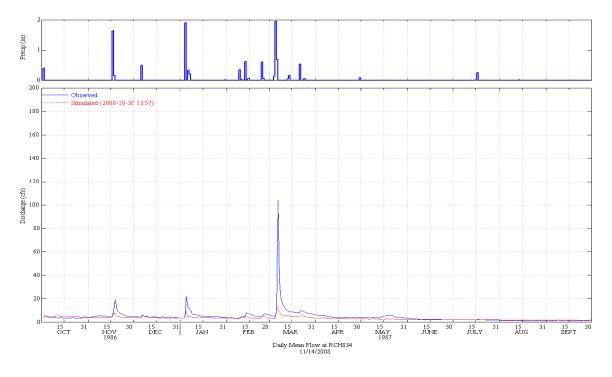


Figure 25 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1987)

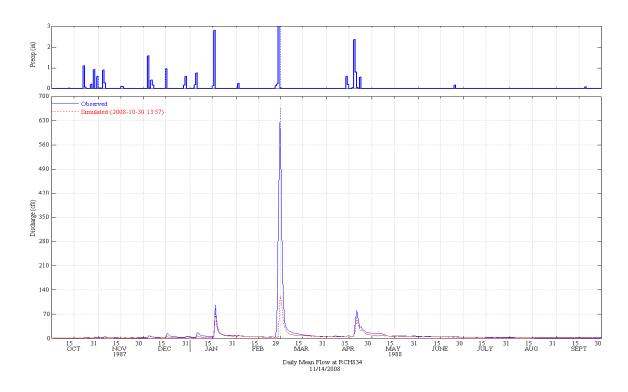


Figure 26 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1988)

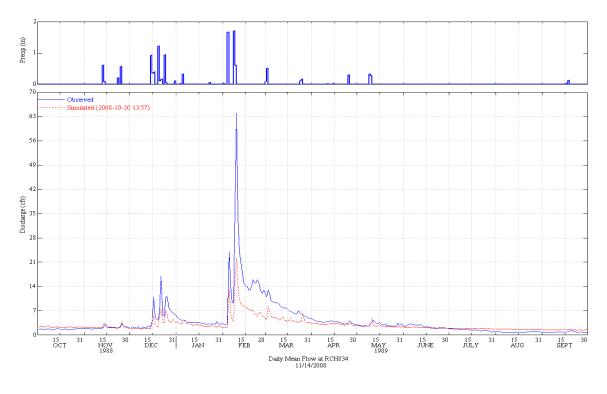


Figure 27 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1989)

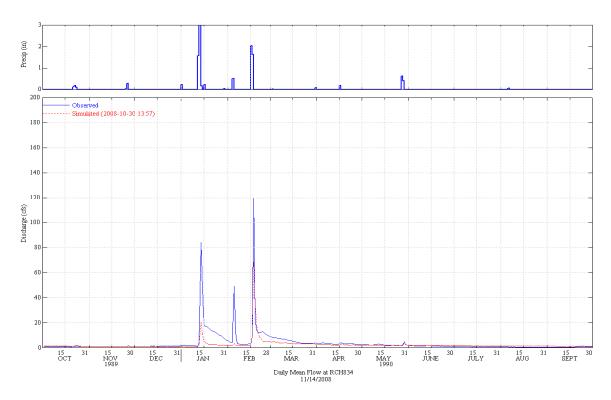


Figure 28 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1990)

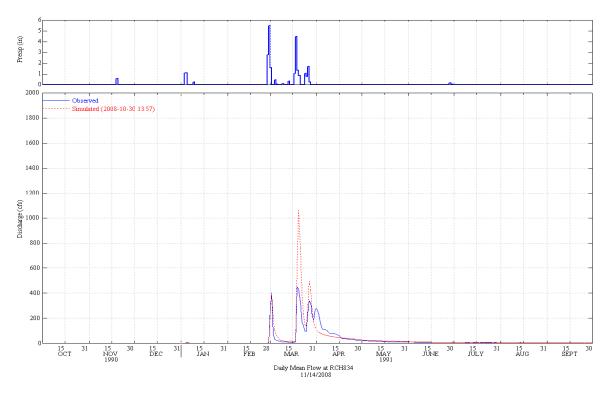


Figure 29 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1991)

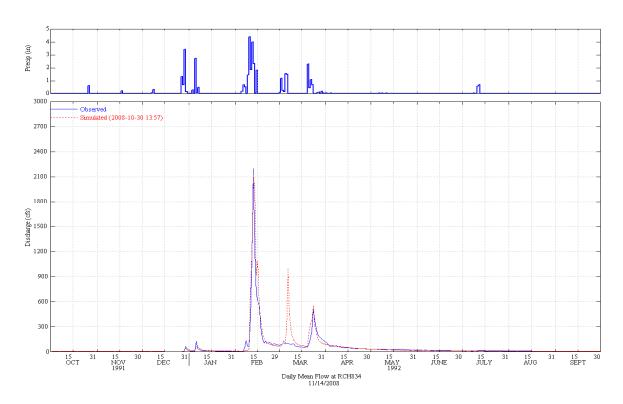


Figure 30 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1992)

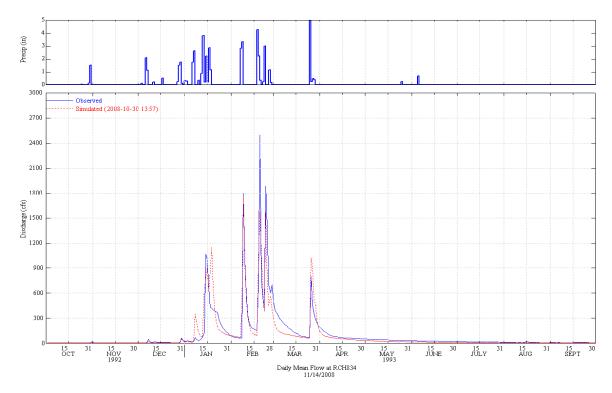


Figure 31 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1993)

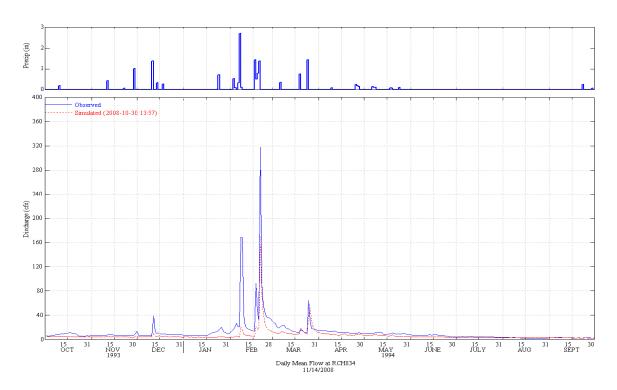


Figure 32 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1994)

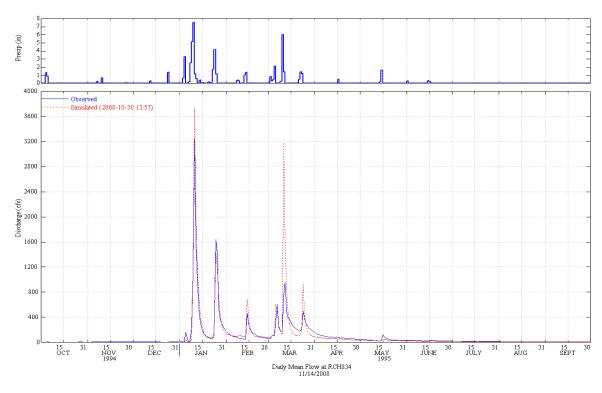


Figure 33 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1995)

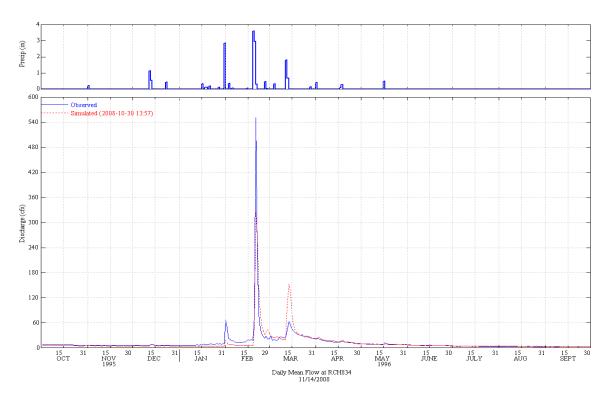


Figure 34 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Santa Paula (WY 1996)

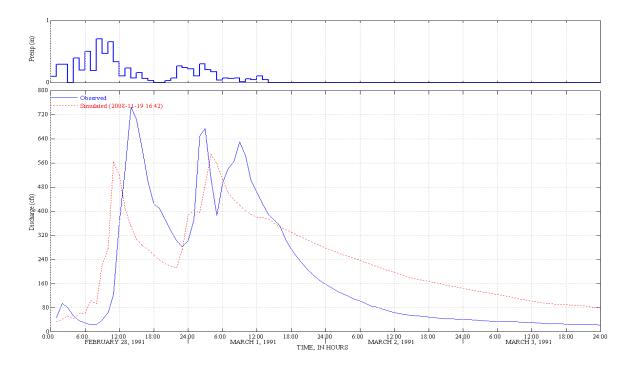


Figure 35 Simulated and Observed February 28, 1991 Storm Event

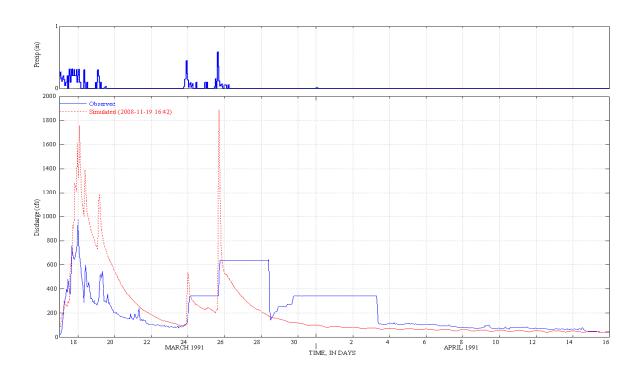


Figure 36 Simulated and Observed March 18, 1991 Storm Event

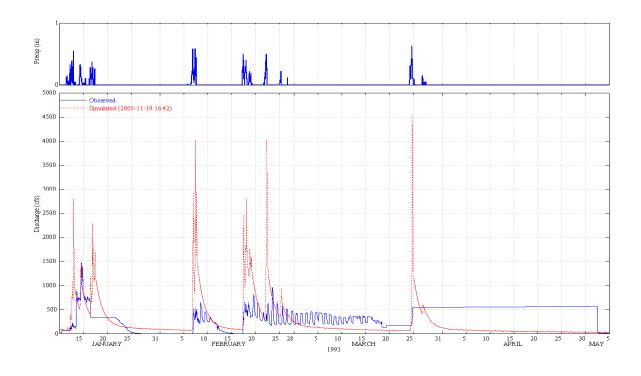


Figure 37 Simulated and Observed January 11, 1993 Storm Event

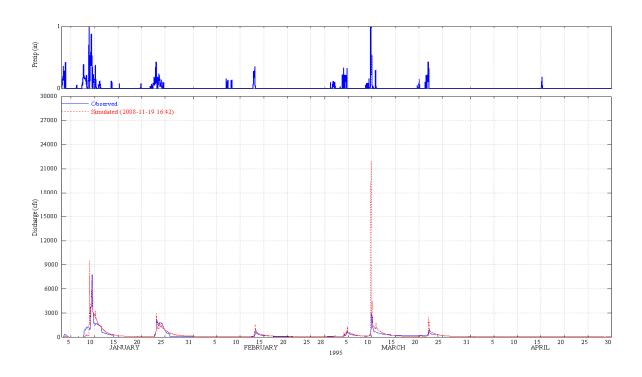


Figure 38 Simulated and Observed January 8, 1995 Storm Event

APPENDIX F

HYDROLOGY CALIBRATION / VALIDATION RESULTS FOR THE UPPER PIRU WATERSHED

Title		Page
CALIBRA	ATION	
Figure 1	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Up-Piru	F-2
Figure 2	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Up-Piru	
Figure 3	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Up-Piru	
Figure 4	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1997-2003)	
Figure 5	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1997-2003)	
Figure 6	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1997)	F-4
Figure 7	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1998)	F-5
Figure 8	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1999)	F-5
Figure 9	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 2000)	
Figure 10		
Figure 11		
Figure 12		
Figure 13	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Figure 14	Simulated and Observed March 3, 2001 Storm Event	F-8
VALIDAT	ION	
Figure 15		F-9
Figure 16	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Figure 17		
Figure 18	·	
Figure 19	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Figure 20		
Figure 21	·	
Figure 22		
Figure 23		
Figure 24	·	
Figure 25	·	
Figure 26		
Figure 27		

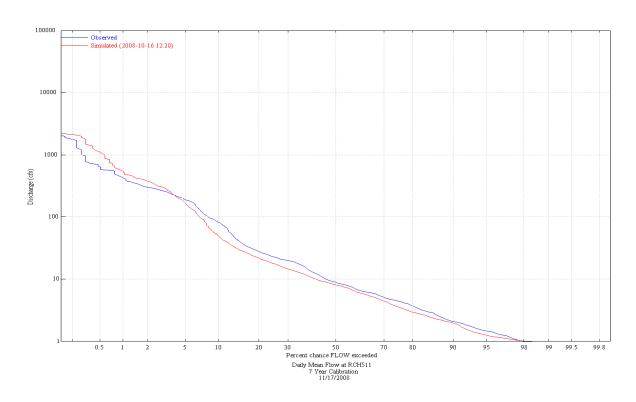


Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Up-Piru

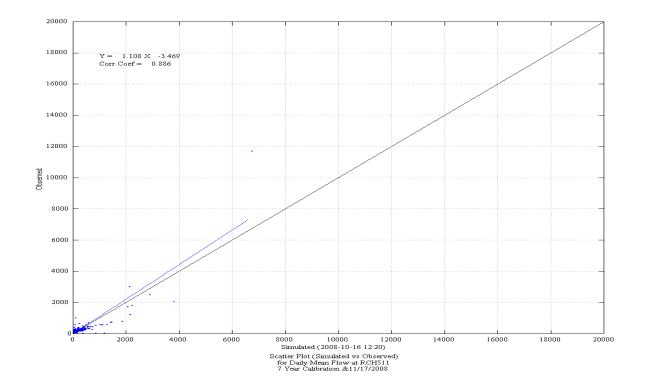


Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Up-Piru



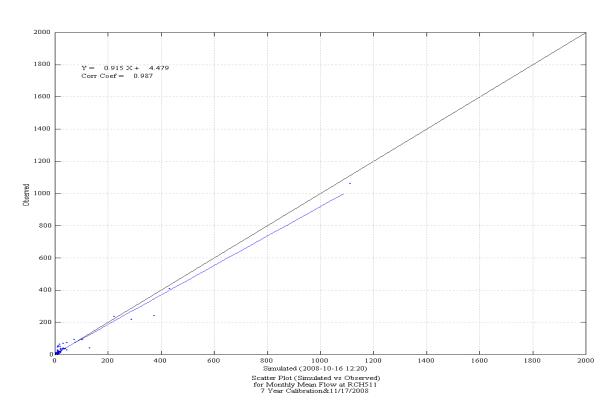


Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Up-Piru

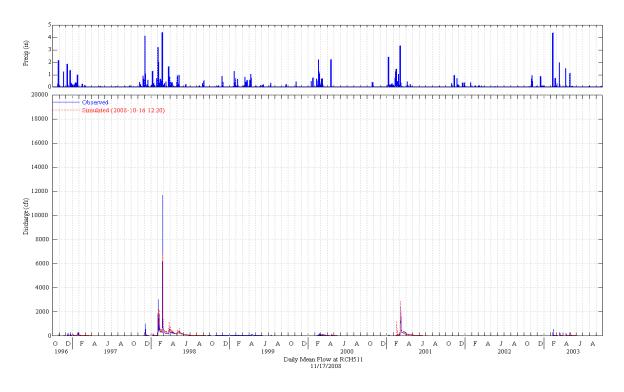


Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1997-2003)

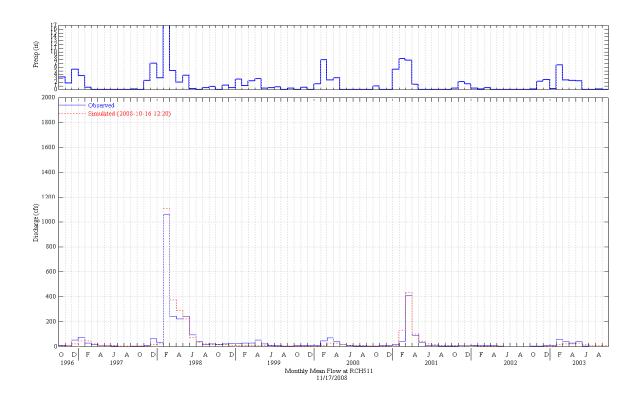


Figure 5 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1997-2003)

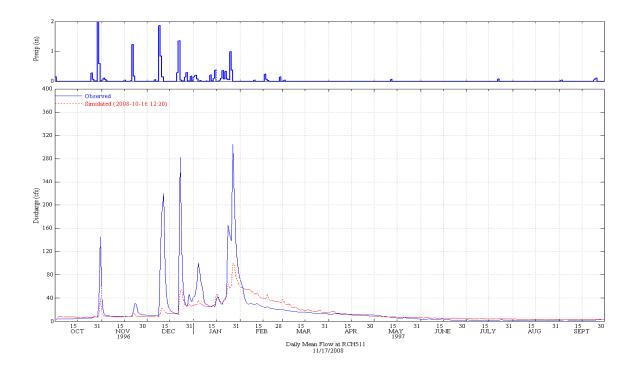


Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1997)

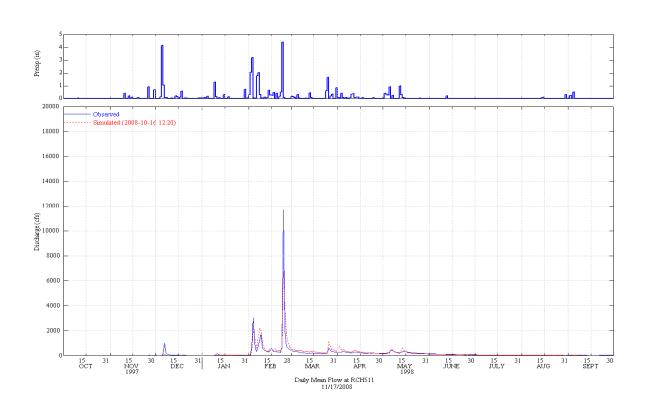


Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1998)

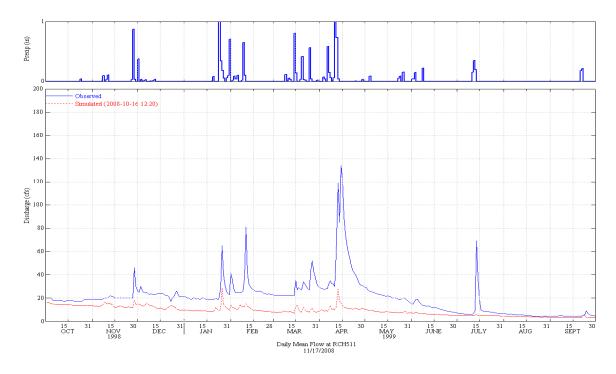


Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1999)



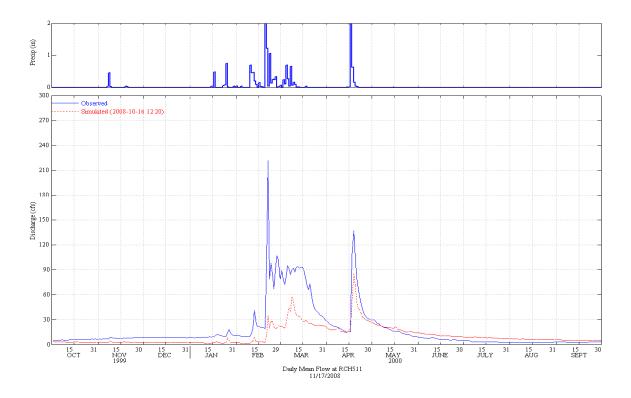


Figure 9 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 2000)

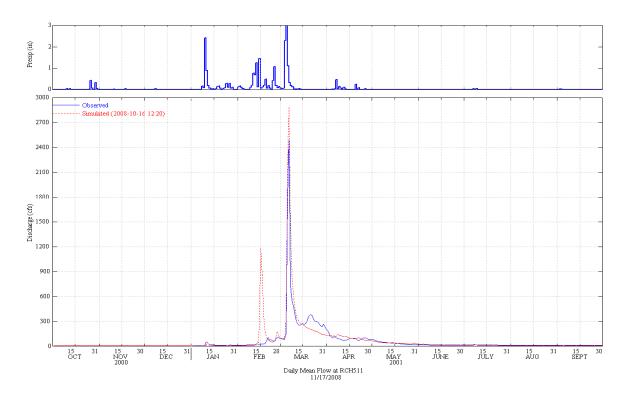


Figure 10 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 2001)



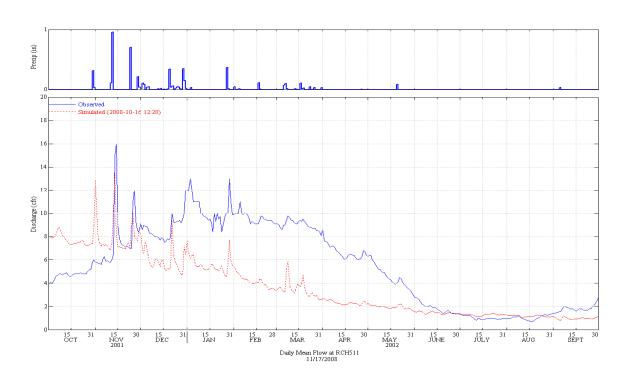


Figure 11 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 2002)

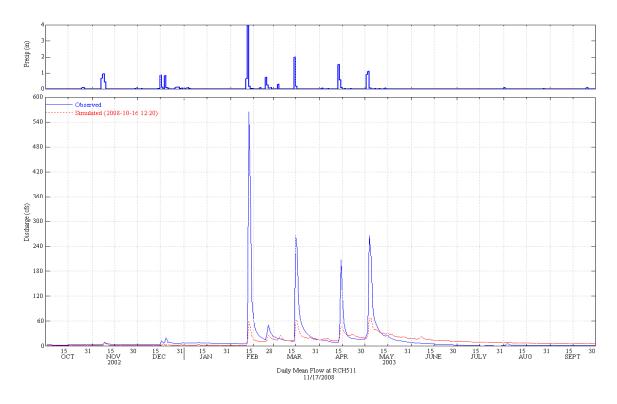


Figure 12 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 2003)



Observed Simulated (2008-11-19 13:36) 420

Figure 13 Simulated and Observed May 4, 1998 Storm Event

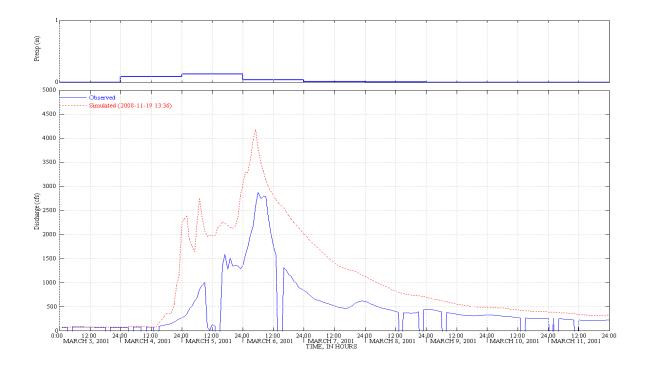


Figure 14 Simulated and Observed March 3, 2001 Storm Event



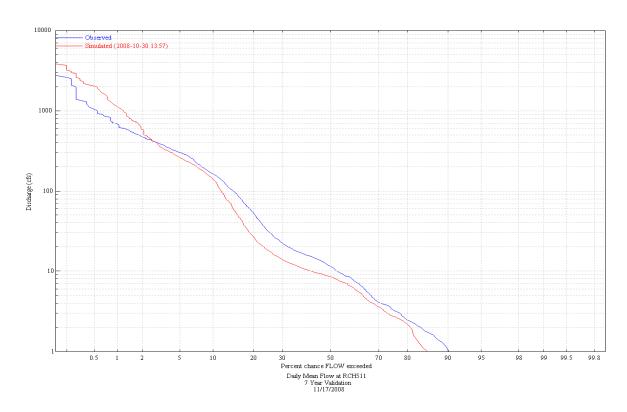


Figure 15 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Up-Piru

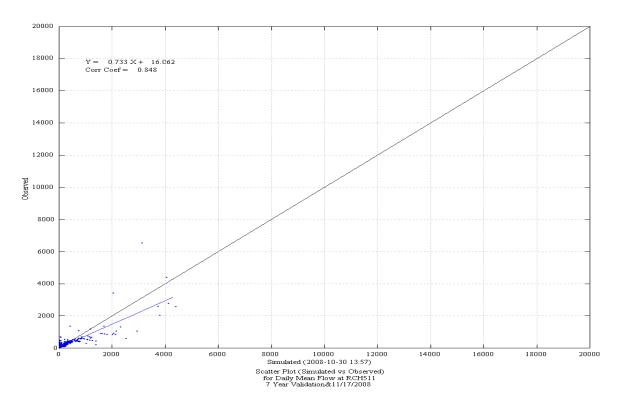


Figure 16 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Up-Piru



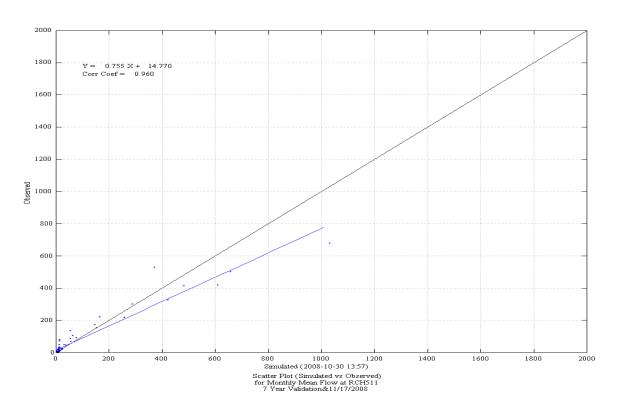


Figure 17 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Up-Piru

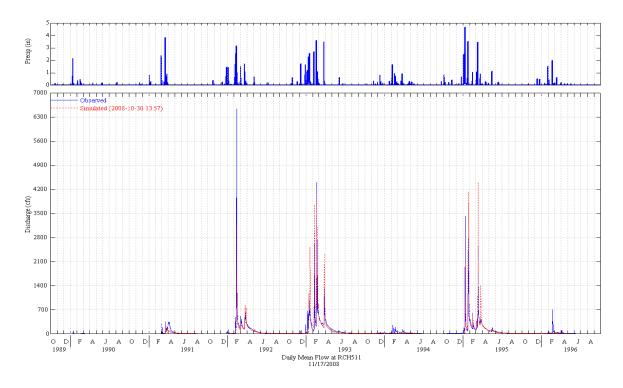


Figure 18 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1990-1996)

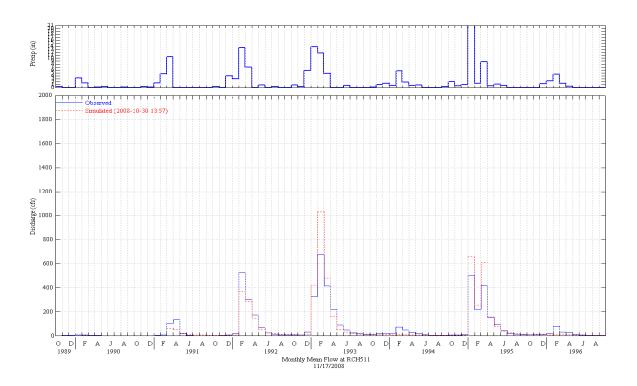


Figure 19 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1990-1996)

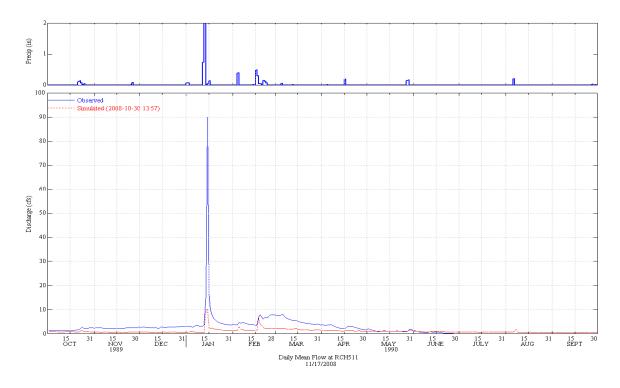


Figure 20 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1990)



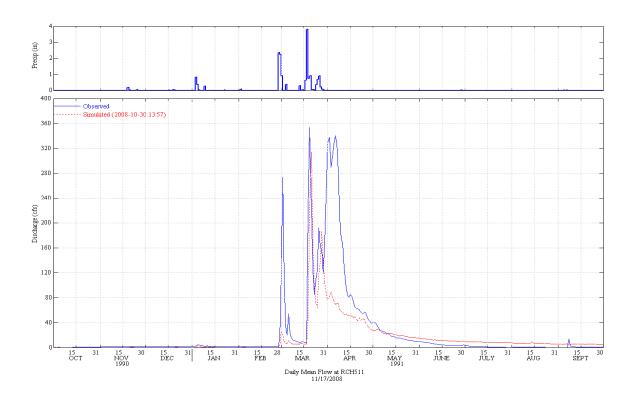


Figure 21 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1991)

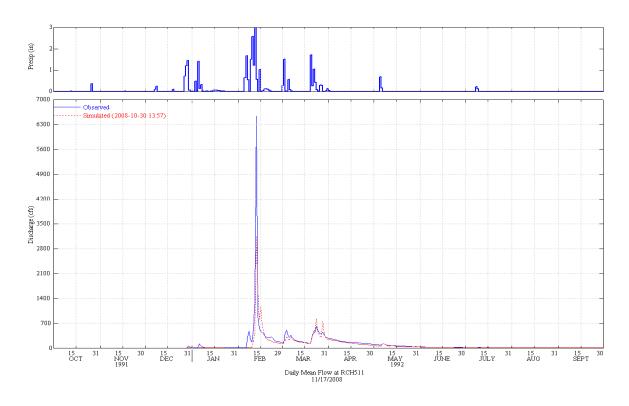


Figure 22 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1992)



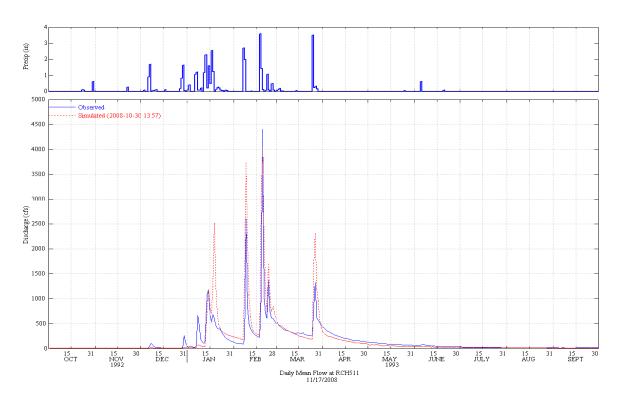


Figure 23 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1993)

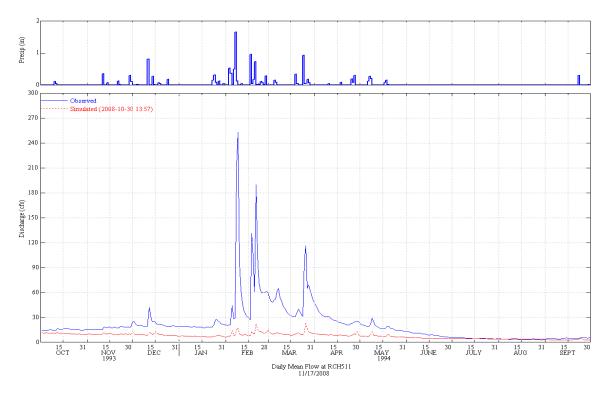


Figure 24 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1994)



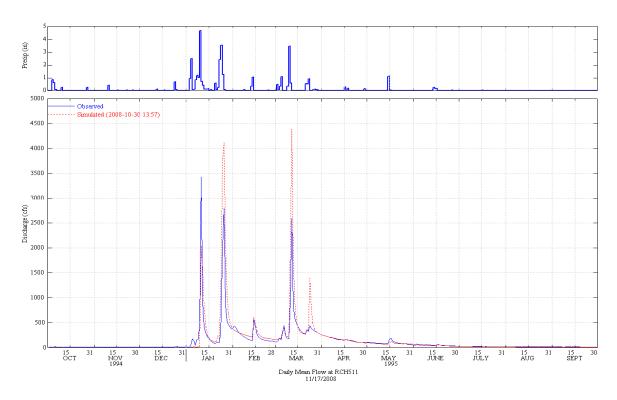


Figure 25 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1995)

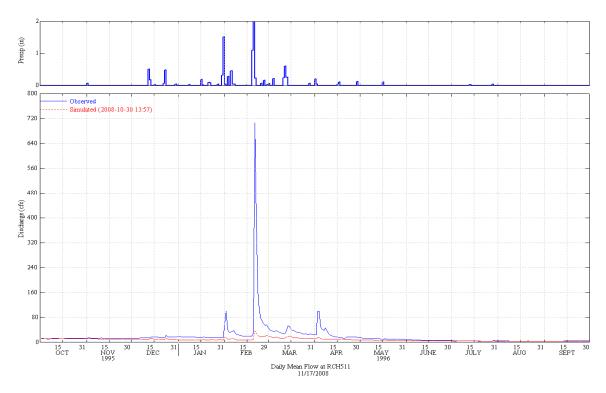


Figure 26 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Up-Piru (WY 1996)

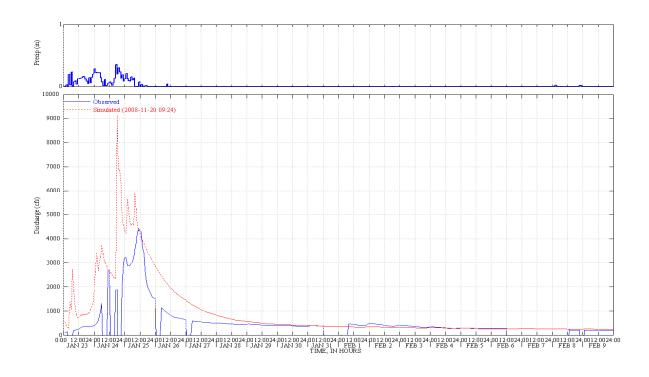


Figure 27 Simulated and Observed January 23, 1995 Storm Event



APPENDIX G

HYDROLOGY CALIBRATION / VALIDATION RESULTS FOR THE SANTA CLARA RIVER WATERSHED AT LANG

Title		Page
CALIBRAT	ΓΙΟΝ	
Figure 1	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Lang	G-2
Figure 2	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Lang	G-2
Figure 3	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Lang	G-3
Figure 4	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Lang (WY 2003-2005)	G-3
Figure 5	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Lang (WY 2003-2005)	G-4
Figure 6	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Lang (WY 2003)	G-4
Figure 7	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Lang (WY 2004)	G-5
Figure 8	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Lang (WY 2005)	G-5
Figure 9	Simulated and Observed January 8-11, 2005 Storm Event	G-6
Figure 10	Simulated and Observed February 17-22, 2005 Storm Event	G-6

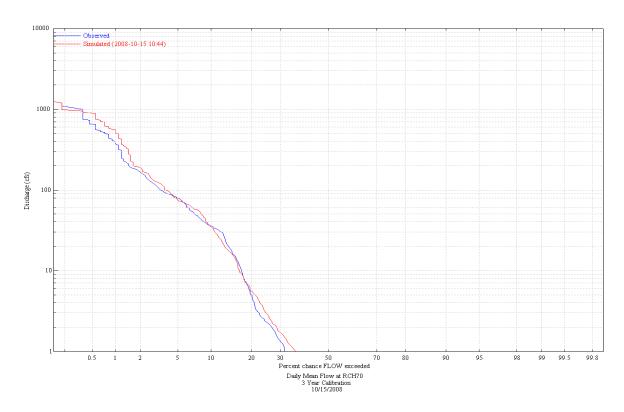


Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Lang

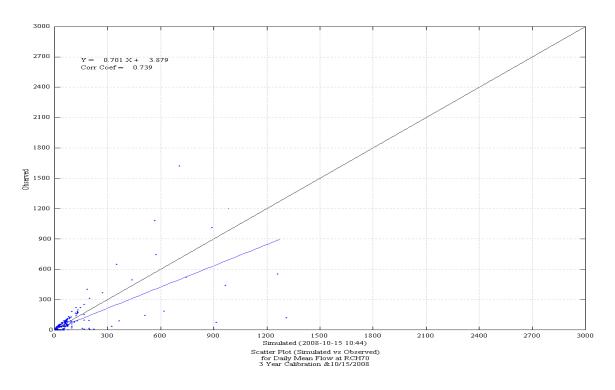


Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Lang



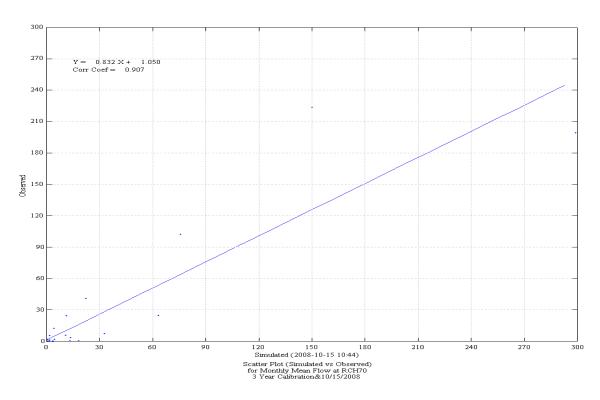


Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Lang

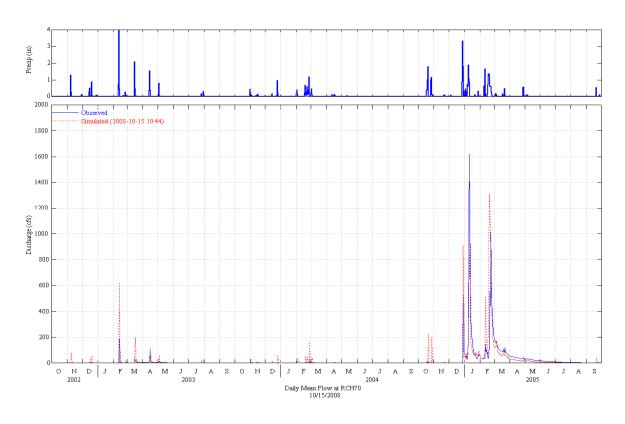


Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Lang (WY 2003-2005)

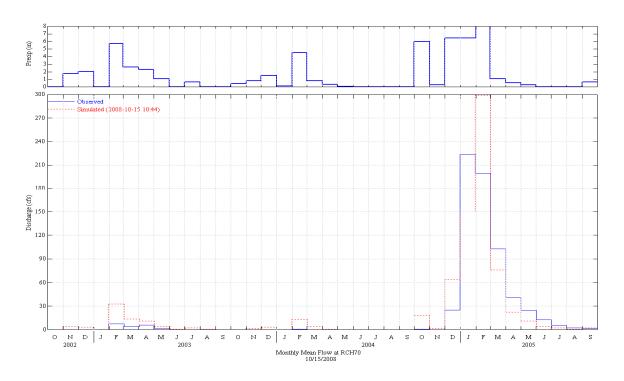


Figure 5 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Lang (WY 2003-2005)

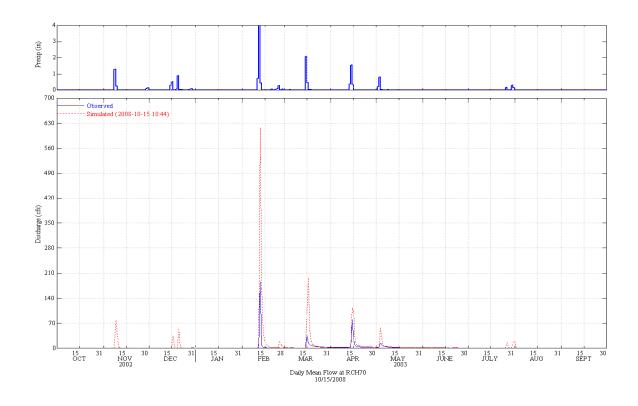


Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Lang (WY 2003)

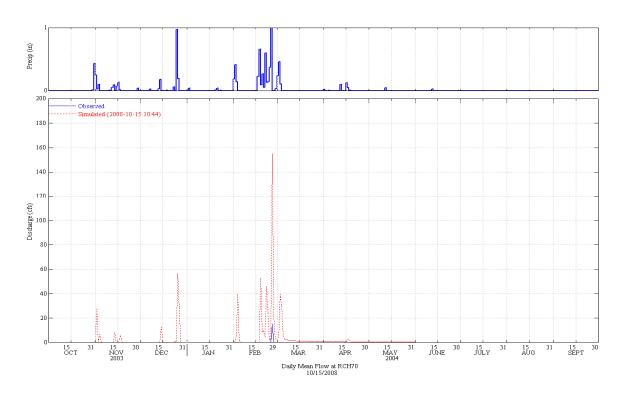


Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Lang (WY 2004)

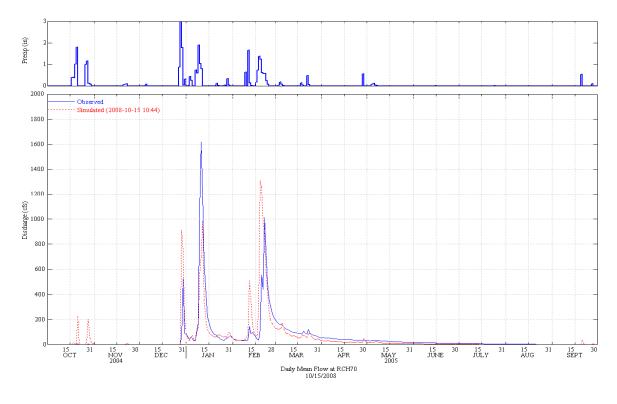


Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Lang (WY 2005)

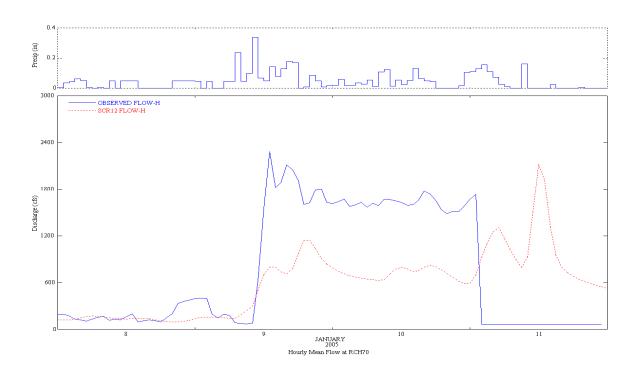


Figure 9 Simulated and Observed January 8-11, 2005 Storm Event

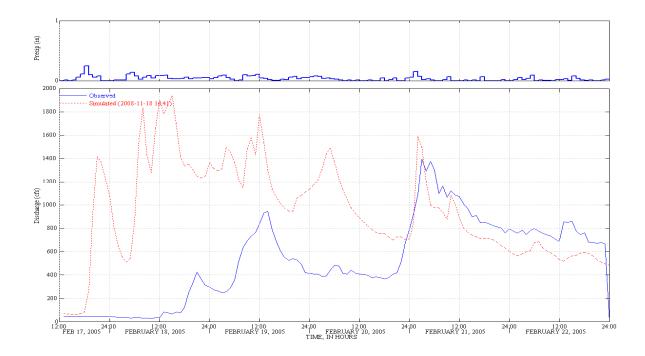


Figure 10 Simulated and Observed February 17-22, 2005 Storm Event



APPENDIX H

HYDROLOGY CALIBRATION / VALIDATION RESULTS FOR THE SANTA CLARA RIVER WATERSHED AT HWY99

Title		Page
CALIBRAT	TION	
Figure 1	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at HWY99	H-2
Figure 2	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at HWY99	
Figure 3	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at HWY99	H-3
Figure 4	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 2003-2005)	H-3
Figure 5	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at HWY99 (WY 2003-2005)	H-4
Figure 6	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 2003)	
Figure 7	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 2004)	
Figure 8	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 2005)	
Figure 9	Simulated and Observed February 25-27, 2004 Storm Event	
Figure 10	Simulated and Observed December 28-30, 2004 Storm Event	H-6
VALIDATION	ON	
	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at HWY99	H-7
Figure 12	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Figure 13	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at HWY99	H-8
Figure 14	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1987-1991)	H-8
	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at HWY99 (WY 1987-1991)	
	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1987)	
•	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1988)	
•	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1989)	
•	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1990)	
Figure 20	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1991)	1 -11

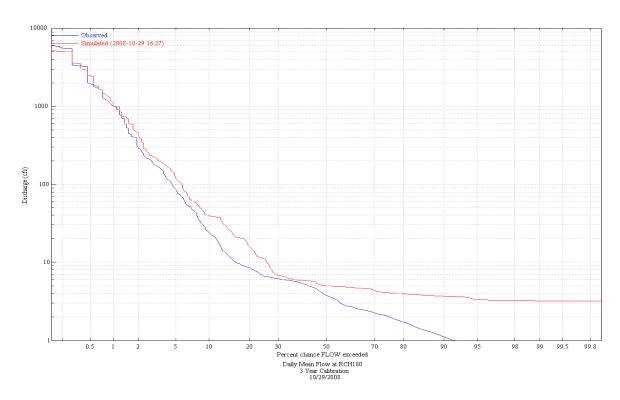


Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at HWY99

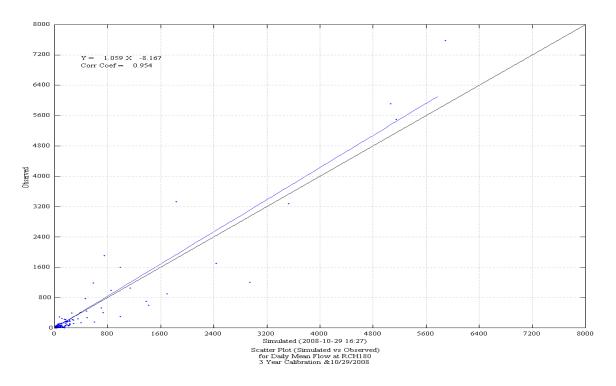


Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at HWY99

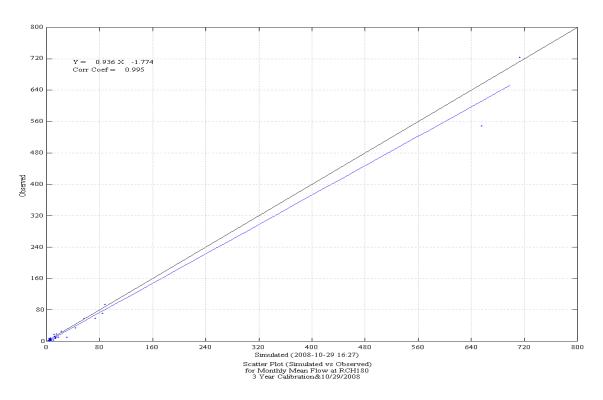


Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at HWY99

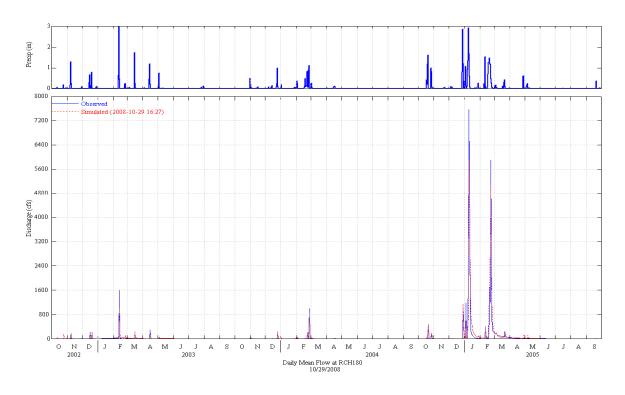


Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 2003-2005)

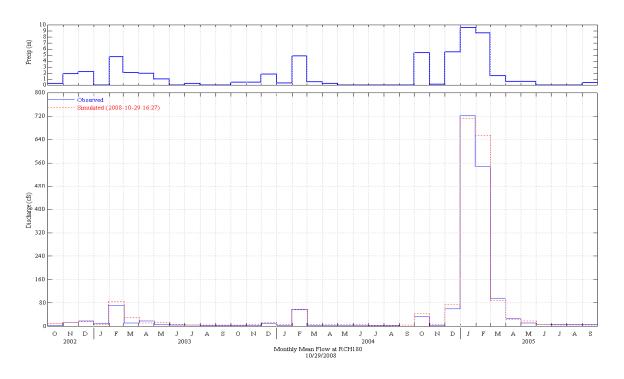


Figure 5 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at HWY99 (WY 2003-2005)

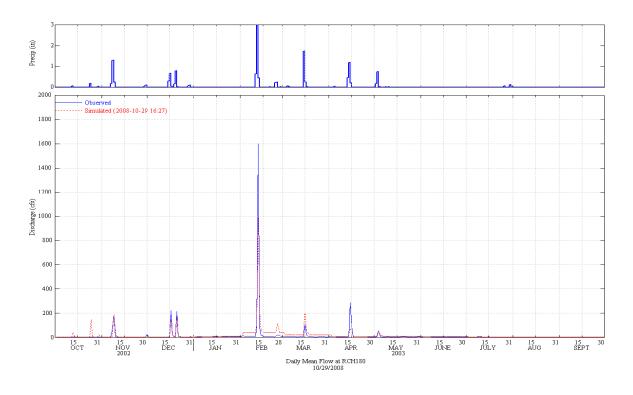


Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 2003)

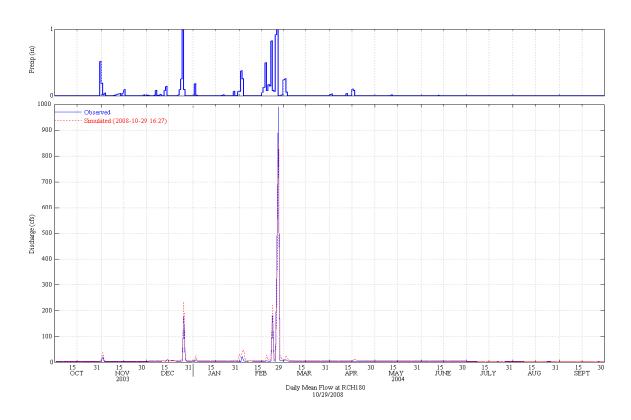


Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 2004)

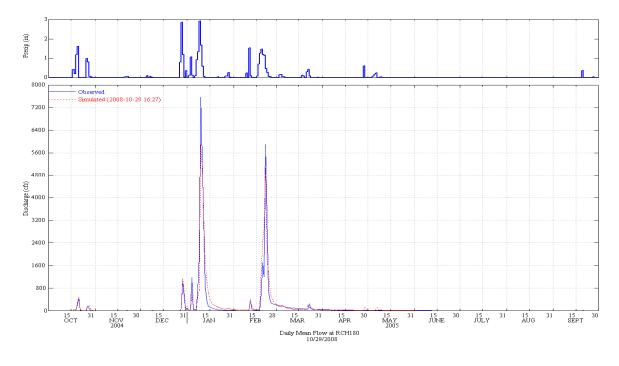


Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 2005)

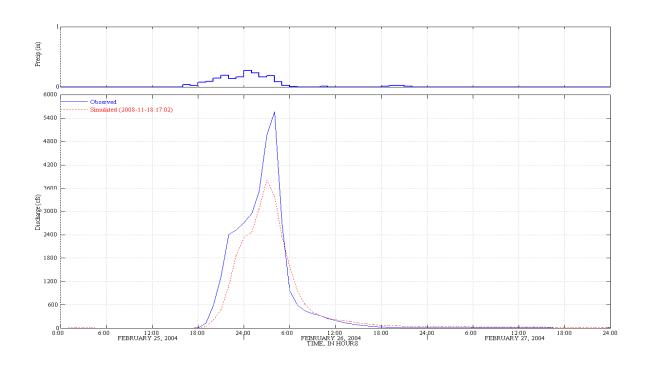


Figure 9 Simulated and Observed February 25-27, 2004 Storm Event

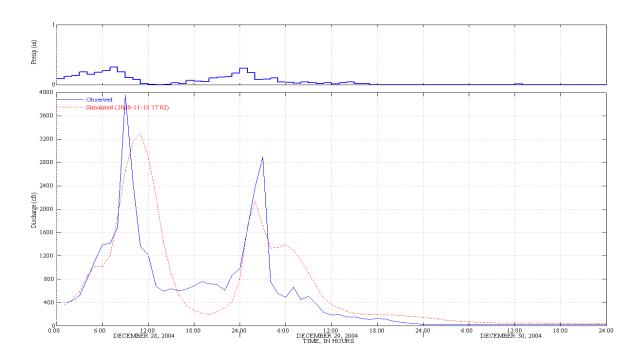


Figure 10 Simulated and Observed December 28-30, 2004 Storm Event

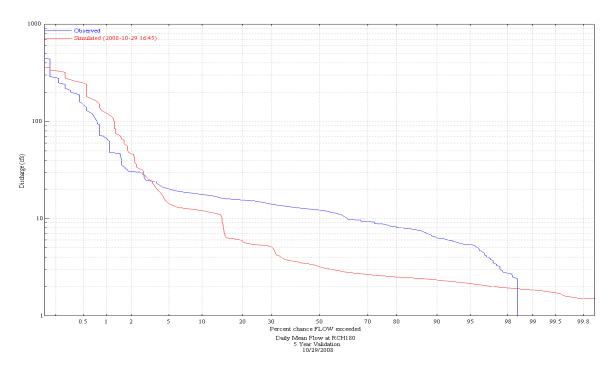


Figure 11 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at HWY99

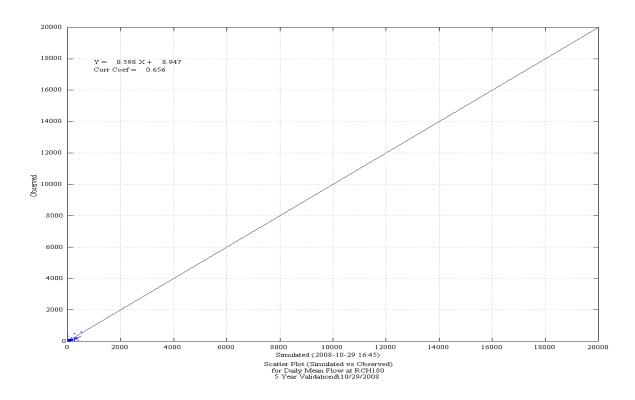


Figure 12 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at HWY99

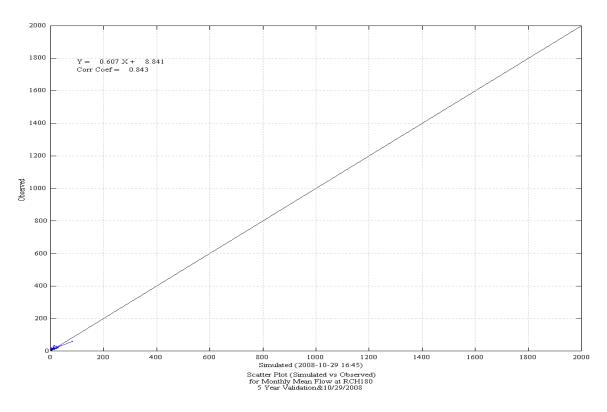


Figure 13 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at HWY99

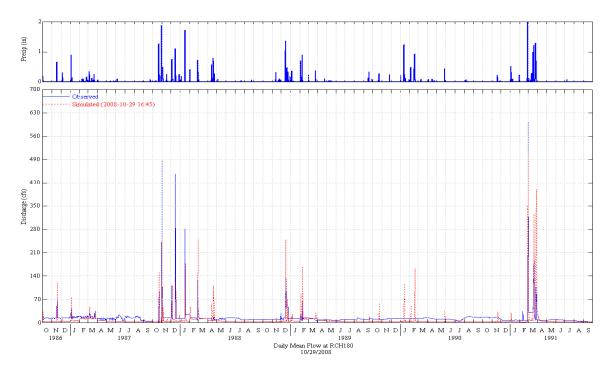


Figure 14 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1987-1991)

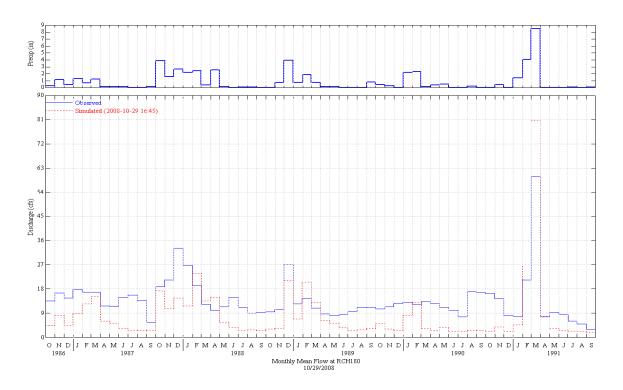


Figure 15 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at HWY99 (WY 1987-1991)

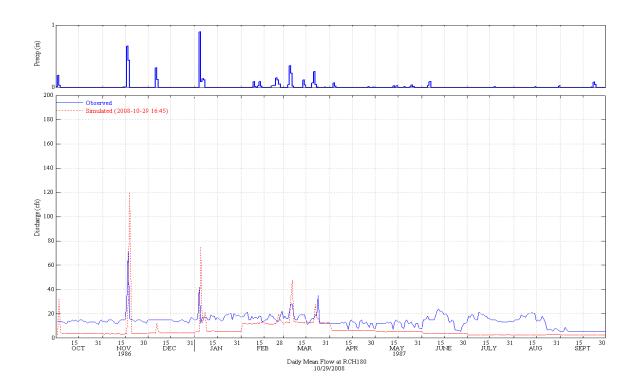


Figure 16 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1987)

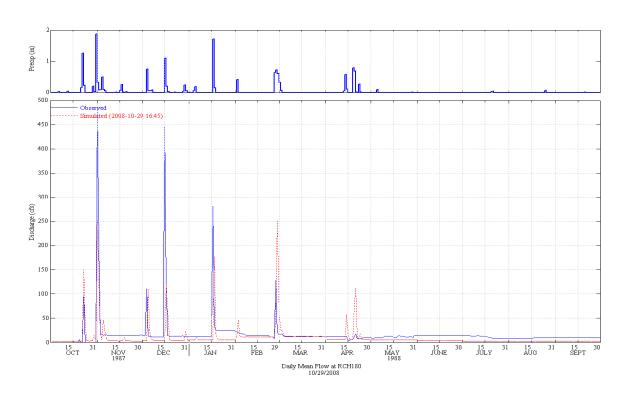


Figure 17 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1988)

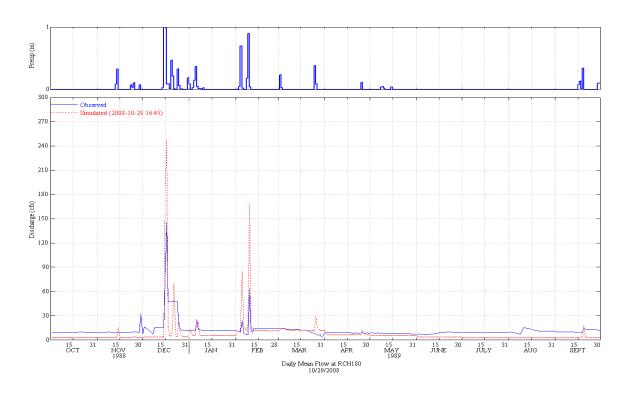


Figure 18 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1989)

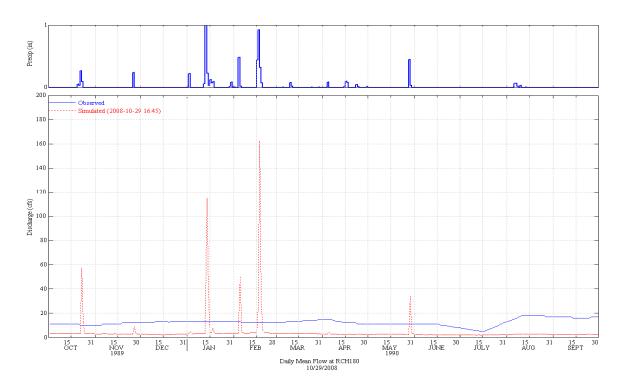


Figure 19 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1990)

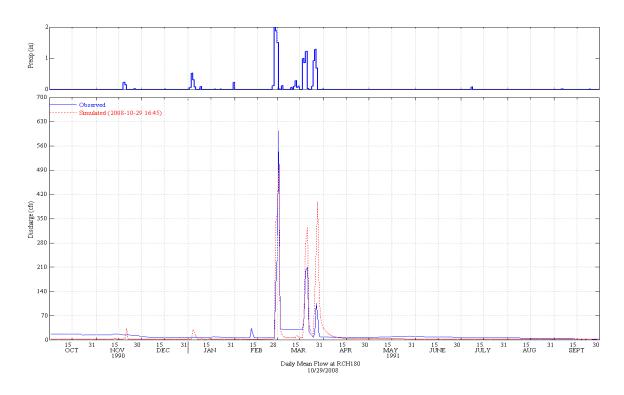


Figure 20 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at HWY99 (WY 1991)



APPENDIX I

HYDROLOGY CALIBRATION / VALIDATION RESULTS FOR THE SANTA CLARA RIVER WATERSHED AT COUNTY LINE

Title		Page
CALIBRA1	TION	
Figure 1	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Co. Line	I-2
Figure 2	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Co. Line	
Figure 3	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Co. Line	
Figure 4	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1997-2005)	
Figure 5	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Co. Line (WY 1997-2005)	
Figure 6	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1997)	
Figure 7	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1998)	I-5
Figure 8	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1999)	I-5
Figure 9	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2000)	
Figure 10	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2001)	I-6
Figure 11	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2002)	I-7
Figure 12	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2003)	
Figure 13	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2004)	
Figure 14	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2005)	
Figure 15	Simulated and Observed January 15, 1997 Storm Event	
Figure 16	Simulated and Observed February 12, 2000 Storm Event	
Figure 17	Simulated and Observed March 5, 2001 Storm Event	
Figure 18	Simulated and Observed December 20, 2002 Storm Event	
Figure 19	Simulated and Observed February 12, 2003 Storm Event	I-11
VALIDATION		1.40
Figure 20	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Co. Line	
Figure 21	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Co. Line	
Figure 22	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Co. Line	
Figure 23	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1987-1996)	
Figure 24	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Co. Line (WY 1987-1996)	
Figure 25	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1987)	
Figure 26	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1988)	
Figure 27 Figure 28	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1999)	
Figure 29	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1991)	
Figure 30	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1991)	
Figure 31	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1993)	
Figure 32	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1994)	
Figure 33	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1995)	
Figure 34	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1996)	
Figure 35	Simulated and Observed February 10, 1992 Storm Event	
Figure 36	Simulated and Observed January 6, 1993 Storm Event	
Figure 37	Simulated and Observed February 7, 1993 Storm Event	
Figure 38	Simulated and Observed January 24, 1995 Storm Event	
•	Simulated and Observed March 3 1995 Storm Event	I_21

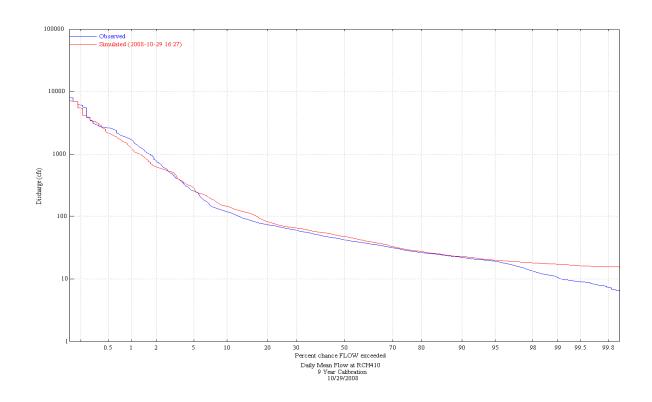


Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Co. Line

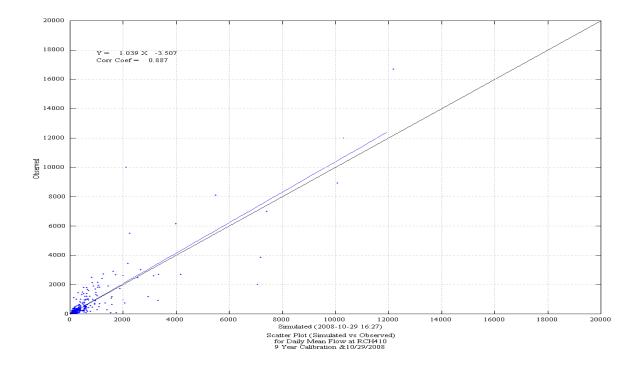


Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Co. Line

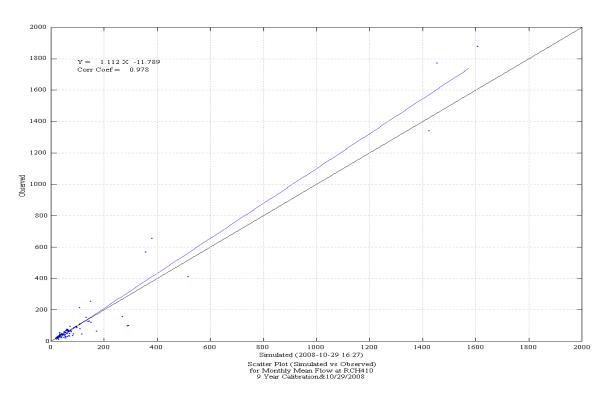


Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Co. Line

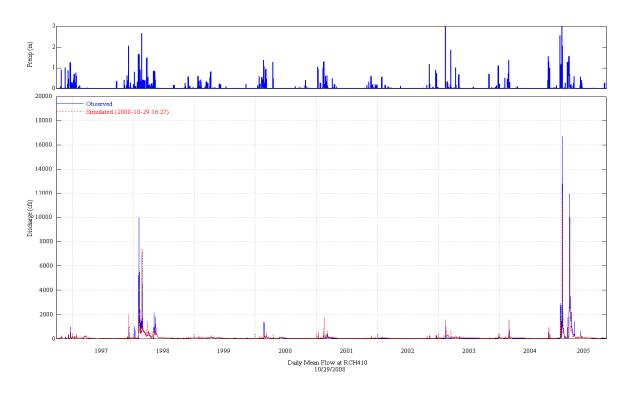


Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1997-2005)

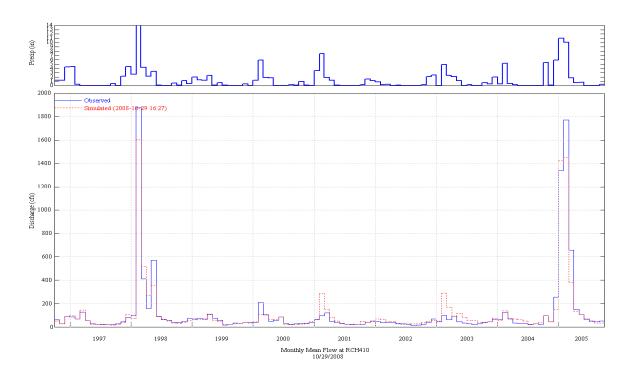


Figure 5 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Co. Line (WY 1997-2005)

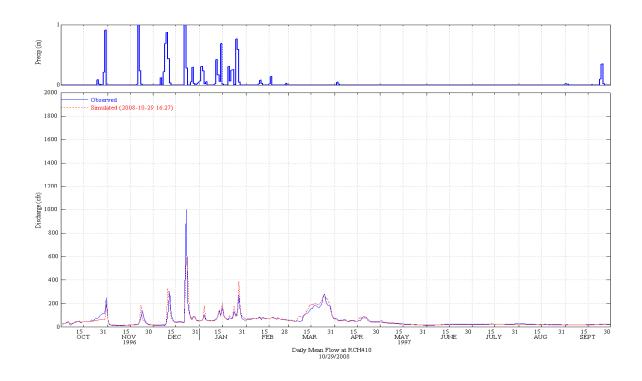


Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1997)

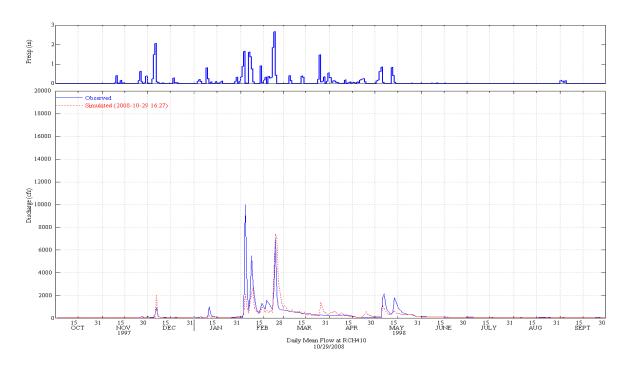


Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1998)

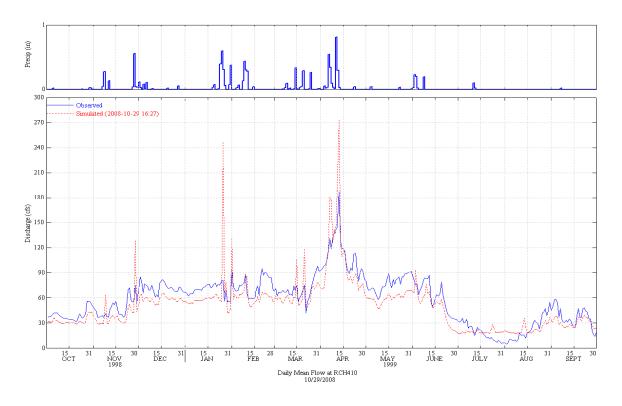


Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1999)

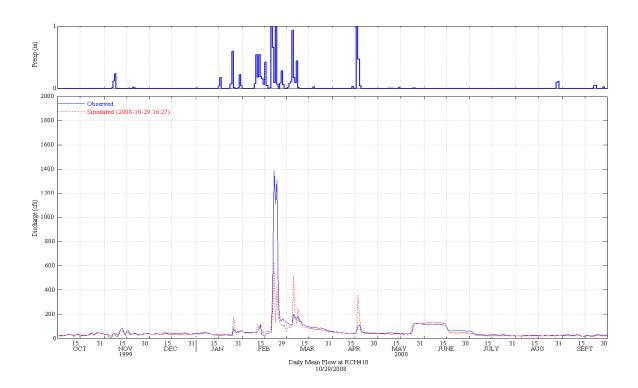


Figure 9 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2000)

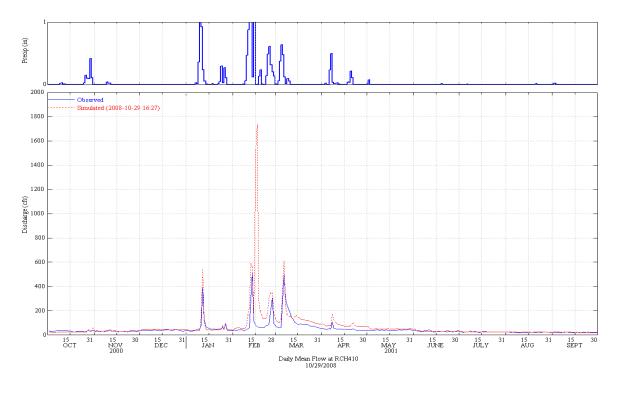


Figure 10 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2001)

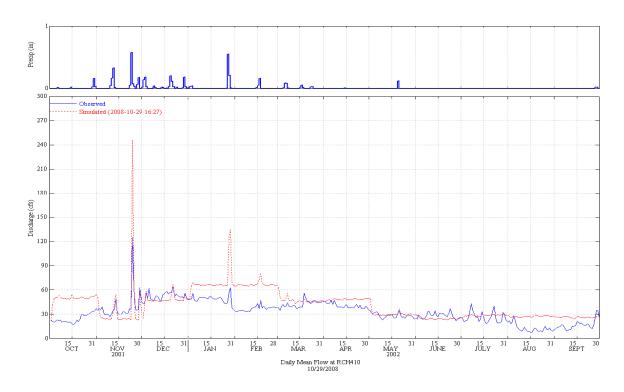


Figure 11 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2002)

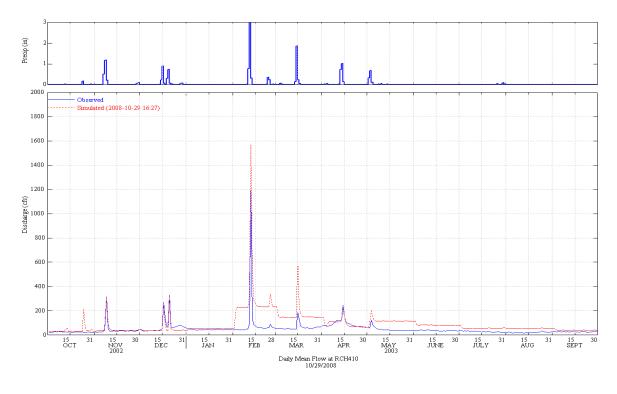


Figure 12 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2003)

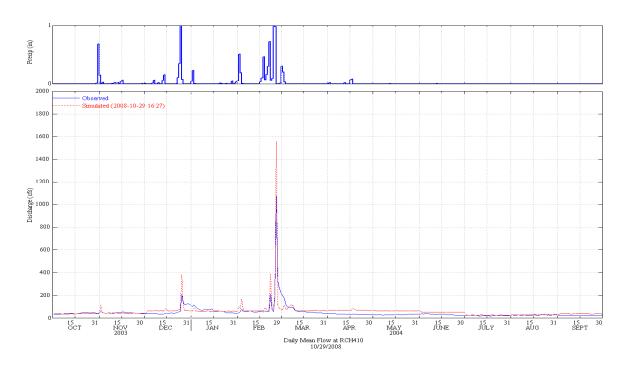


Figure 13 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2004)

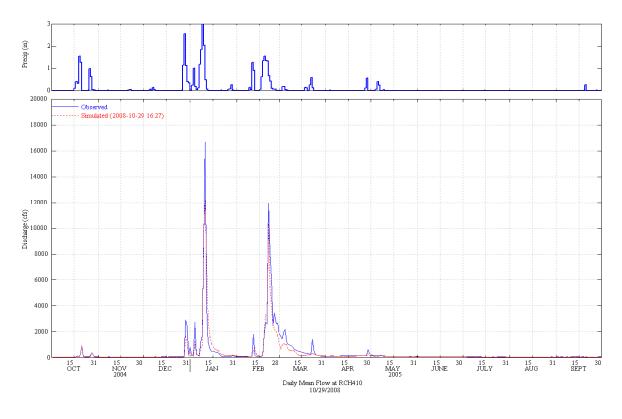


Figure 14 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 2005)

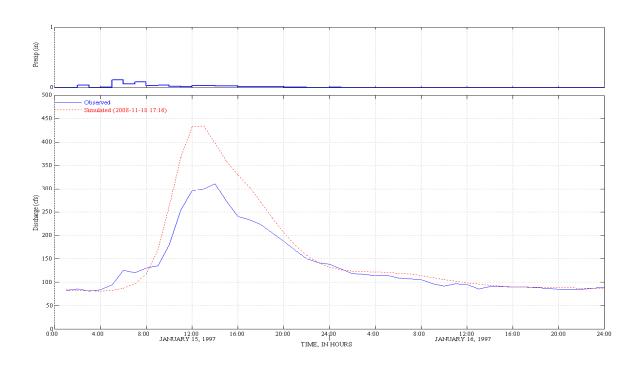


Figure 15 Simulated and Observed January 15, 1997 Storm Event

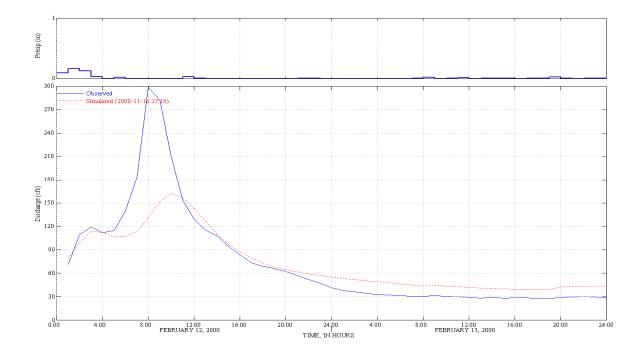


Figure 16 Simulated and Observed February 12, 2000 Storm Event

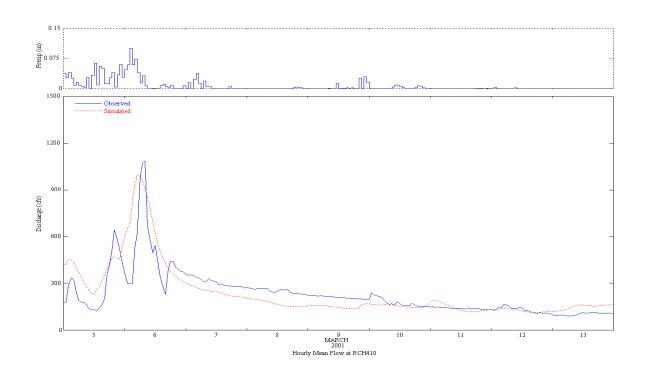


Figure 17 Simulated and Observed March 5, 2001 Storm Event

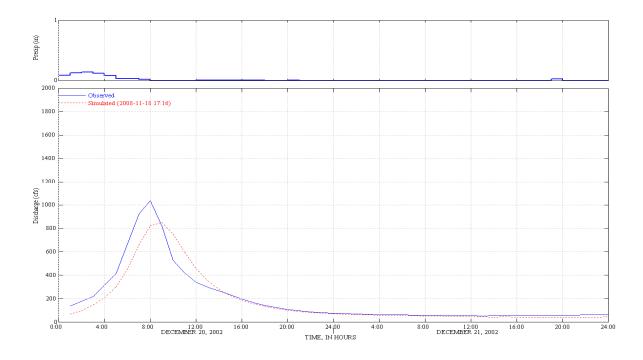


Figure 18 Simulated and Observed December 20, 2002 Storm Event

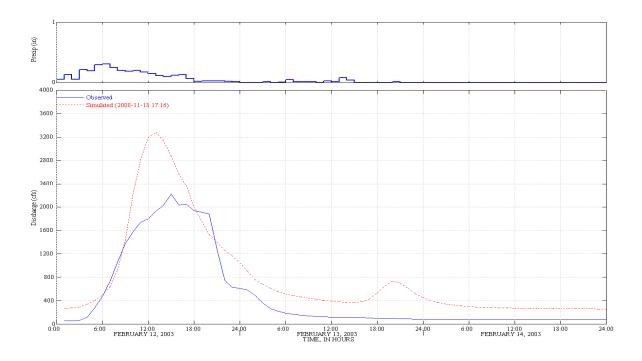


Figure 19 Simulated and Observed February 12, 2003 Storm Event

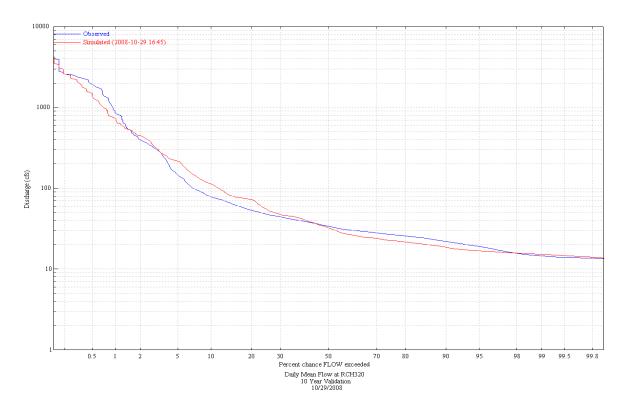


Figure 20 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Co. Line

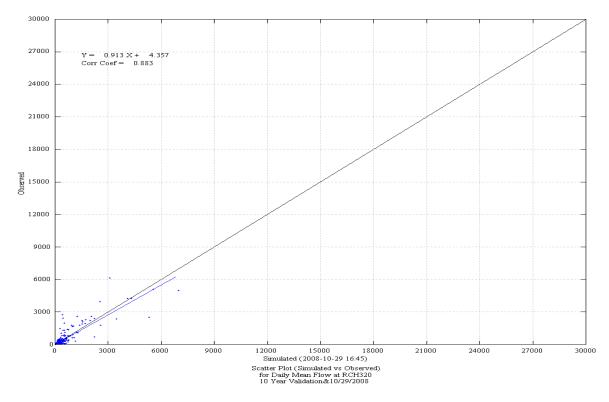


Figure 21 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Co. Line



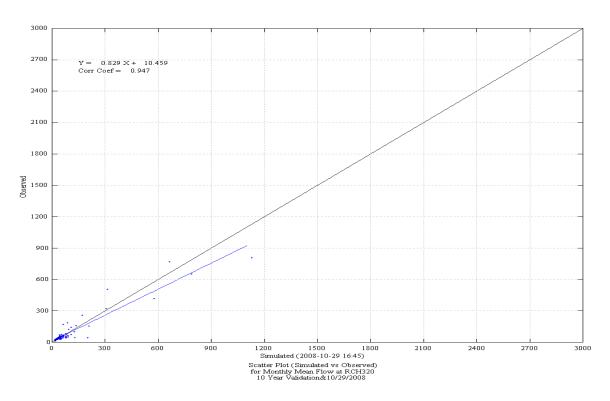


Figure 22 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Co. Line

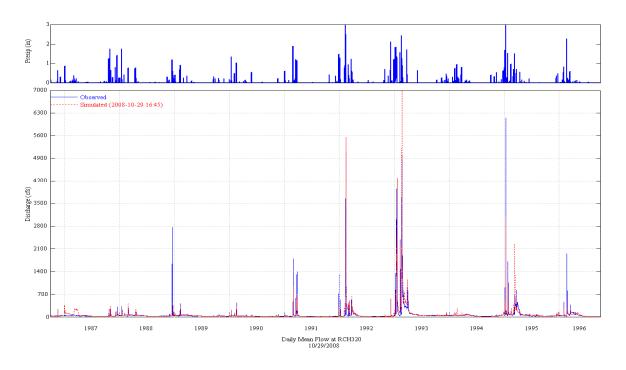


Figure 23 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1987-1996)

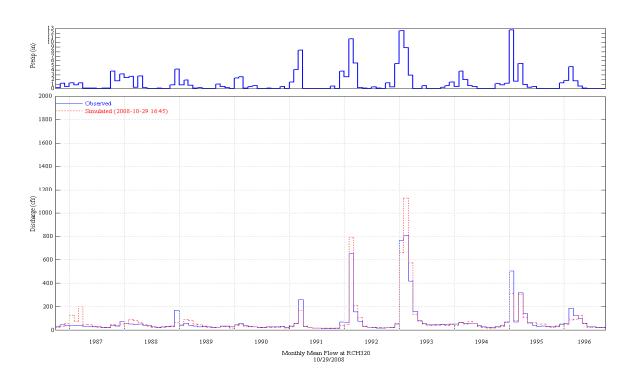


Figure 24 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Co. Line (WY 1987-1996)

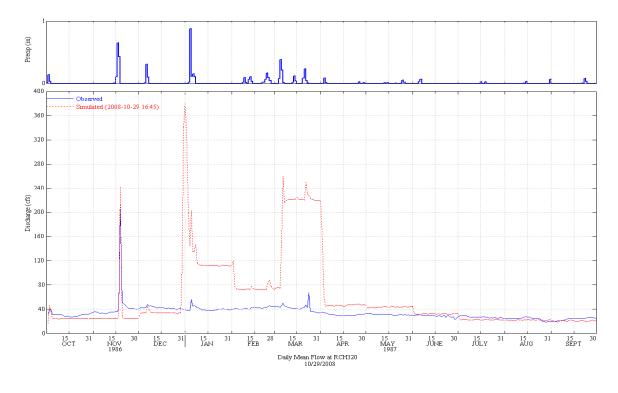


Figure 25 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1987)

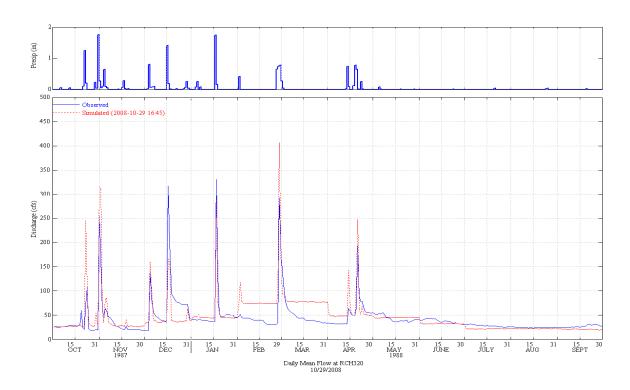


Figure 26 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1988)

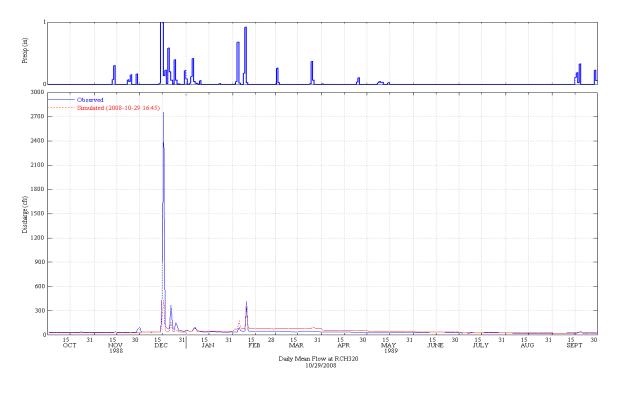


Figure 27 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1989)

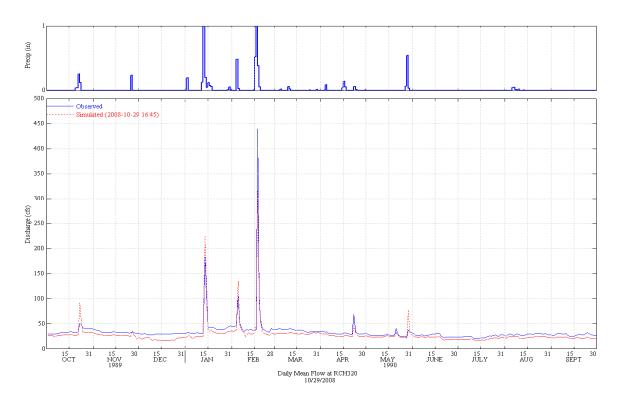


Figure 28 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1990)

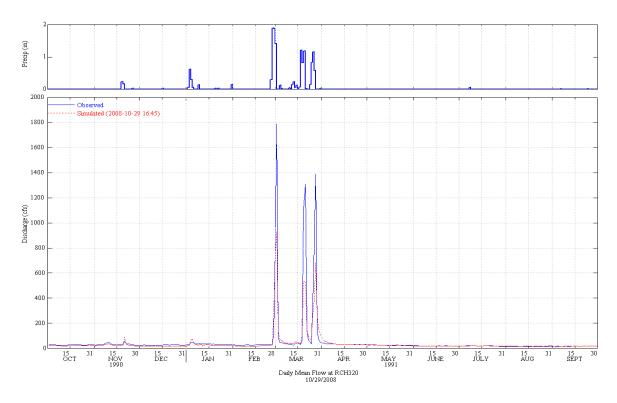


Figure 29 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1991)

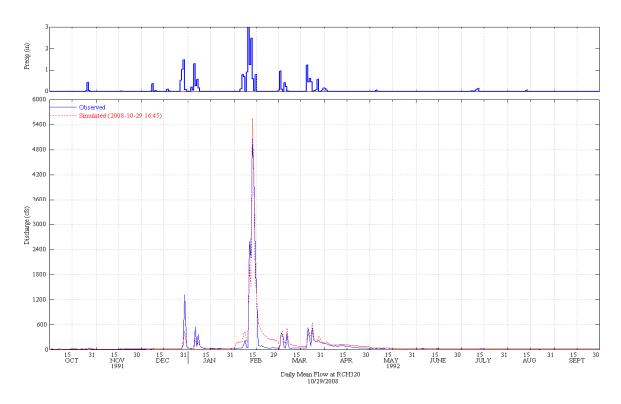


Figure 30 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1992)

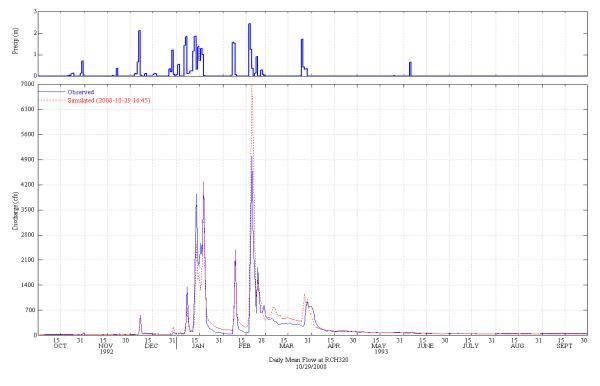


Figure 31 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1993)

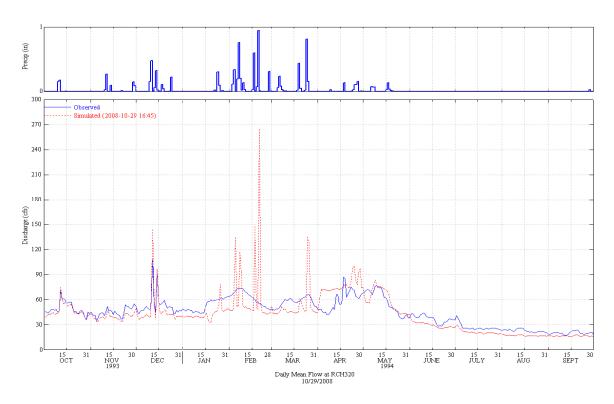


Figure 32 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1994)

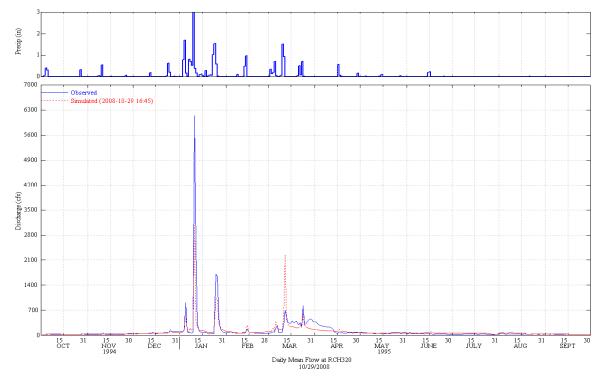


Figure 33 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1995)

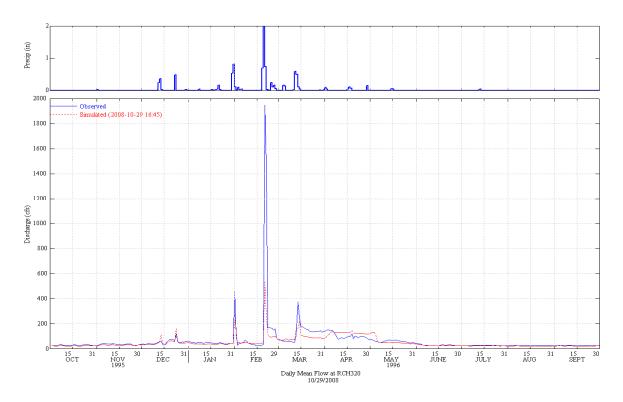


Figure 34 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Co. Line (WY 1996)

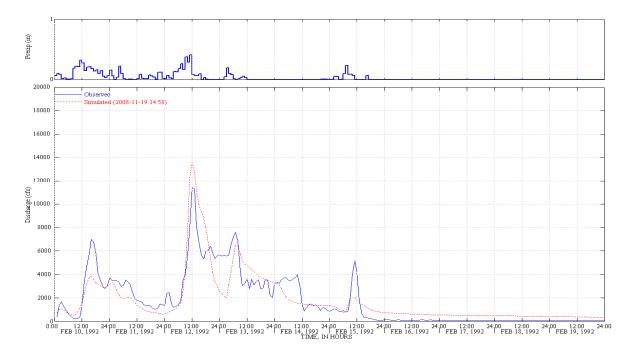


Figure 35 Simulated and Observed February 10, 1992 Storm Event

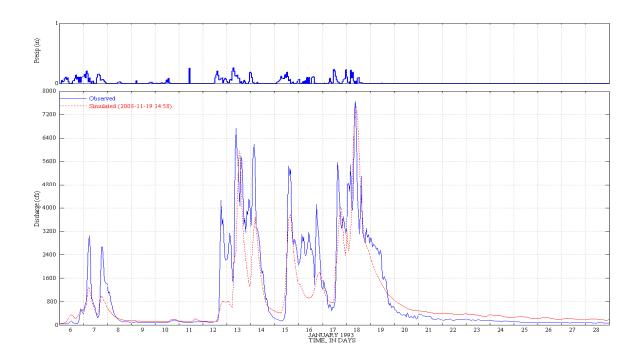


Figure 36 Simulated and Observed January 6, 1993 Storm Event

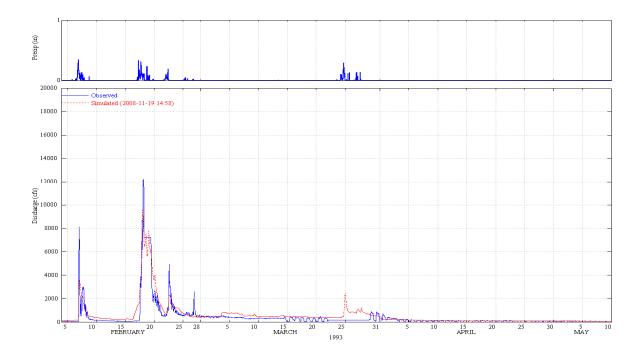


Figure 37 Simulated and Observed February 7, 1993 Storm Event

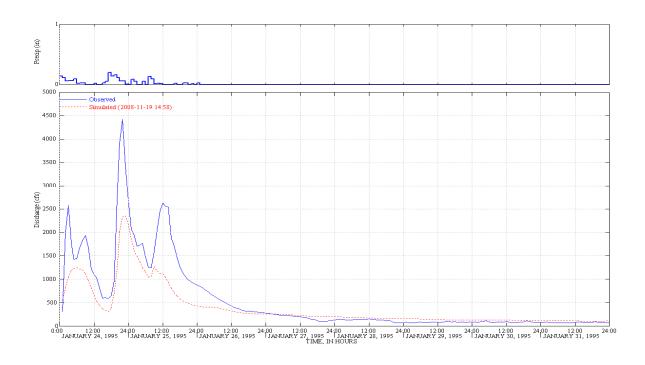


Figure 38 Simulated and Observed January 24, 1995 Storm Event

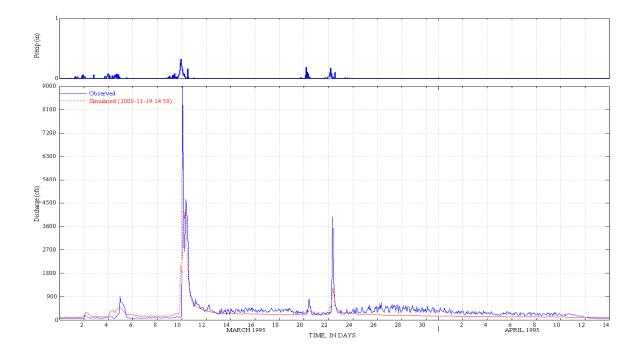


Figure 39 Simulated and Observed March 3, 1995 Storm Event

APPENDIX J

HYDROLOGY CALIBRATION / VALIDATION RESULTS FOR THE PIRU CREEK WATERSHED **ABOVE PIRU**

Tille		Fay
CALIBRAT	ΓΙΟΝ	
Figure 1	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Ab. Piru	J-2
Figure 2	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Ab. Piru	J-2
Figure 3	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Ab. Piru	J-3
Figure 4	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1997-2005)	J-3
Figure 5	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1997-2005)	J-4
Figure 6	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1997)	J-4
Figure 7	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1998)	J-5
Figure 8	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1999)	
Figure 9	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2000)	J-6
Figure 10	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2001)	J-6
Figure 11	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2002)	J-7
Figure 12	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2003)	J-7
Figure 13	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2004)	
Figure 14	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2005)	J-8
Figure 15	Simulated and Observed January 25, 1997 Storm Event	
Figure 16	Simulated and Observed February 26, 2001 Storm Event	J-9
Figure 17		
Figure 18	Simulated and Observed March 15, 2003 Storm Event	
Figure 19	Simulated and Observed December 28, 2004 Storm Event	J-11
<u>VALIDATI</u>	<u>ON</u>	
Figure 20	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Ab. Piru	J-12
Figure 21	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Ab. Piru	J-12
Figure 22	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Ab. Piru	J-13
Figure 23	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1987-1996)	J-13
Figure 24	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1987-1996)	
Figure 25	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1987)	
Figure 26	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1988)	J-15
Figure 27	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1989)	
Figure 28	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1990)	J-16
Figure 29	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1991)	
Figure 30	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1992)	J-17
Figure 31	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1993)	J-17
Figure 32	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1994)	J-18
Figure 33	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1995)	J-18
Figure 34	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1996)	J-19
Figure 35	Simulated and Observed March 18, 1992 Storm Event	J-19
Figure 36	Simulated and Observed February 7, 1993 Storm Event	J-20
Figure 37	Simulated and Observed January 8, 1995 Storm Event	
Figure 38	Simulated and Observed January 23, 1995 Storm Event	
•	Simulated and Observed February 13, 1995 Storm Event	

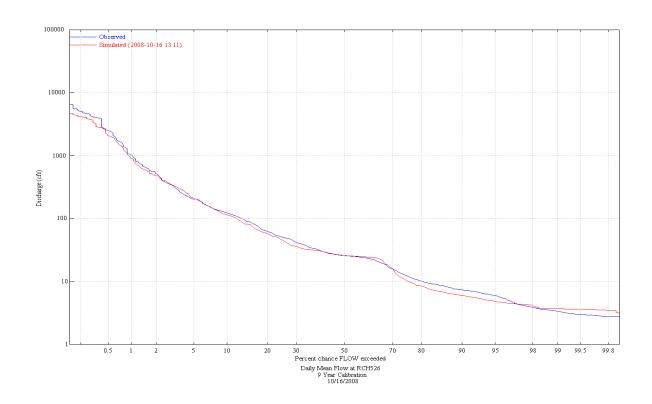


Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Ab. Piru

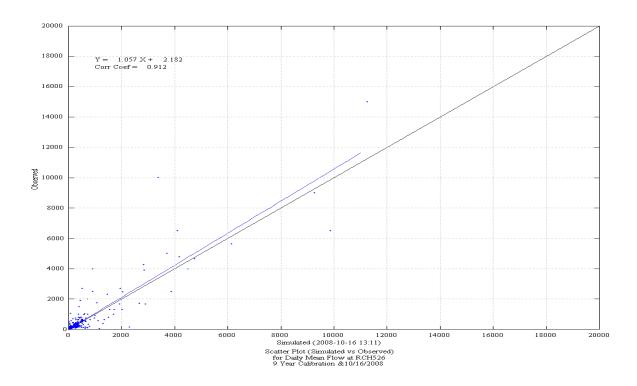


Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Ab. Piru

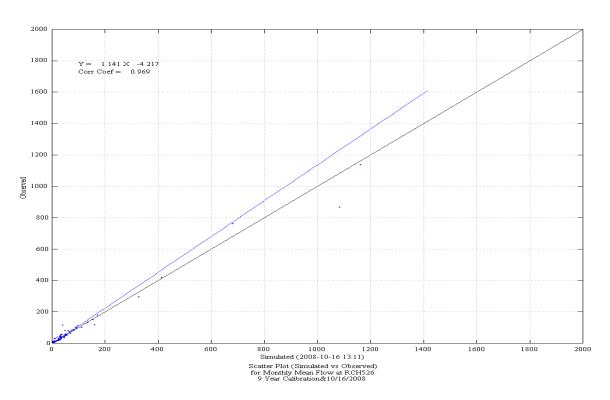


Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Ab. Piru

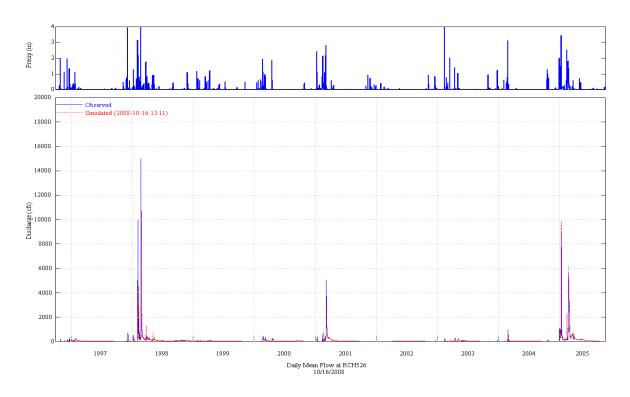
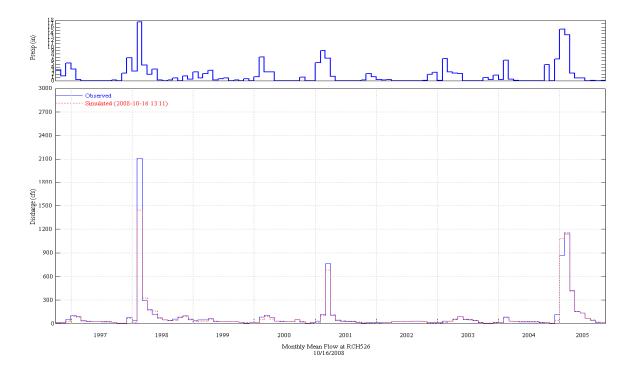


Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1997-2005)





Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1997-2005) Figure 5

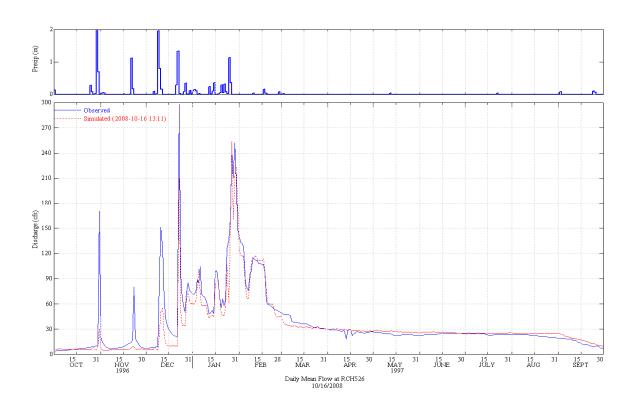


Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1997)



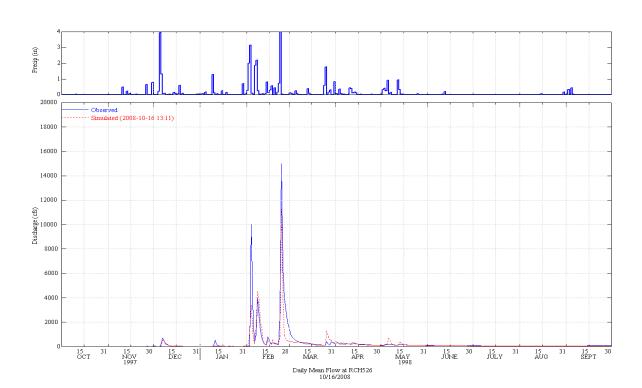


Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1998)

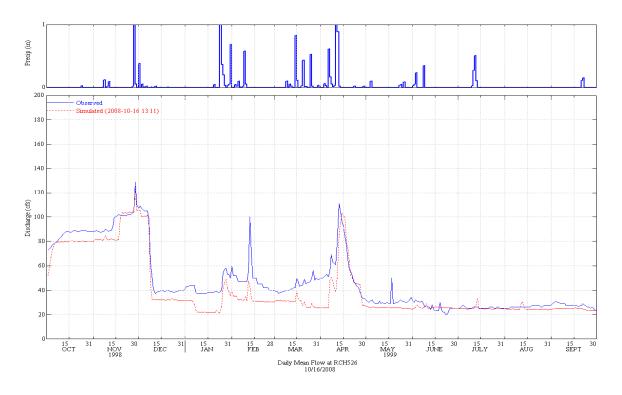


Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1999)



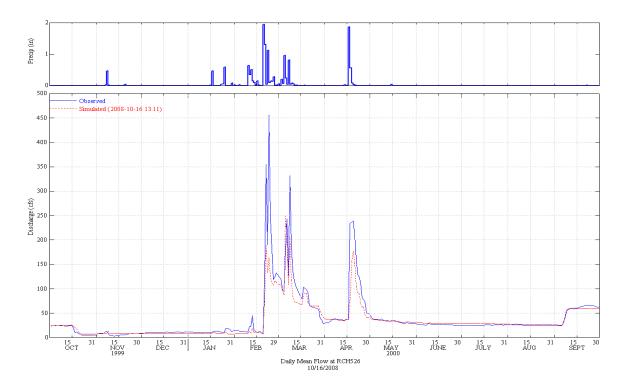


Figure 9 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2000)

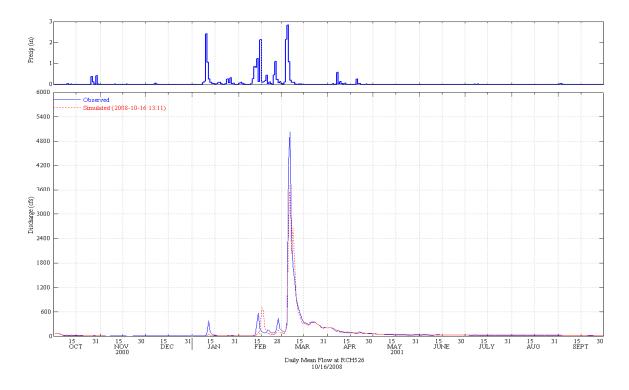


Figure 10 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2001)

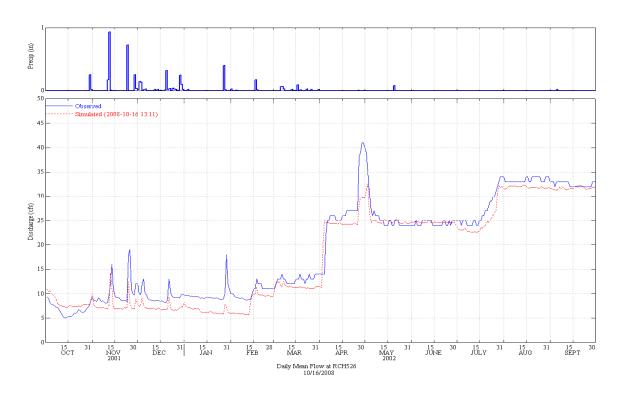


Figure 11 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2002)

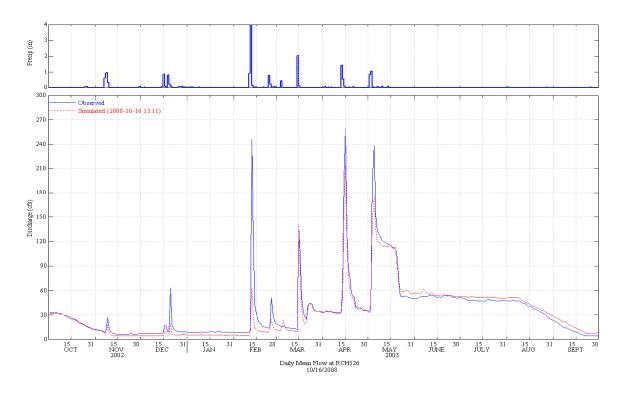


Figure 12 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2003)

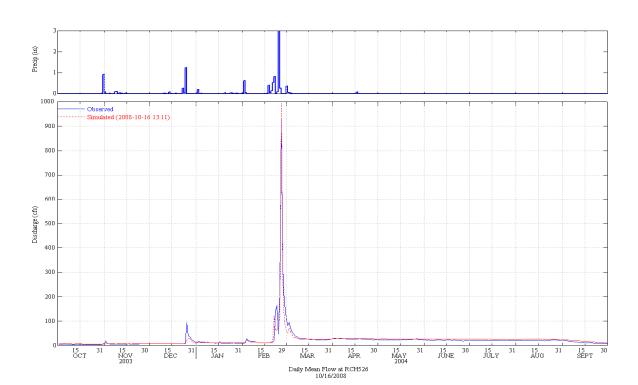


Figure 13 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2004)

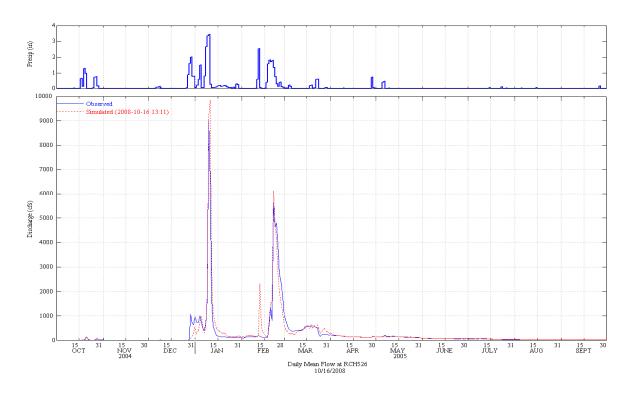


Figure 14 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 2005)

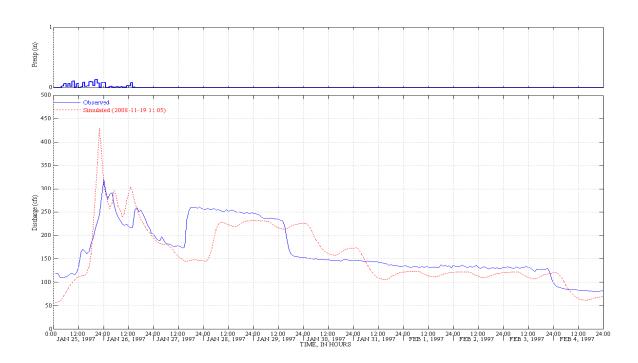


Figure 15 Simulated and Observed January 25, 1997 Storm Event

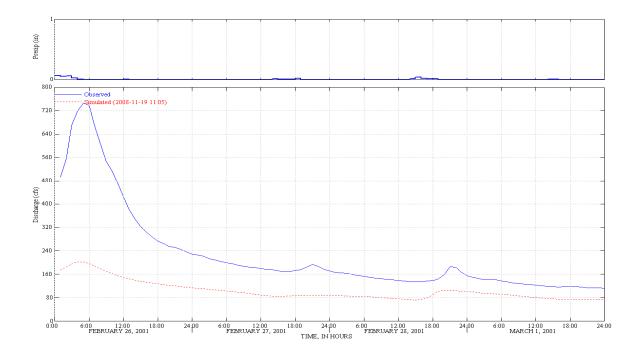


Figure 16 Simulated and Observed February 26, 2001 Storm Event

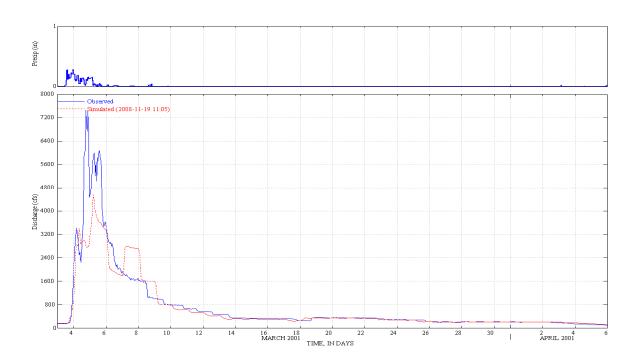


Figure 17 Simulated and Observed March 4, 2001 Storm Event

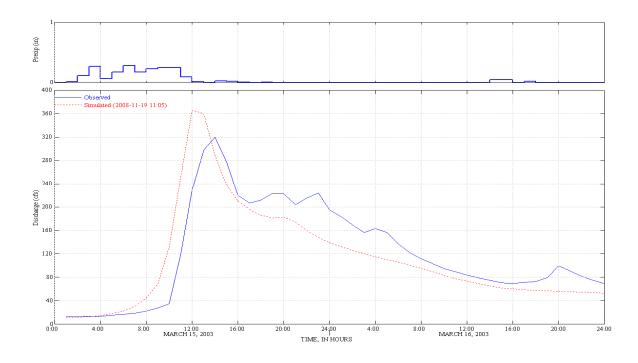


Figure 18 Simulated and Observed March 15, 2003 Storm Event

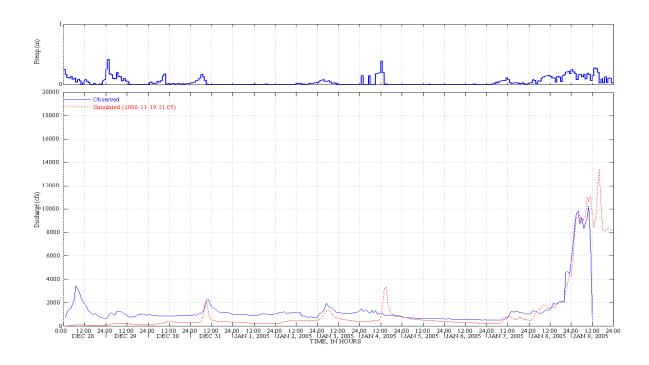


Figure 19 Simulated and Observed December 28, 2004 Storm Event

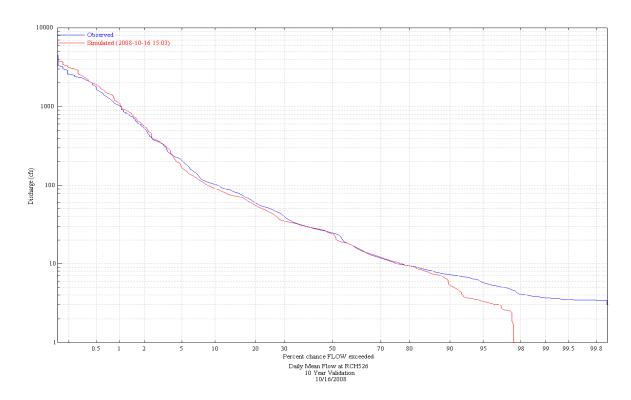


Figure 20 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Ab. Piru

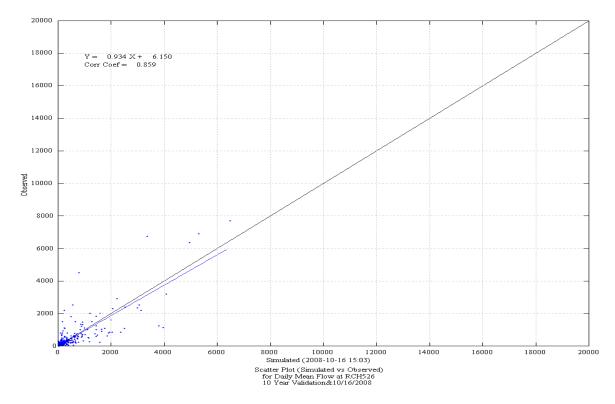


Figure 21 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Ab. Piru

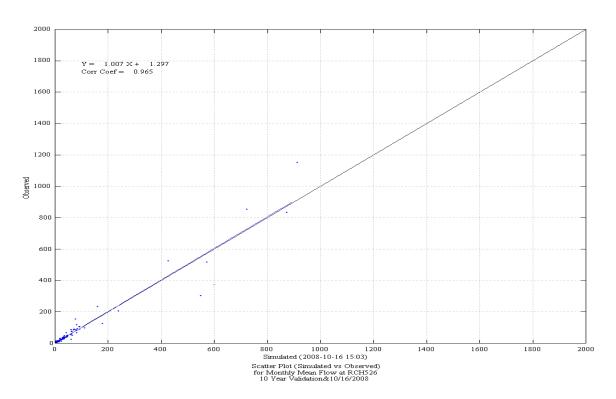


Figure 22 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Ab. Piru

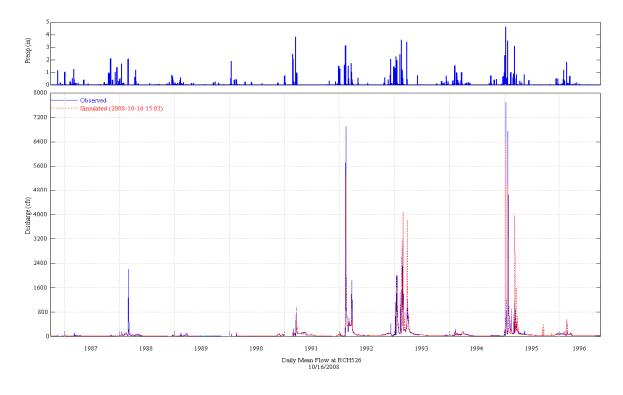


Figure 23 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1987-1996)

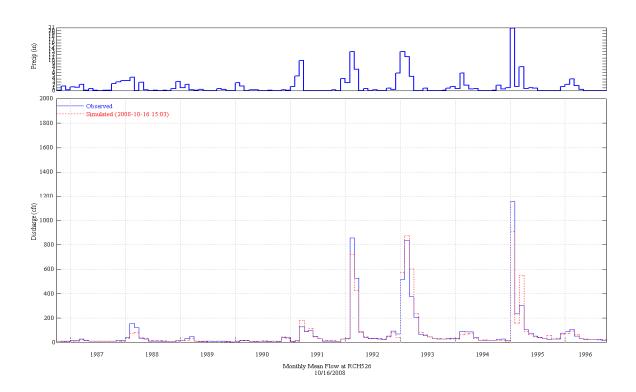


Figure 24 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1987-1996)

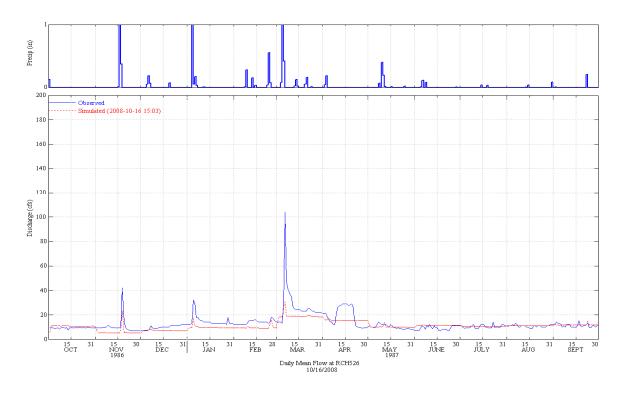


Figure 25 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1987)



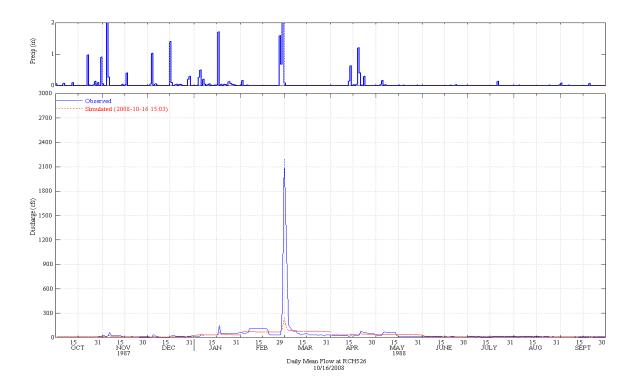


Figure 26 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1988)

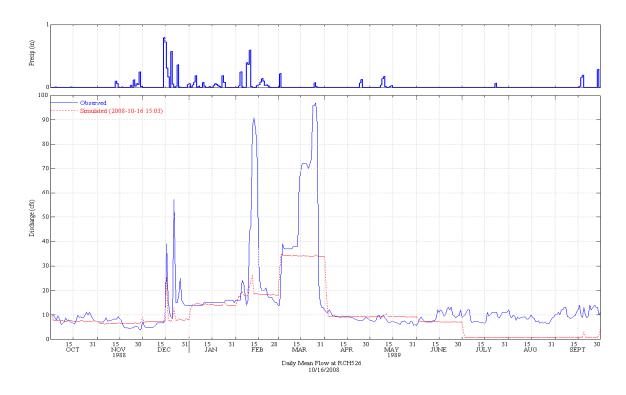


Figure 27 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1989)



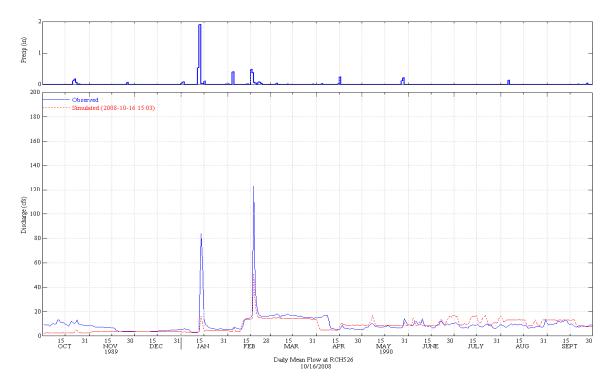


Figure 28 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1990)

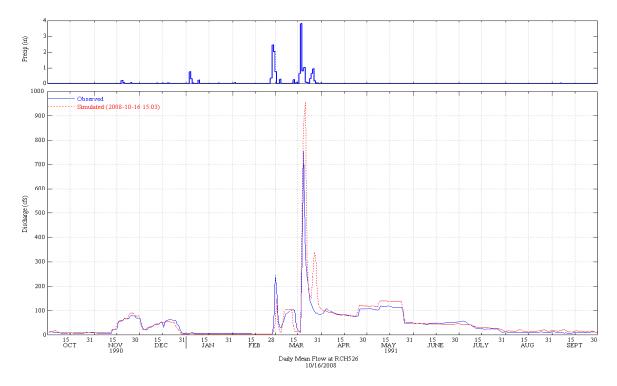


Figure 29 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1991)

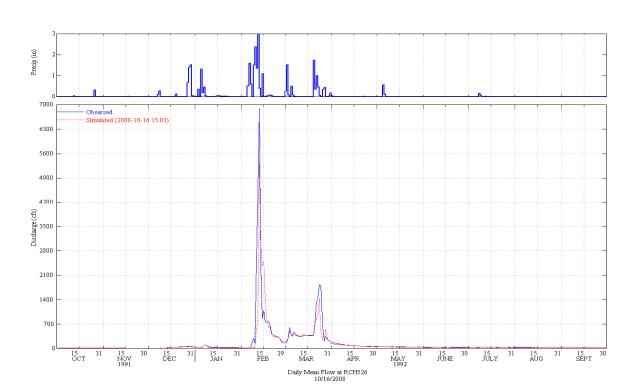


Figure 30 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1992)

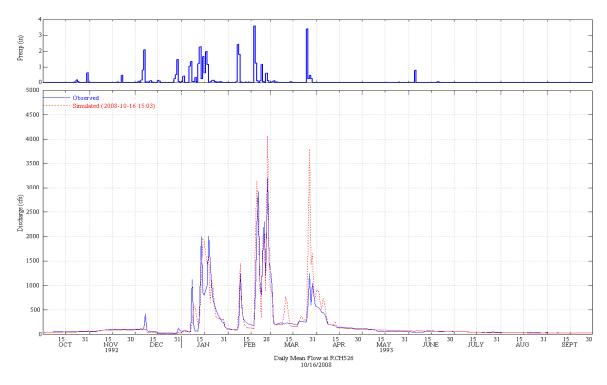


Figure 31 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1993)

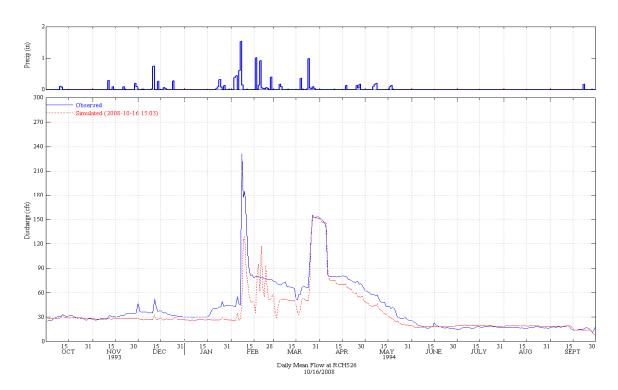


Figure 32 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1994)

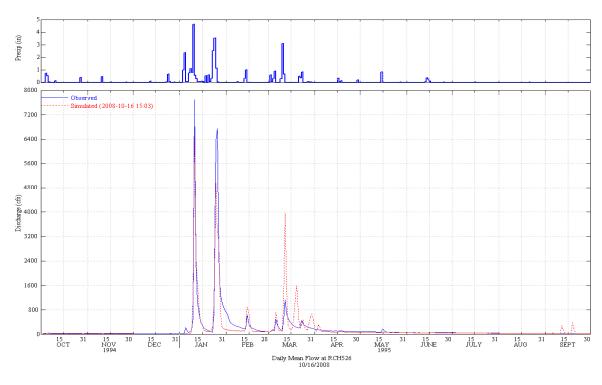


Figure 33 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1995)

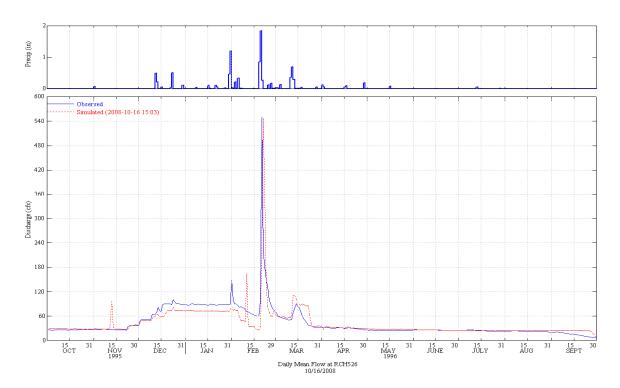


Figure 34 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Ab. Piru (WY 1996)

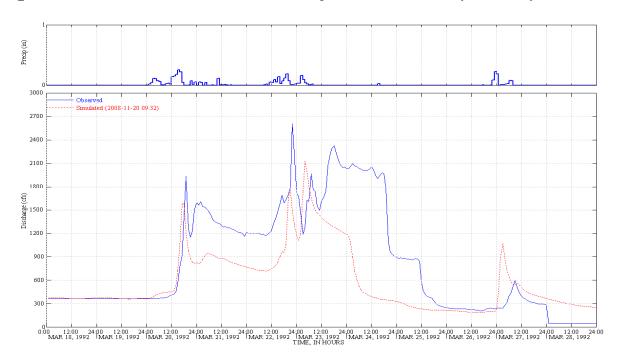
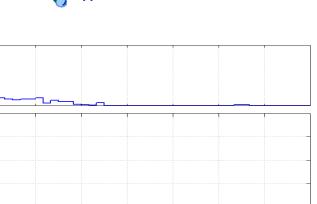


Figure 35 Simulated and Observed March 18, 1992 Storm Event



1200 400 6:00 12:00 18:00 24:00 6:00 FEBRUARY 8, 1993 18:00 24:00 6:00 FEBRUARY 9, 1993 18:00 TIME, INHOUS

Figure 36 Simulated and Observed February 7, 1993 Storm Event

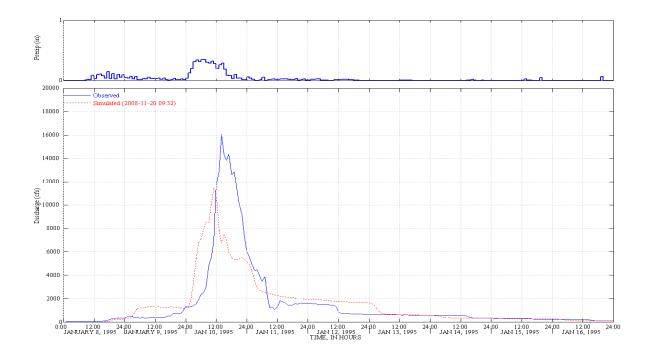


Figure 37 Simulated and Observed January 8, 1995 Storm Event

Precip (in)

4000

3200 2800

Discharge (cfs)

Simulated (2008-11-20 09:32)

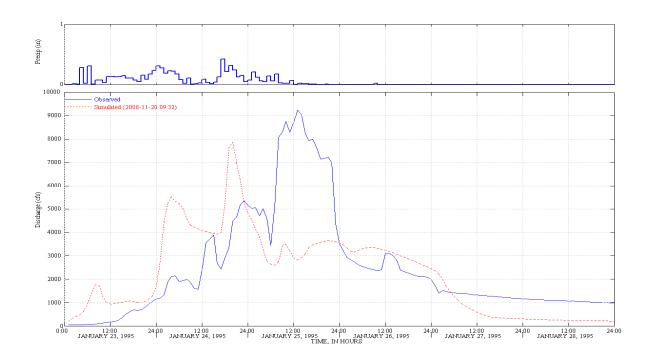


Figure 38 Simulated and Observed January 23, 1995 Storm Event

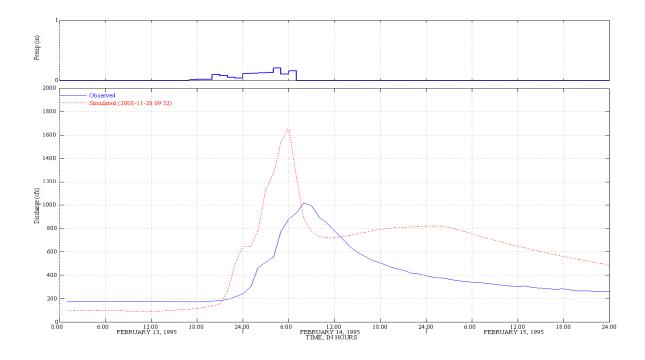


Figure 39 Simulated and Observed February 13, 1995 Storm Event



APPENDIX K

HYDROLOGY CALIBRATION / VALIDATION RESULTS FOR THE SANTA CLARA RIVER WATERSHED AT MONTALVO

litie		Pag
CALIBRAT	TION	
Figure 1	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Montalvo	K-2
Figure 2	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Montalvo	
Figure 3	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Montalvo	
Figure 4	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1997-2005)	
Figure 5	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Montalvo (WY 1997-2005)	
Figure 6	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1997)	
Figure 7	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1998)	
Figure 8	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1999)	
Figure 9	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2000)	
Figure 10	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2001)	K-6
Figure 11	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2002)	K-7
Figure 12	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2003)	K-7
Figure 13	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2004)	K-8
Figure 14	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2005)	
Figure 15	Simulated and Observed January 25-27, 1997 Storm Event	
Figure 16	Simulated and Observed March 4-7, 2001 Storm Event	
Figure 17	Simulated and Observed October 19-21, 2004 Storm Event	
Figure 18	Simulated and Observed February 15-25, 2005 Storm Event	
Figure 19	Simulated and Observed March 21-24, 2005 Storm Event	<-11
VALIDATION	ON	
Figure 20	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Montalvo	<-12
Figure 21	Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Montalvo	<-12
Figure 22	Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Montalvo I	<-13
Figure 23	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1990-1993)	<-13
Figure 24	Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Montalvo (WY 1990-1993)	<-14
Figure 25	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1990)	
Figure 26	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1991)	<-15
Figure 27	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1992)	
Figure 28	Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1993)	
Figure 29	Simulated and Observed February 10-13, 1992 Storm Event	
Figure 30	Simulated and Observed January 12-20, 1993 Storm Event	
Figure 31	Simulated and Observed February 18-24, 1993 Storm Event	<-17

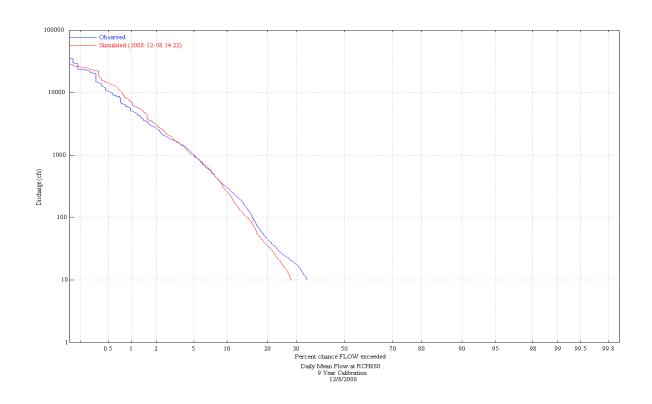


Figure 1 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Montalvo

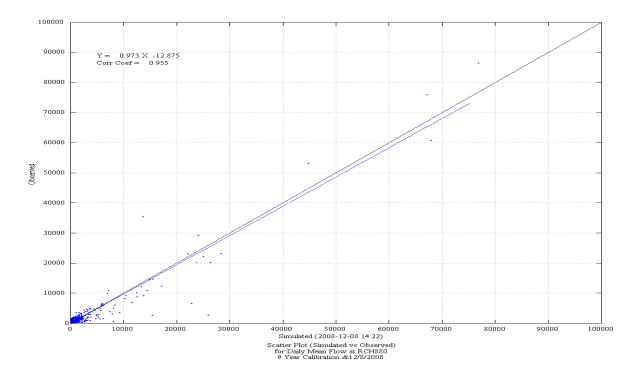


Figure 2 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Montalvo

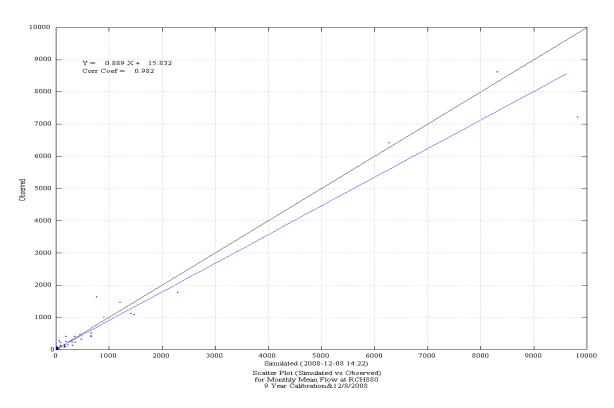


Figure 3 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Montalvo

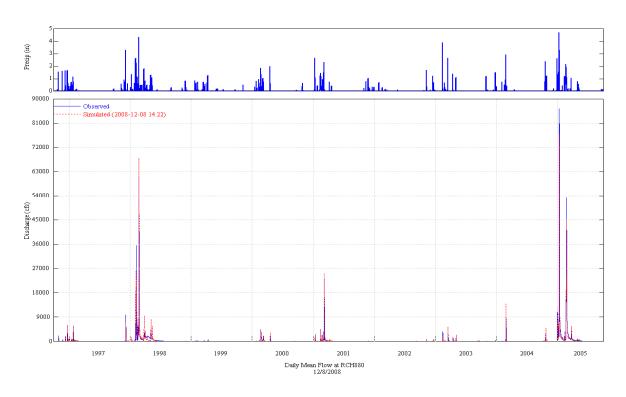


Figure 4 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1997-2005)

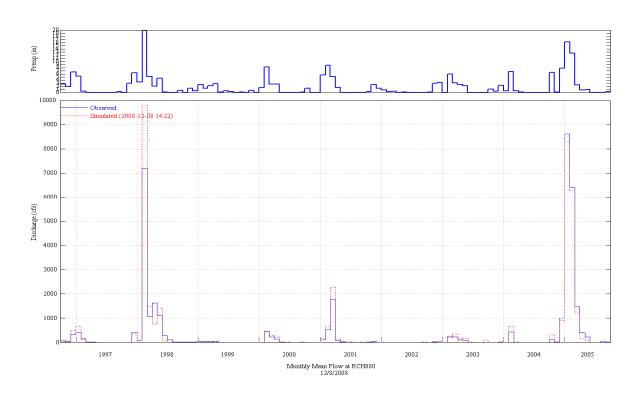


Figure 5 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Montalvo (WY 1997-2005)

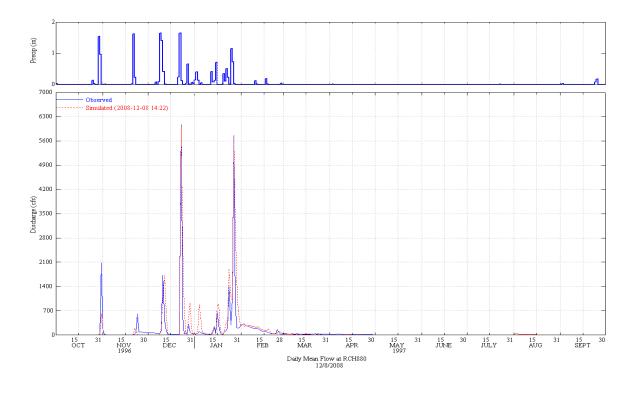


Figure 6 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1997)

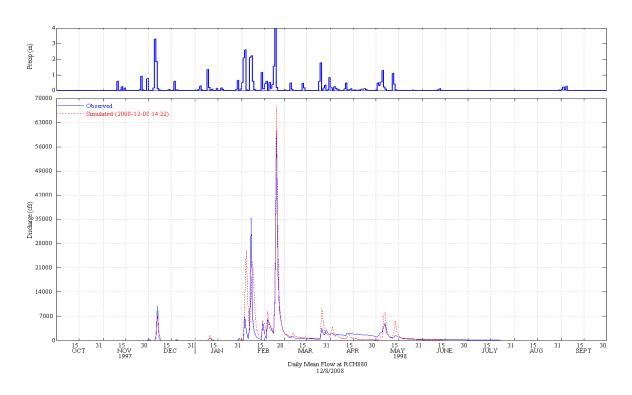


Figure 7 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1998)

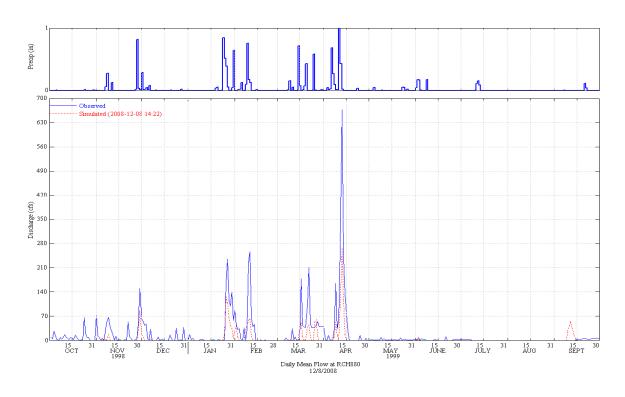


Figure 8 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1999)

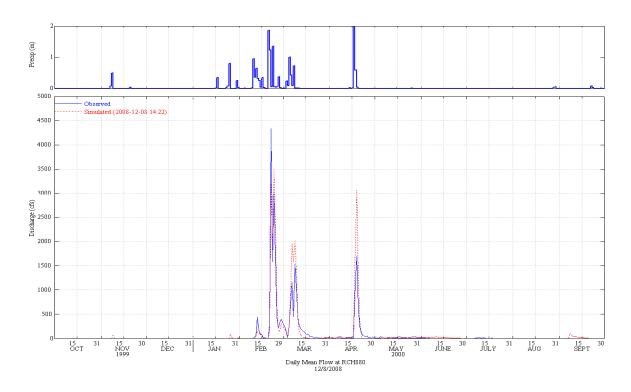


Figure 9 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2000)

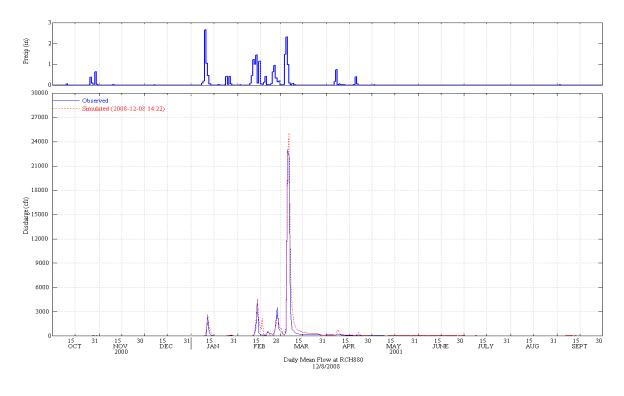


Figure 10 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2001)

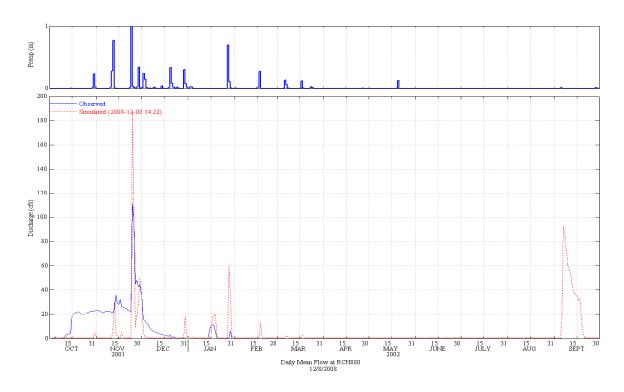


Figure 11 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2002)

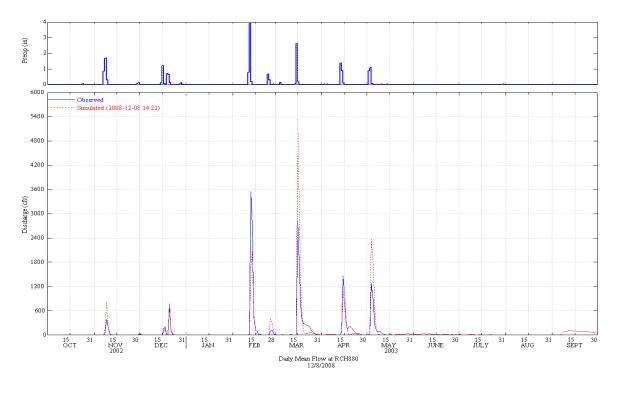


Figure 12 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2003)

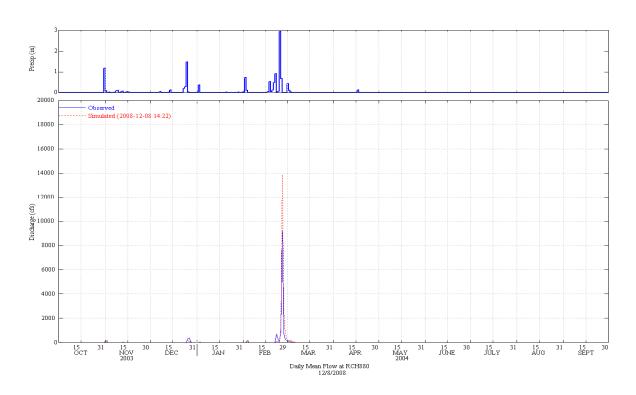


Figure 13 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2004)

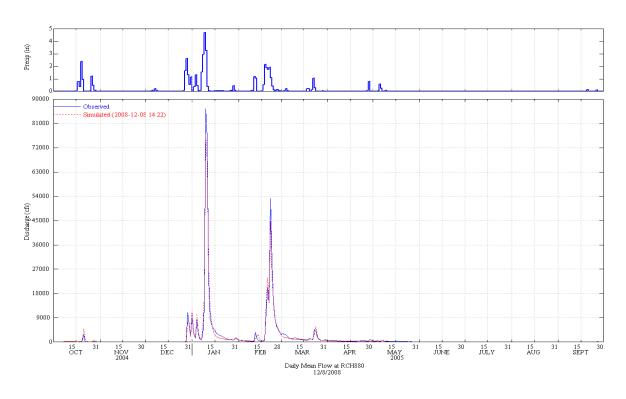


Figure 14 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 2005)

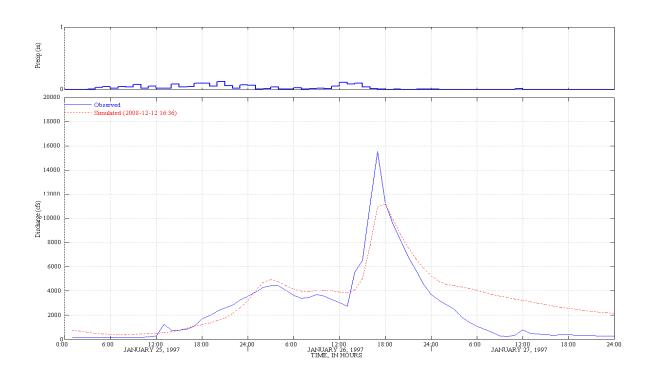


Figure 15 Simulated and Observed January 25-27, 1997 Storm Event

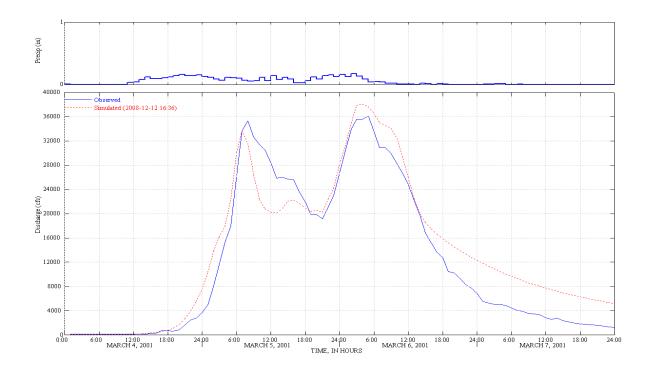


Figure 16 Simulated and Observed March 4-7, 2001 Storm Event

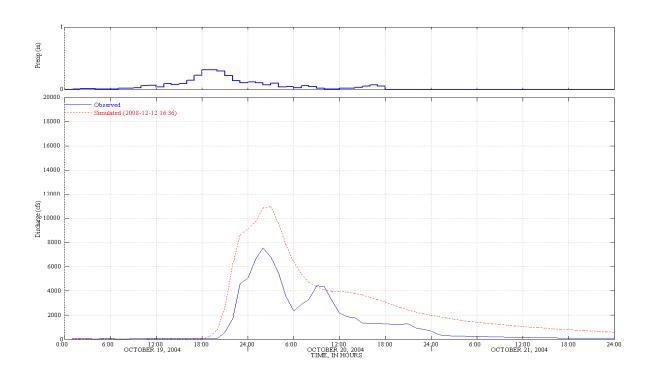


Figure 17 Simulated and Observed October 19-21, 2004 Storm Event

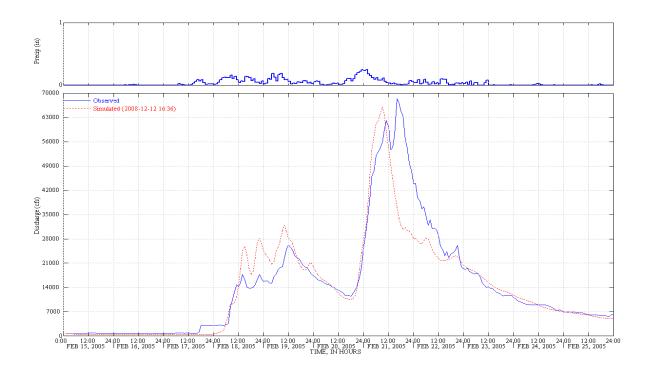


Figure 18 Simulated and Observed February 15-25, 2005 Storm Event

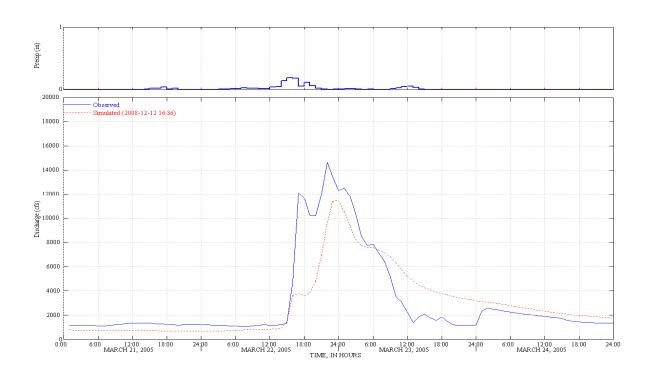


Figure 19 Simulated and Observed March 21-24, 2005 Storm Event

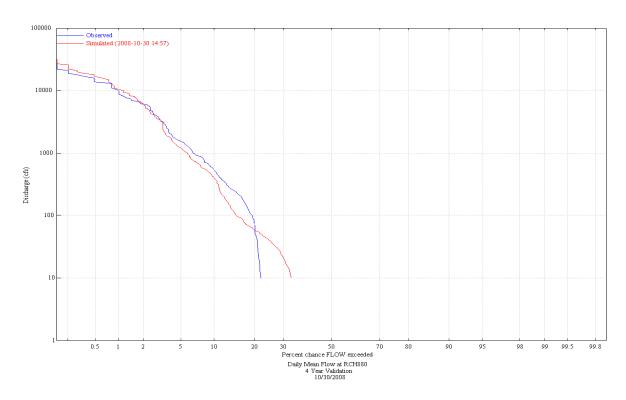


Figure 20 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow Duration Curve at Montalvo

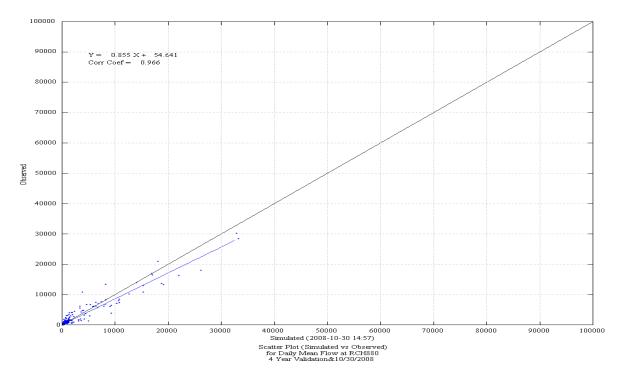


Figure 21 Daily Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Montalvo

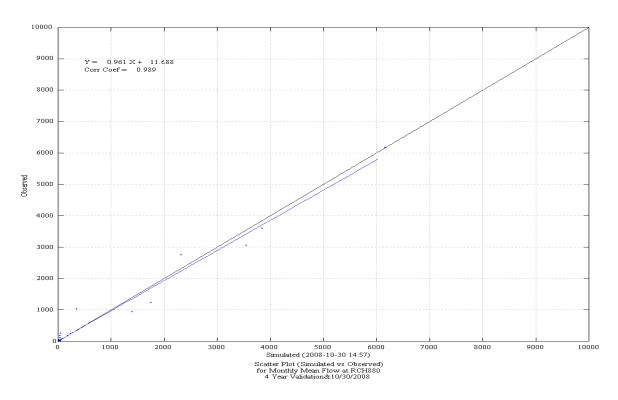


Figure 22 Monthly Scatter Plot of Simulated versus Observed Flow at Montalvo

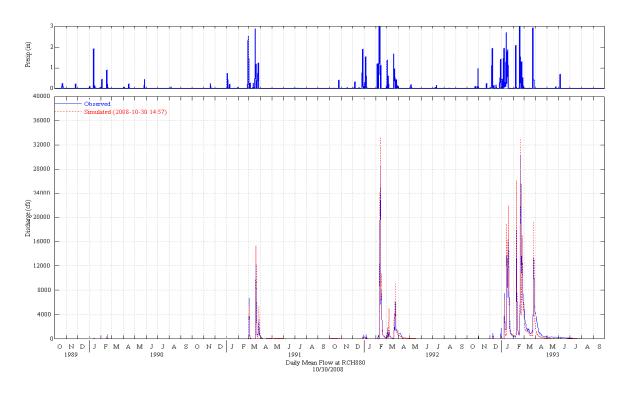


Figure 23 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1990-1993)

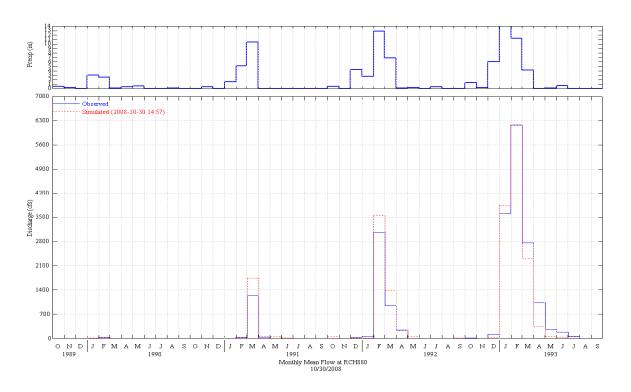


Figure 24 Simulated and Observed Monthly Flow at Montalvo (WY 1990-1993)

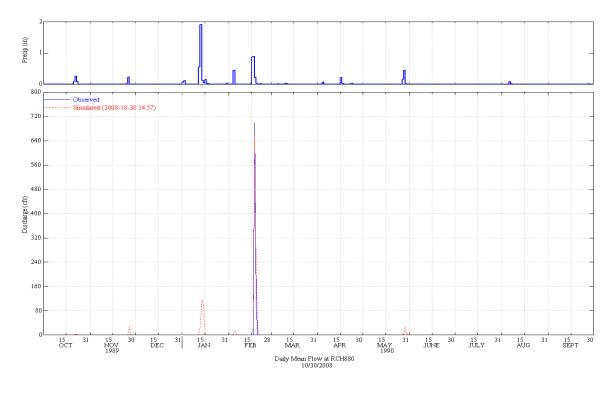


Figure 25 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1990)

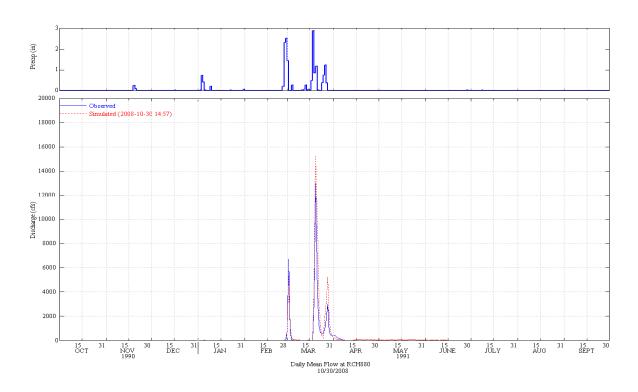


Figure 26 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1991)

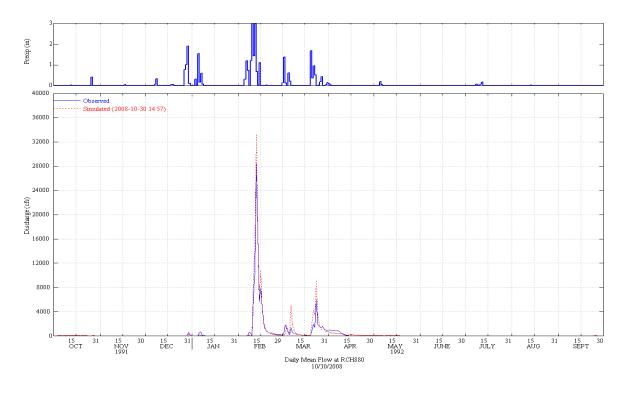


Figure 27 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1992)

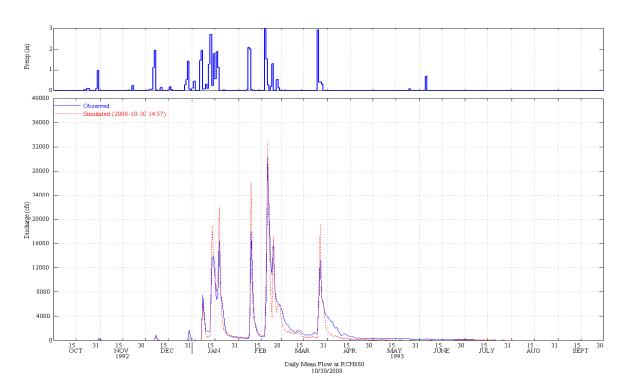


Figure 28 Simulated and Observed Daily Flow at Montalvo (WY 1993)

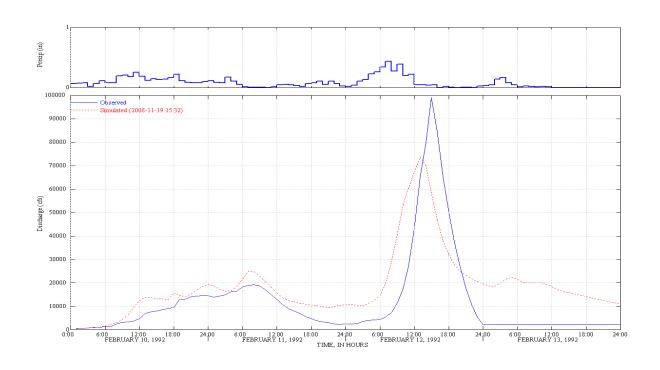


Figure 29 Simulated and Observed February 10-13, 1992 Storm Event

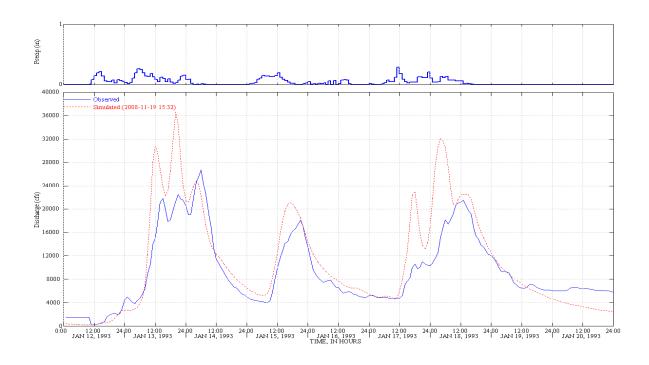


Figure 30 Simulated and Observed January 12-20, 1993 Storm Event

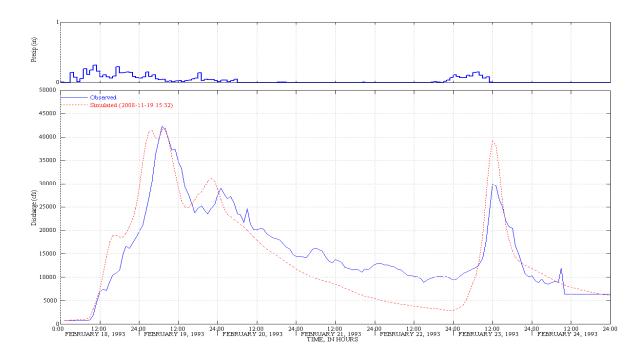


Figure 31 Simulated and Observed February 18-24, 1993 Storm Event



APPENDIX L - Ventura County Design Storm Results

Prepared by

M. Bandurraga Ventura County Watershed Protection District

With assistance from AQUA TERRA Consultants

Introduction

The calibrated Santa Clara HSPF model was used as the basis for generating design storm peaks and hydrographs for use in the hydraulic modeling portion of the study. The approach involved identifying a storm where saturation levels were very high across the model domain and then applying balanced design storm hyetographs for the 100-yr storm for each rain gage used in the HSPF model. The gaged tributaries with long-term records were used as calibration points in the modeling. The calibration was done by adjusting the rainfall factors (MFACTS in HSPF UCI – Users Control Input) applied to the rain data for each subarea and associated reach at the calibration points to establish corresponding rainfall factors that could then be applied to the ungaged tributaries. The HSPF model was then run with the appropriate rainfall distributions at 5-min timesteps for the storm of interest to provide 100-yr design storm peaks at the ungaged tributaries. The 100-yr peaks were converted to other return intervals of interest by using multipliers developed from flow frequency analyses of long-term Ventura County stream gages.

Balanced Storm Method for Developing Hyetographs

The Balanced Storm Method (also called alternating block) is a straightforward way of developing design storm hyetographs for the study following these steps:

- 1. Perform a frequency analysis of the rainfall data using the annual maxima data at the desired intervals ranging from 5-min to 24-hr. For Ventura County rain gages, a Pearson III model provided frequency results. For Los Angeles County, the Gumbel model provided the frequency results.
- 2. Plot the depth vs duration data on a log-log plot and fit a power equation trendline through the results.
- 3. Establish the desired rainfall duration.
- 4. Establish a duration interval that divides equally into an hour.
- 5. Tabulate the duration in increasing values of the interval.
- 6. Use equation from Step 2 to calculate the rainfall depth for each duration.
- 7. Calculate the incremental rainfall depth for each time period by subtracting the cumulative rainfall at the previous time step from the current time step.
- 8. If the sum of the incremental values is larger than the 24-hr depth from the frequency analysis, reduce the incremental values by a constant factor for each interval until the sum matches the 24-hr depth.





9. Distribute the incremental depth values. Use time blocks that correlate with the duration intervals. Assign the highest incremental depth to the central time block, and arrange the remaining incremental depth blocks in descending order, alternating between the upper and lower time blocks away from the central time block.

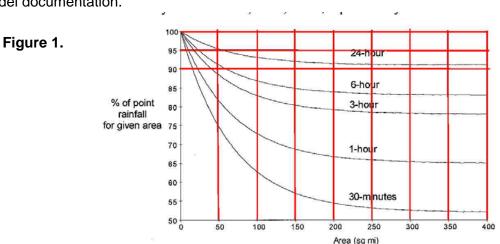
The resulting ordinates of the hyetographs for each rain gage were then used as input to the HSPF model. For rain gages that only have daily records, the 24-hr value resulting from a frequency analysis of the gage data was applied to the dimensionless distribution of an adjacent gage concluded to be a good surrogate for the gage of interest. Table 1 summarizes the rain data and surrogates used in the HSPF Design Storm Modeling.

HSPF Calibration- Approach and Results

The rainfall hyetographs developed from the data in the preceding section were entered into an HSPF submodel set up to provide design storm results for January 10, 2005. This day was selected as one of the wettest periods in recent history in the Santa Clara watershed as representing saturated conditions when a design storm could occur. The steps in preparing the submodel were as follows:

- Run calibration HSPF UCI for entire SCR watershed to get state of system at beginning
 of analysis period for the design storm (end of day January 9, 2005). Extract initial state
 data from model output for appropriate locations for run of January 10 through 31, 2005.
- 2. Modify calibration UCI for storm simulation, 5-min timestep, initial storages, start time, rain data sets, adjusted rainfall factors incorporating original factors, areal reduction (AR) factors and 3rd factor used to match design storm peak from stream gage frequency analyses.
- 3. Run the modified UCI. Multiple runs were needed to implement the appropriate AR factors for each site; AR factor for all sites upstream of site of interest must be identical. For calibration sites adjust factors to calibrate/match 100-yr peak flow within 2%
- 4. For ungaged sites, evaluate results from gaged locations and apply factors accordingly
- 5. Extract results for plotting using WDMUtil or GenScn (include observed flow, if available)

Figure 1 (below) provides the 24-hr storm duration AR factors used in the study from HEC-HMS model documentation.



AQUA TERRA Consultants



Rainfall Gages Data Used in the HSPF Design Modeling Table 1.

Rain Gage Number	HSPF Model Node	Gage Name	Analysis Type	Design Data Available	Gage Used for Hyetograph Distribution	100-yr 24-hr Depth (in)
Ventura C	County			•	•	
36	48	Piru Fire	Daily	24-hr depth	101	7.74
39	53	Fillmore-Rancho	Daily	24-hr depth	171	8.57
65	68	Upper Ojai Summit	Daily	24-hr depth	173	10.82
101	46	Piru Camulos	5-min	5-min Hyeto		7.46
152	61	Piedra Blanca	5-min	5-min Hyeto		11.79
160	50	Piru Temescal	Daily	24-hr depth	172	8.89
171	51	Fillmore Hatchery	5-min	5-min Hyeto		8.46
172	49	Piru Cyn	5-min	5-min Hyeto		9.21
173	67	Sta Paula Ferndale	5-min	5-min Hyeto		10.43
175	58	Saticoy Fire	5-min	5-min Hyeto		7.49
191	55	Moorpark Downing	5-min	5-min Hyeto		7.34
199	52	Fillmore Fire	Daily	24-hr depth	171	9.04
209	63	Lockwood Valley	5-min	5-min Hyeto		6.37
224	66	Sespe Westates	5-min	5-min Hyeto		12.94
225	60	Wheeler Cyn	5-min	5-min Hyeto		10.61
230	59	Vta Sexton Cyn	5-min	5-min Hyeto		8.98
238	56	S Mtn Shell	5-min	5-min Hyeto		9.10
242	47	Tripas Cyn	5-min	5-min Hyeto		8.33
245	57	Sta Paula UWCD	5-min	5-min Hyeto		7.96
250	54	Moorpark Happy Camp	5-min	5-min Hyeto		8.13
46910	62	NWS Pine Mtn	Daily	24-hr depth	152	12.00
46942	45	Piru Telemetry	Daily	None	101	na
Los Ange	eles Coun	ty				
32 (04162)	36	Newhall Soledad	5-min	5-min Hyeto		8.42
120	33	Vincent Patrol Station San Francisquito	Daily	24-hr depth	261	3.81
125b	38	Cyn Power House Elizabeth Lake -	Daily	24-hr depth	372	6.34
128b	39	Warm Springs Camp	5-min	5-min Hyeto		8.63
252c	40	Castaic Lake	Daily	24-hr depth	372	5.47
261		Acton Escondido		,		
(40014)	31	Cyn	5-min	5-min Hyeto		4.61
277	41	Sawmill Mountain	Daily	24-hr depth	128b	8.32
270	07	San Francisquito	E min	E min Uvete		6.45
372	37	Power House No. 2	5-min	5-min Hyeto	004	6.45
405b	34	Soledad Canyon	Daily	24-hr depth	261	6.99
409b	44	Pyramid Reservoir	Daily	24-hr depth	128b	7.55



Rain Gage Number	HSPF Model Node	Gage Name	Analysis Type	Design Data Available	Gage Used for Hyetograph Distribution	100-yr 24-hr Depth (in)
		Angeles Forest -				
423c	32	Aliso Cyn.	Daily	24-hr depth	261	7.85
747	43	Sandberg	Daily	24-hr depth	128b	6.22
		Mint Canyon Fire				
1005b	35	Station	Daily	24-hr depth	261	4.53
		Valencia		N-yr 1-day		
1263	42	Reclamation Plant		depths	VC101	6.49

For Ventura County, four relatively long-term stream gage records are available on tributaries that are considered suitable for calibration as follows in order from West to East: Santa Paula Creek, Sespe Creek at Wheeler, Sespe Creek at Fillmore, and Hopper Creek. There are additional gage records at Harmon Barranca, Ellsworth Barranca, and Pole Creek, each with about 30 yrs of annual peak flow data for use in frequency analyses. These data will be used for model validation along with the results of other tributary hydrology modeling. Table 2 summarizes the HSPF model results for the calibration points.

Table 2. HSPF Design Storm Model Results for Ventura County Calibration Sites

Table 2. Horr Des								
				Santa				
	Sespe-	Sespe	Hopper	Paula	Average of Tribs			
Location	Fillmore	Wheeler	Creek	Creek	<=50 sq mi			
Area sq mi	251	50	23.6	40				
Number of Annual								
Stream Peaks	67	52	70	71				
FFA. Q100 cfs	135,000	31,500	19,200	38,800				
Q100/DA cfs/sqmi	537.8	630	813.6	970				
HSPF Q100 cfs	136,000	32,200	19,500	39,000				
Gage Rain with								
HSPF Factor (in)	NA	12	11.331	10.43				
Net Applied Rain								
(in)	NA	11.587	9.9	12.214				
% Applied Rain	NA	96.60%	87.30%	117.10%	100.30%			
HSPF Rain Factor	NA	1.07	0.9	1.07				
(Calibrated Model)								
AR Factor	0.91	0.96	0.975	0.96				
Calib. Factor	1.025	0.94	1	1.14				
AR & Calib Factor	0.933	0.902	0.975	1.094	0.99			
HSPF Area sq mi	254	52.5	25	39.9				
HSPF Q100/DA								
cfs/sq mi	535.5	613.9	781.4	977				

NA=Not calculated

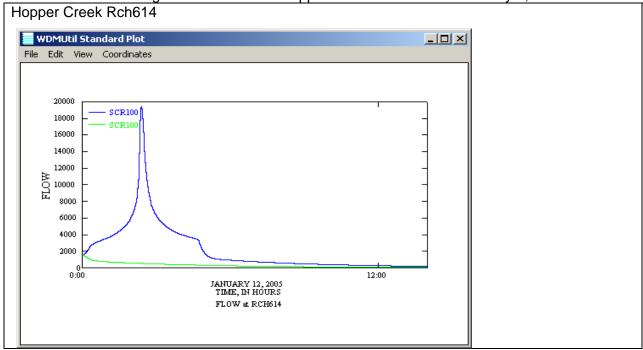
Because the ungaged tributaries to be studied with the HSPF model are less than 50 sq mi in area, only the results from the smaller 3 gaged tributaries were evaluated when choosing factors to apply to the ungaged tributaries. The weighted model rainfall and weighted applied rainfall after all factors were considered were calculated as part of the evaluation. The average



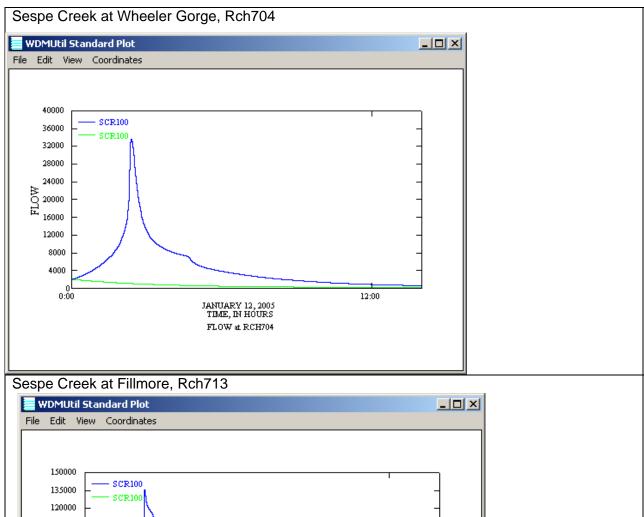


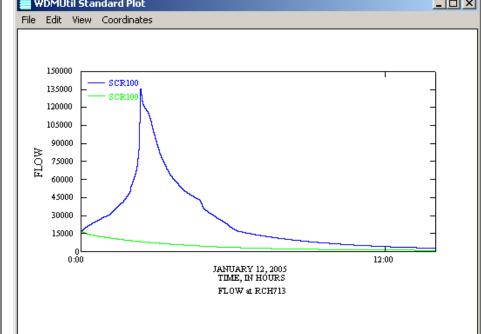
percent applied rainfall to each watershed was about 100% for the three tributaries. The combined AR and calibration factors applied to the three tributaries ranged from 0.902 to 1.094, with an average of 0.99. In addition, the factors applied to the smallest watershed, Hopper Creek, were 0.975 and 1.0 for the AR and calibration factors. These results led to the conclusion that the combined AR and calibration factor to be applied to the ungaged tributaries is 1.0, and so HSPF design storm model results could be used directly without any further adjustment. Based on the range of the combined AR and calibration factor for the 3 tributaries, the uncertainty associated with the ungaged tributary results is expected to be on the order of 10%.

The following figures show the design storm results for the four gage tributaries evaluated in the HSPF model in Ventura County. The figures are output from the WDMutil program that is used with HSPF to extract and display model results from the .wdm file. SCR100 is the name of the underlying hydrology model file used in the tributary analyses. The blue lines represent the response of the watershed to the design rainfall while the green lines show the baseflow that would occur if no design storm rainfall was applied to the model after January 9, 2005.











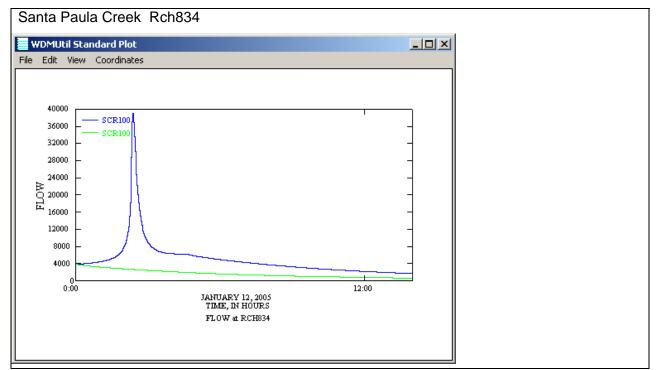


Figure 2. HSPF Design Storm Hydrographs for Ventura County Gage Sites

Sespe at Fillmore

The hydrographs in Figure 2 show that there is baseflow from the antecedent rainfall occurring prior to the end of January 9th that increases the design storm runoff. The baseflow is included in the design storm peak in this analysis because historical peaks often occur at the end of storms due to a relatively short burst of high intensity rain leading to a sharp spike in flow as seen in the historical data from January 10, 2005, which generated peaks with nearly 50-yr recurrence intervals in many streams. In addition, the parameters used across the model leading to baseflow did not vary widely and so similar baseflow conditions were expected in the ungaged tributaries.



Ungaged Tributary Results

Table 3 summarizes the results for the ungaged tributaries included in the analysis for Ventura County. Figure 3 shows the locations of the tributaries and SCR model reaches.

 Table 3.
 HSPF Model Results for Ventura County Ungaged Sites

		_				_	0		
HSPF Reach #	Name	Drain. Area (sq mi)	HSPF Rain Factor	HSPF Q100 (cfs)	Q100/DA (cfs/ ac)	# Annual Peaks	FFA Q100 (cfs)	VCWPD Model Q100 (cfs)	FEMA08 Q100 /area (cfs/ac)
322	Salt Canyon	9.19	1	5,860	1.00	NA	NA	NA	NA
529	Piru Creek	435.93	1.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	42,000	0.147
631	Basolo Ditch	2.00	1.03	1,625	1.27	NA	NA	NA	1.27
634	Pole Creek	8.71	1.03	8,660	1.55	31	7,390	NA	1.27
641	Grimes Canyon	5.50	1	4,470	1.27	NA	NA	NA	1.27
801	Boulder Creek	6.22	1	4,710	1.18	NA	NA	NA	NA
821	Orcutt Canyon	4.80	1.07	5,300	1.73	NA	NA	NA	1.73
833	Sisar Creek	11.52	1.07	10,900	1.48	NA	NA	NA	NA
837	Fagan Cyn	5.07	1	4,550	1.40	NA	NA	2,100	NA
842	Adams Barranca	9.08	1	6,880	1.18	NA	NA	3,700	NA
844	Haines Barranca	3.49	1	2,950	1.32	NA	NA	NA	NA
852	Todd Barranca	9.43	1	6,650	1.10	NA	NA	NA	NA
853	Briggs Road Drain	1.25	1	1,230	1.54	NA	NA	935	NA
854	Cummings Road Drn	1.91	1	1,800	1.47	NA	NA	1,363	NA
862	Ellsworth Bar.	14.54	1	10,100	1.09	30	15,300	NA	1.73
874	Franklin Wason	4.95	1	3,950	1.25	NA	NA	NA	NA
881	El Rio Drain	1.40	1	1,050	1.17	NA	NA	1,050	1.17
882	Brown Barranca	3.20	1	2,720	1.33	NA	NA	2,323	NA
883	Harmon Barranca	5.77	1	4,630	1.25	33	1,980	NA	0.72
891	Patterson Rd Drain	1.40	1	1,450	1.62	NA	NA	1,450	1.62
604	Warring Canyon	1.40	1.1	2,420	2.97	NA	NA	1,425	NA
	Warring & Real							·	NA NA
605	Canyons	2.14	1.1	2,960	2.16	NA	NA	2,026	
619	Fairview Canyon	0.87	1.03	1,330	2.39	NA	NA	NA	NA
806	Reimer Ditch	5.73	1	4,400	1.20	NA	NA	NA	NA
807	Bear Ck	2.22	1	3,030	2.13	NA	NA	NA	NA
809	O'Leary Creek	3.56	1	3,760	1.65	NA	NA	NA	NA
812	Balcom Canyon	4.92	0.94	4,590	1.46	NA	NA	NA	NA
822	Timber Canyon	4.32	0.94	5,030	2.41	NA	NA	NA 4 CO4	NA
838	Peck Rd Drn	1.24	0.94	1,830	2.30	NA	NA	1,604	NA
885	Sudden Barranca	1.18	0.94	1,370	1.81	NA	NA	1,470	NA
886	Clark Barranca	1.50	0.94	1,540	1.61	NA	NA	1,674	NA

NA=Not Available



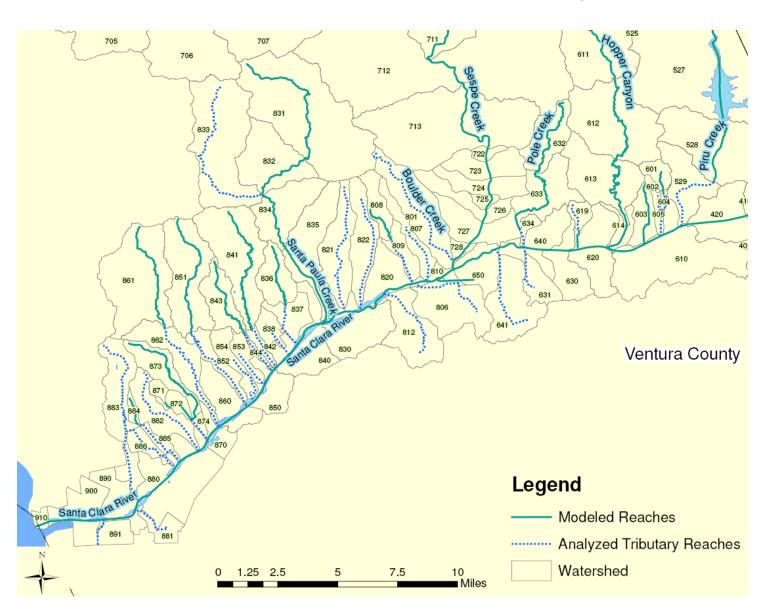
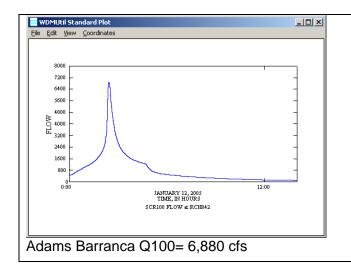


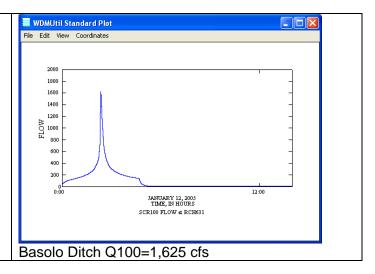
Figure 3. Tributary and SCR Model Reaches for Ventura County

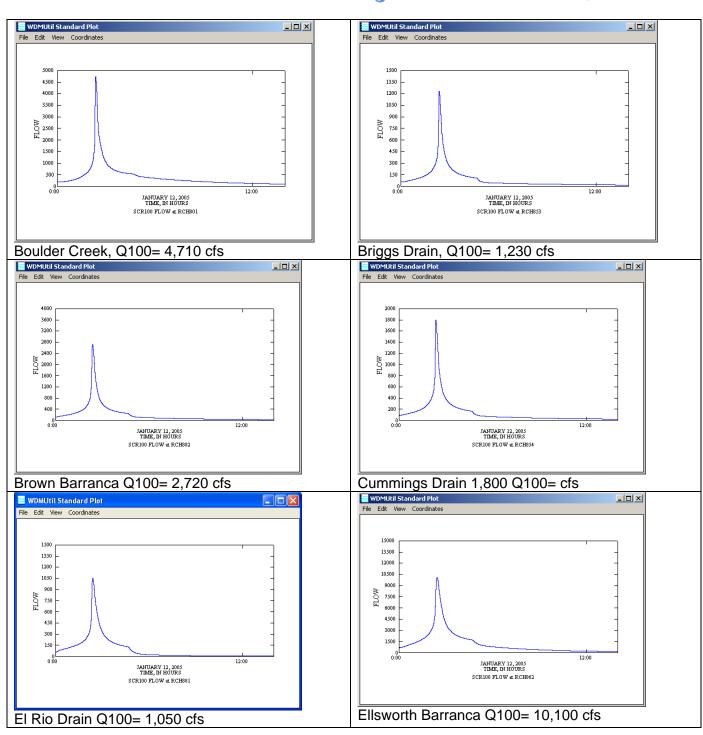
The results show that the HSPF Q100 peak/drainage area ratio in cfs/ac ranges from 0.99 to 2.97, which is reasonable based on modeling results from District hydrology models. The highest ratios are observed for the smaller watersheds with steep slopes and relatively high point rainfall. For the points where hydrology estimates were given to FEMA or available from flow frequency analyses, the following observations are made:

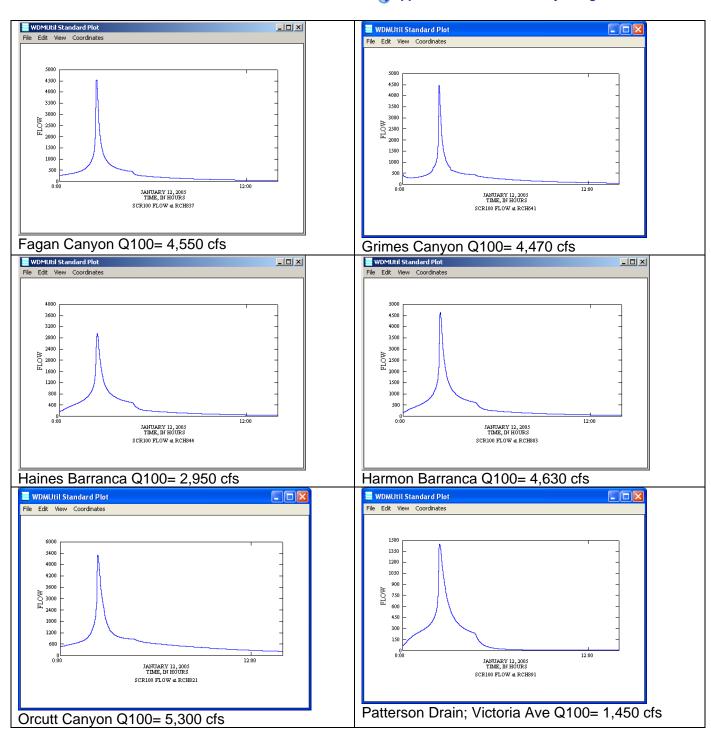
- 1. Basolo Ditch- the Q100 given to FEMA was based on the Q100 cfs/ac value from an analysis of the nearby Pole Creek gage. The HSPF model was calibrated to this value.
- 2. Pole Creek has a limited number of years for the flow frequency analysis and it is uncertain how the high sediment load from the watershed affects the gage measurements. The HSPF value is higher than the flow frequency result but well within the confidence limits provided by the frequency analysis.
- 3. Grimes Canyon- the Q100 given to FEMA was based on the Q100 cfs/ac value from an analysis of the nearby Pole Creek gage. The HSPF model was calibrated to this value.
- 4. Orcutt Canyon- the Q100 given to FEMA was based on the Q100 cfs/ac value from an analysis of the nearby Ellsworth Barranca gage. The HSPF model was calibrated to this value.
- 5. Ellsworth Barranca- The flow frequency analysis of the nearby Ellsworth Barranca gage yields relatively high results due to the short record length for the Ellsworth gage with three peaks in the record of about 10,000 cfs.
- 6. Harmon Barranca The flow frequency analysis of the Harmon Barranca gage yields relatively low results due to the short record length. The computed Q100 from the frequency analysis is less than the historic peak of about 2,500 cfs measured in 1980. The HSPF model peak is more reasonable than the flow frequency result.

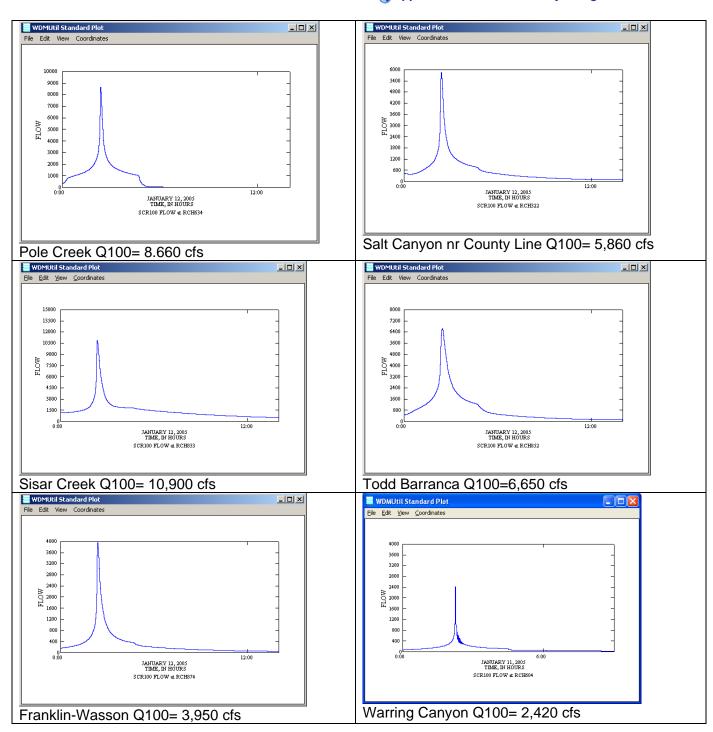
The following figures show the design storm peaks and hydrographs for the Ventura County tributaries included in this study.

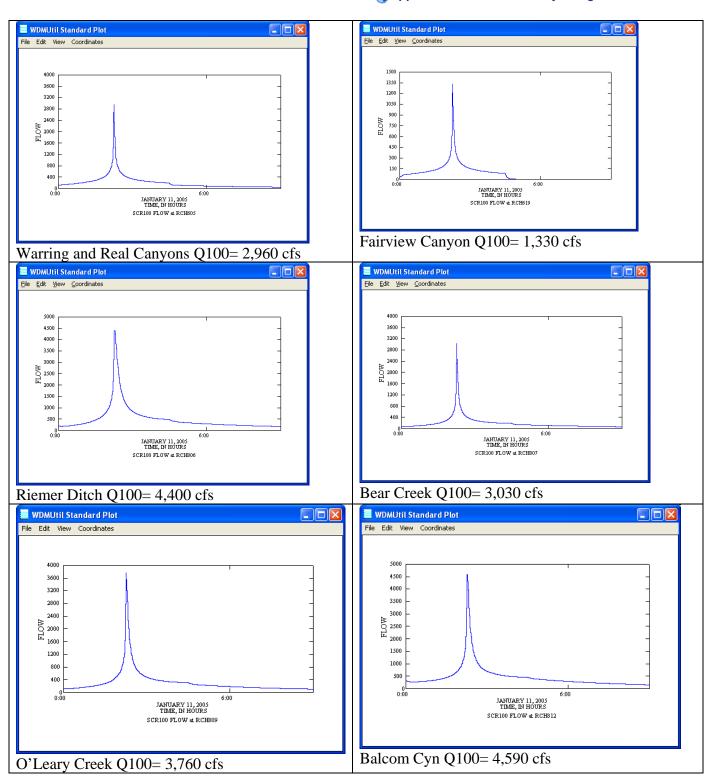


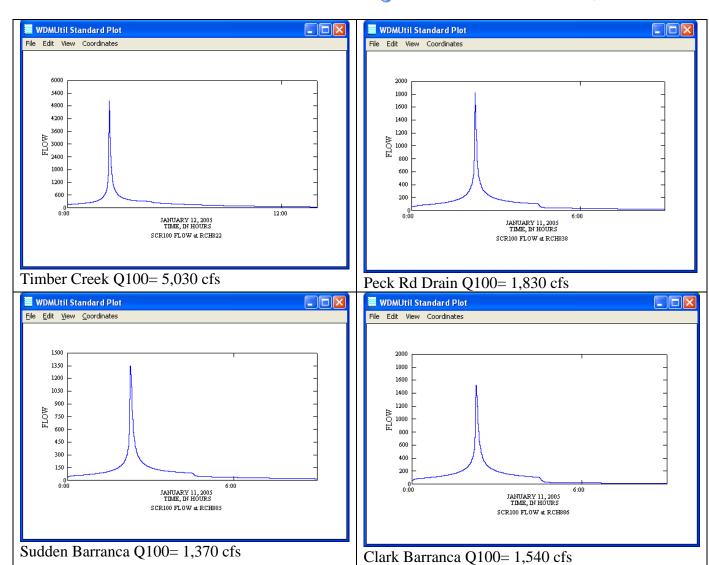












Multipliers

It is likely that storms above the 50-yr level represent saturated conditions where most or all rain that falls on the land surface occurs as runoff. However, design storms at recurrence intervals less than 50-yrs represent various levels of saturation. It is difficult to quantify infiltration rates and available storage capacity for these storms. Because of this, it was decided to use the results of flow frequency analyses of Ventura County stream gages to develop design storm ratios that could be used to convert the Q100 results from the HSPF modeling to the other recurrence intervals of interest. The ratios from developed and undeveloped watershed used to develop the design storm ratios for this study are shown in the following table. The results show that for the 50-yr storm, the ratios of the 50-yr peak / 100-yr peak for the undeveloped watershed gages varied from 0.680 to 0.761 with a standard deviation of about 0.028. For developed watersheds, the ratios varied from 0.791 to 0.844 with a standard deviation of about 0.031. This is a relatively narrow range given the variation of size of the watersheds included in the data sets from 9.1 to 1,625 sq mi.

For this study, the intervals include the 2-, 5-, 10-, 50-, 200- and 500-yr events. The design storm peaks obtained from the HSPF model and converted to the other intervals are provided in Table 5. Because hydraulic modeling of the tributaries may require design storm discharges at points upstream from the locations provided in Table 5, it is recommended that the discharge transfer equations recommended in USGS WRI Report 94-4002 applicable to the South Coast Region of California be used to calculate the upstream flows using the design storm results. The equations relate design storm peak to area and mean annual precipitation, but since the mean annual precipitation does not vary much at the scale of the tributaries being evaluated, the primary factor in the equation is the area at the point of interest. The exponent on the area is about 0.80, which results in the peak discharge/unit area (cfs/ac) increasing as the area decreases. This is consistent with the conceptual model of rainfall and runoff in many hydrologic models in that smaller subareas can receive higher intensity rainfall from storm cells of limited size, leading to higher cfs/ac ratios for those areas.



Table 4. Ventura County Design Storm Ratios Based on Flow Frequency Analysis Results

Stream Gage Station, WPD Number Yrs Ar mi Undeveloped Watersheds VENTURA WATERSHED 606 Santa Ana Cr. near Oak View 43 604 No. Fork Matilija Cr 72 605 San Antonio Cr. @ Casitas Spr. 55 608 Ventura Riv. near Ventura 73 SANTA CLARA WATERSHED 707 Santa Clara @County Line 52 701 Hopper Cr. near Piru 70 709 Santa Paula Cr. near Santa 71 Paula	ea sq	2 yr Ratio	5 yr	10 yr	25 yr	50 yr	100 yr	200 Yr	500
Undeveloped Watersheds VENTURA WATERSHED 606 Santa Ana Cr. near Oak View 43 600 Coyote Cr. near Oak View 43 604 No. Fork Matilija Cr 605 San Antonio Cr. @ Casitas Spr. 55 608 Ventura Riv. near Ventura 73 SANTA CLARA WATERSHED 707 Santa Clara @County Line 70 Tol Hopper Cr. near Piru 70 709 Santa Paula Cr. near Santa 71		Ratio	D d		-	50 11	100 yı	200 11	500 yr
VENTURA WATERSHED 606 Santa Ana Cr. near Oak View 600 Coyote Cr. near Oak View 43 604 No. Fork Matilija Cr 605 San Antonio Cr. @ Casitas Spr. 55 608 Ventura Riv. near Ventura SANTA CLARA WATERSHED 707 Santa Clara @County Line 70 Tol Hopper Cr. near Piru 70 Tol Santa Paula Cr. near Santa 71			Ratio	Ratio	Ratio	ratio	Ratio	Ratio	Ratio
606 Santa Ana Cr. near Oak View 37 600 Coyote Cr. near Oak View 43 604 No. Fork Matilija Cr 72 605 San Antonio Cr. @ Casitas Spr. 55 608 Ventura Riv. near Ventura 73 SANTA CLARA WATERSHED 707 Santa Clara @County Line 52 701 Hopper Cr. near Piru 70 709 Santa Paula Cr. near Santa 71									
600 Coyote Cr. near Oak View 43 604 No. Fork Matilija Cr 72 605 San Antonio Cr. @ Casitas Spr. 55 608 Ventura Riv. near Ventura 73 SANTA CLARA WATERSHED 707 Santa Clara @County Line 70 Tol Hopper Cr. near Piru 709 Santa Paula Cr. near Santa 71									
604 No. Fork Matilija Cr 605 San Antonio Cr. @ Casitas Spr. 608 Ventura Riv. near Ventura SANTA CLARA WATERSHED 707 Santa Clara @County Line 701 Hopper Cr. near Piru 709 Santa Paula Cr. near Santa 71	9.1	0.049	0.154	0.274	0.495	0.718	1.000	1.230	1.897
605 San Antonio Cr. @ Casitas Spr. 55 608 Ventura Riv. near Ventura 73 SANTA CLARA WATERSHED 707 Santa Clara @County Line 52 701 Hopper Cr. near Piru 70 709 Santa Paula Cr. near Santa 71	13.2	0.047	0.146	0.261	0.480	0.705	1.000	1.367	1.994
608 Ventura Riv. near Ventura SANTA CLARA WATERSHED 707 Santa Clara @County Line 701 Hopper Cr. near Piru 709 Santa Paula Cr. near Santa 71	15.6	0.048	0.158	0.281	0.507	0.727	1.000	1.324	1.842
SANTA CLARA WATERSHED 707 Santa Clara @County Line 52 701 Hopper Cr. near Piru 70 709 Santa Paula Cr. near Santa 71	51.2	0.039	0.126	0.233	0.448	0.683	1.000	1.416	2.160
707 Santa Clara @County Line52701 Hopper Cr. near Piru70709 Santa Paula Cr. near Santa71	187	0.032	0.127	0.245	0.474	0.707	1.000	1.349	1.913
701 Hopper Cr. near Piru 70 709 Santa Paula Cr. near Santa 71				-					
709 Santa Paula Cr. near Santa 71	410	0.037	0.126	0.236	0.454	0.689	1.000	1.401	2.102
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	23.6	0.048	0.148	0.264	0.482	0.708	1.000	1.359	1.974
Paula	40	0.032	0.116	0.222	0.440	0.680	1.000	1.402	2.168
1 4414									
711 Sespe Cr. near Wheeler Spr. 52	50	0.026	0.107	0.216	0.440	0.683	1.000	1.403	2.089
710 Sespe Cr. near Fillmore 63	251	0.062	0.190	0.324	0.549	0.756	1.000	1.274	1.681
708 Santa Clara Riv. @ Montalvo 68	1624	0.057	0.185	0.322	0.552	0.761	1.000	1.265	1.650
Average Ratio to 100 yr		0.043	0.144	0.262	0.484	0.711	1.000	1.345	1.952
Std Deviation		0.011	0.027	0.037	0.040	0.028	0.000	0.064	0.177
Historic District Multipliers		0.058	0.167	0.362	0.507	0.725	1.000	n/a	n/a
URBAN									
733 Oxnard West Drn. 35	3.2	0.231	0.423	0.560	0.739	0.871	1.000	1.129	1.293
833 Bus Canyon Drn 35	4.9	0.199	0.357	0.484	0.670	0.827	1.000	1.185	1.462
830 Arroyo Conejo S Br 35	12.5	0.173	0.322	0.448	0.640	0.809	1.000	1.217	1.546
836 Arroyo Conejo 30	14.2	0.134	0.277	0.405	0.608	0.791	1.000	1.242	1.606
802 Arroyo Simi @ Royal Ave. 37	32.6	0.137	0.282	0.410	0.612	0.792	1.000	1.237	1.604
803 Arroyo Simi near Simi 63	71	0.124	0.318	0.476	0.688	0.844	1.000	1.139	1.500
Average Ratio to 100 yr		0.166	0.330	0.464	0.660	0.822	1.000	1.191	1.502
Std Deviation		0.042	0.054	0.057	0.050	0.031	_	0.049	0.117
Historic District Multipliers			0.375	0.567	0.692	0.833	1.000	n/a	n/a



<u>Table 5 – Design Storm Peaks Using Watershed Multiplier Results</u>

	Land				Stor	m Interval			
Watershed Name	Use	2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr	200-yr	500-yr
Salt Canyon	Undev.	250	840	1,530	2,820	4,160	5,860	7,890	11,470
Basolo Ditch	Undev.	70	230	420	780	1,150	1,630	2,190	3,180
Grimes Canyon	Undev.	190	640	1,160	2,150	3,170	4,470	6,020	8,750
Boulder Creek	Undev.	200	680	1,230	2,270	3,340	4,710	6,340	9,220
Orcutt Canyon	Undev.	230	760	1,380	2,550	3,760	5,300	7,140	10,380
Sisar Creek	Undev.	470	1,560	2,840	5,250	7,740	10,900	14,680	21,340
Fagan Cyn	Undev.	200	650	1,190	2,190	3,230	4,550	6,130	8,910
Adams Barranca	Undev.	300	990	1,790	3,320	4,880	6,880	9,270	13,470
Haines Barranca	Undev.	130	420	770	1,420	2,090	2,950	3,970	5,780
Todd Barranca	Undev.	290	950	1,730	3,200	4,720	6,650	8,960	13,020
Briggs Road Drain	Undev.	50	180	320	590	870	1,230	1,660	2,410
Cummings Road Drain	Undev.	80	260	470	870	1,280	1,800	2,420	3,520
Ellsworth Bar.	Undev.	440	1,450	2,630	4,870	7,170	10,100	13,600	19,780
Franklin/Wason Barranca	Undev.	170	570	1,030	1,900	2,800	3,950	5,320	7,730
El Rio Drain	Dev.	170	340	490	690	860	1,050	1,250	1,580
Brown Barranca	Undev.	120	390	710	1,310	1,930	2,720	3,660	5,330
Harmon Barranca	Undev.	200	660	1,210	2,230	3,290	4,630	6,240	9,070
Patterson Rd Drain	Dev.	240	480	670	950	1,190	1,450	1,730	2,180
Warring Canyon	Undev.	100	350	630	1,170	1,720	2,420	3,260	4,740
Warring & Real Canyons	Undev.	130	420	770	1,430	2,100	2,960	3,990	5,800
Fairview Canyon	Undev.	60	190	350	640	940	1,330	1,790	2,600
Reimer Ditch	Undev.	190	630	1,150	2,120	3,120	4,400	5,930	8,620
Bear Ck	Undev.	130	430	790	1,460	2,150	3,030	4,080	5,930
O'Leary Creek	Undev.	160	540	980	1,810	2,670	3,760	5,060	7,360
Balcom Canyon	Undev.	200	660	1,200	2,210	3,260	4,590	6,180	8,990
Timber Canyon	Undev.	220	720	1,310	2,420	3,570	5,030	6,770	9,850
Peck Rd Drn	Dev.	300	600	850	1,200	1,500	1,830	2,180	2,750
Sudden Barranca	Undev.	60	200	360	660	970	1,370	1,840	2,680
Clark Barranca	Dev.	250	510	710	1,010	1,260	1,540	1,840	2,320





APPENDIX M – Los Angeles County Design Storm Results

Prepared by

R. Butler Los Angeles County Department of Public Works

With assistance from AQUA TERRA Consultants

Introduction

The calibrated Santa Clara HSPF model was used as the basis for generating design storm peaks and hydrographs for use in the hydraulic modeling portion of the study. The approach involved identifying a storm where saturation levels were very high across the model domain and then applying balanced design storm hyetographs for the 100-yr storm for each rain gage used in the HSPF model. The gaged tributaries with long-term records were used as calibration points in the modeling. The calibration was done by adjusting the rainfall factors (MFACTS in HSPF UCI – Users Control Input) applied to the rain data for each subarea and associated reach at the calibration points to establish corresponding rainfall factors that could then be applied to the ungaged tributaries. The HSPF model was then run with the appropriate rainfall distributions at 5-min timesteps for the storm of interest to provide 100-yr design storm peaks at the ungaged tributaries. The 100-yr peaks were converted to other return intervals of interest by using multipliers developed from flow frequency analyses of long-term Los Angeles County stream gages.

Balanced Storm Method for Developing Hyetographs

The Balanced Storm Method (also called alternating block) is a straightforward way of developing design storm hyetographs for the study following these steps:

- 1. Perform a frequency analysis of the rainfall data using the annual maxima data at the desired intervals ranging from 5-min to 24-hr. For Ventura County rain gages, a Pearson III model provided frequency results. For Los Angeles County, the Gumbel model provided the frequency results.
- 2. Plot the depth vs duration data on a log-log plot and fit a power equation trendline through the results.
- Establish the desired rainfall duration.
- 4. Establish a duration interval that divides equally into an hour.
- 5. Tabulate the duration in increasing values of the interval.
- 6. Use equation from Step 2 to calculate the rainfall depth for each duration.
- 7. Calculate the incremental rainfall depth for each time period by subtracting the cumulative rainfall at the previous time step from the current time step.
- 8. If the sum of the incremental values is larger than the 24-hr depth from the frequency analysis, reduce the incremental values by a constant factor for each interval until the sum matches the 24-hr depth.





9. Distribute the incremental depth values. Use time blocks that correlate with the duration intervals. Assign the highest incremental depth to the central time block, and arrange the remaining incremental depth blocks in descending order, alternating between the upper and lower time blocks away from the central time block.

The resulting ordinates of the hyetographs for each rain gage were then used as input to the HSPF model. For rain gages that only have daily records, the 24-hr value resulting from a frequency analysis of the gage data was applied to the dimensionless distribution of an adjacent gage concluded to be a good surrogate for the gage of interest. Table 1 summarizes the rain data and surrogates used in the HSPF Design Storm Modeling.

HSPF Calibration- Approach and Results

The rainfall hyetographs developed from the data in the preceding section were entered into an HSPF submodel set up to provide design storm results for January 10, 2005. This day was selected as one of the wettest periods in recent history in the Santa Clara watershed as representing saturated conditions when a design storm could occur. The steps in preparing the submodel were as follows:

- 1. Run calibration HSPF UCI for entire SCR watershed to get state of system at beginning of analysis period for the design storm (end of day January 9, 2005). Extract initial state data from model output for appropriate locations for run of January 10 through 31, 2005.
- 2. Modify calibration UCI for storm simulation, 5-min timestep, initial storages, start time, rain data sets, and adjusted rainfall factors incorporating original factors, areal reduction (AR) factors and 3rd factor used to match design storm peak from stream gage frequency analyses.
- 3. Run the modified UCI. Multiple runs were needed to implement the appropriate AR factors for each site; AR factor for all sites upstream of site of interest must be identical. For calibration sites adjust factors to calibrate/match 100-yr peak flow within 2%
- 4. For ungaged sites, evaluate results from gaged locations and apply factors accordingly
- 5. Extract results for plotting using WDMUtil or GenScn (include observed flow, if available)

Figure 1 (below) provides the 24-hr storm duration AR factors used in the study from HEC-HMS model documentation

Figure 1. HEC-HMS Aerial Reduction Factors

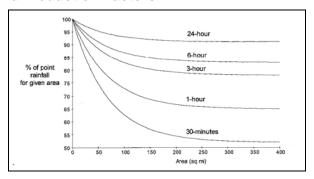




Table 1. Rainfall Gages Used in the HSPF Design Storm Modeling in Los Angeles County

Gage Number	HSPF Node ID	Station Name	Rain Data Type	Design Storm Data Provided	Assumed Gage Hyetograph	100-yr 24-hr Depth (in)
32		<u>.</u>				
(04162)	36	Newhall Soledad	5-min	5-min Hyeto		8.42
		Vincent Patrol				
120	33	Station		24-hr depths	261	3.81
		San Francisquito				
125b	38	Cyn Power House		24-hr depths	372	6.34
		Elizabeth Lake -				
128b	39	Warm Springs Camp	5-min	5-min Hyeto		8.63
252c	40	Castaic Lake		24-hr depths	372	5.47
261		Acton Escondido				
(40014)	31	Cyn	5-min	5-min Hyeto		4.61
277	41	Sawmill Mountain		24-hr depths	128b	8.32
		San Francisquito				
372	37	Power House No. 2	5-min	5-min Hyeto		6.45
405b	34	Soledad Canyon		24-hr depths	261	6.99
409b	44	Pyramid Reservoir		24-hr depths	128b	7.55
		Angeles Forest -				
423c	32	Aliso Cyn.		24-hr depths	261	7.85
747	43	Sandberg		24-hr depths	128b	6.22
		Mint Canyon Fire				
1005b	35	Station		24-hr depths	261	4.53
		Valencia				
1263	42	Reclamation Plant		24-hr depths	VC101	6.49

In Los Angeles County, four relatively long-term stream gage records are considered suitable for calibration. Three of the stream gage records are on the Santa Clara River, which from West to East are at the County line, Old Road/Interstate 5, and Lang Railroad Station. The last gage is located in the downstream portion of Aliso Canyon. Table 2 summarizes the HSPF model results for the calibration points.



Table 2. HSPF Design Storm Model Results for Los Angeles County Calibration Sites

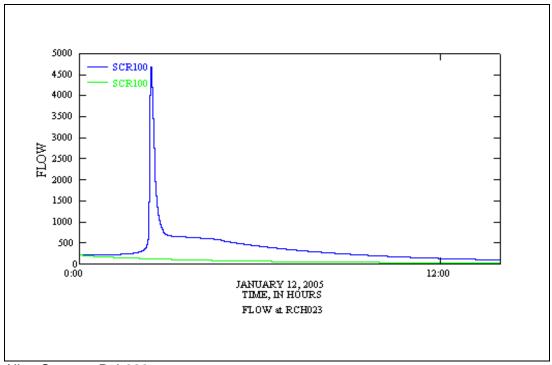
Location	SCR @ Aliso Canyon	SCR @ Lang RR Bridge	SCR @ Old Road/I-5	SCR @ County Line
Area (sq mi)	24	157	410	644
FFA Q100 (cfs)	4,720	19,600	52,300	66,600
Q100/Drainage Area (cfs/sq mi)	197	125	128	103
HSPF Q100 (cfs)	4,682	21,342	52,860	66,260
HSPF Rain Factor (Calibrated Model) Aerial Reduction	1.20	1.10	1.15	1.00
Factor	0.975	0.92	0.91	0.91
Calibration Factor	0.84	0.84	1.10	1.10
AR and Calibration Factor	0.82	0.77	1.00	1.00
HSPF Area (sq mi)	27	157	410	639
HSPF Q100/Drainage Area (cfs/sq mi)	176	136	129	104

The model was calibrated to match each gage's peak 100-year frequency flow rate from the flow frequency analysis. The flow frequency analysis was performed by Ventura County Watershed Protection District with the results for Aliso Canyon and the County Line being from the Santa Clara River 2006 Hydrology Update. A separate flow frequency analysis was computed using the station skew factors and was used for the results at the Lang and I-5 runoff gages. This analysis is included in the section titled, "Flood Frequency Analysis Results for the Lang Railroad Bridge and Old Road/I5 Runoff Gage" at the end of this appendix.

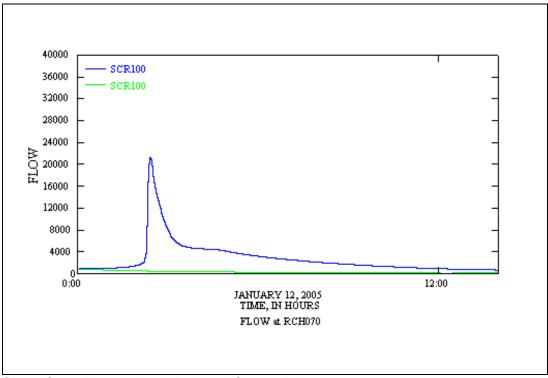
The calibration produced one model with different combined aerial reduction (AR) and calibration factors applied to the upper watershed than to the lower watershed. As shown in Table 2, the combined AR and calibration factors give a reduction of approximately 20 percent to the upper watershed rainfall and no adjustment to the lower watershed. This reduction factor is appropriate since the upper watershed receives 2.3 fewer inches of rainfall (average of rain gage depths) for the 100-year, 24-hour depth (see Table 1) than the lower watershed. Thus, this one calibrated HSPF model will be used for all of the tributaries on Los Angeles County side of the Santa Clara River watershed. Based on the range of 0.77 to 1.00 for the combined AR and calibration factors for the model, the uncertainty associated with the ungaged tributary results is expected to be on the order of 10%.

The following figures show the design storm results for the four gage tributaries evaluated in the HSPF model in Los Angeles County using output from the WDMUtil program. The plots show approximately 3 days of runoff starting from 00:00 hrs on January 10 through about midnight on January 12. SCR100 is the name of the underlying model file used to provide the hydrology results. The blue lines are the design storm peak runoff; the green lines are the baseflow that would occur if no design storm rainfall is applied to the model. Units of flow are cfs.

Figure 2. HSPF Design Storm Hydrographs for Los Angeles County Sites

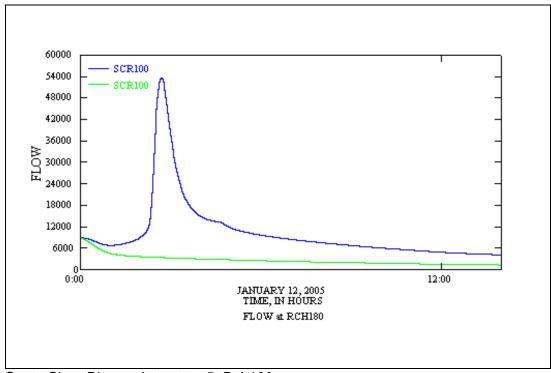


Aliso Canyon, Rch023

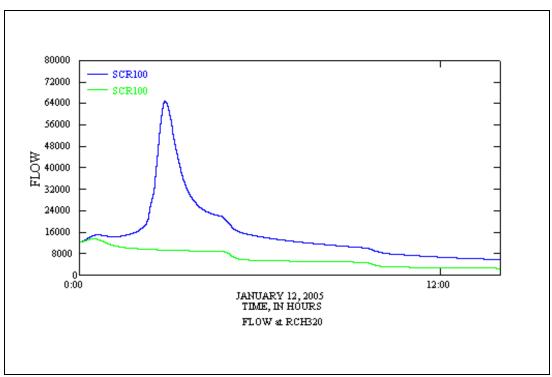


Santa Clara River at Lang Railroad Station Rch070

Figure 2 (Continued). HSPF Design Storm Hydrographs for Los Angeles County Sites



Santa Clara River at Interstate 5, Rch180



Santa Clara River at the County Line, Rch 320



The hydrographs in Figure 2 shows baseflow resulting from the rainfall occurring prior to the end of January 9th that increases the design storm peak runoff. The baseflow is included in this analysis because historical peaks often occur at the end of storms due to a relatively short burst of high intensity rain leading to a sharp spike in flow as seen in the historical data from January 10, 2005. In addition, the parameters used across the model leading to baseflow did not vary widely and so similar baseflow conditions were expected in the ungaged tributaries.

Ungaged Tributary Results

Table 3 summarizes the results for the ungaged tributaries included in the analysis for Los Angeles County. Figure 3 shows the locations of the tributaries and SCR Model reaches.

Table 3. HSPF Model Results for Los Angeles County Ungaged Sites

Table 5. HSFF Woder Results for Los Angeles County Origaged Sites								
HSPF Reach	Norse	Cumulative Area (sq.	HSPF Rain	Combined AR and Design	HSPF	Q100/DA		
#	Name	mi)	Factor	Adjustment	100 (cfs)	(cfs/ac)		
11	Soledad Canyon	9.03	1.20	0.82	2220	0.38		
12	Trade Post	2.97	1.20	0.82	930	0.49		
19	Acton Canyon (A)	4.62	1.20	0.82	1140	0.39		
24	Red Rover Mine	2.40	1.20	0.82	720	0.47		
26	Escondido Creek	12.98	1.20	0.82	2390	0.29		
29	Acton Canyon 2 (B)	20.86	1.20	0.82	4080	0.31		
63	Agua Dulce Canyon	29.52	1.15	0.77	3010	0.16		
82	Iron Canyon	2.96	0.95	1.00	950	0.50		
84	Sand Canyon	12.74	0.95	1.00	7940	0.97		
85	Oak Spring Canyon	6.43	0.95	1.00	1140	0.28		
86	Tick Canyon	5.67	0.95	1.00	1710	0.47		
103	Mint Canyon	29.37	0.80	1.00	4260	0.23		
121	Texas Canyon	10.99	0.80	1.00	3520	0.50		
122	Vasquez Canyon	4.39	1.00	1.00	1420	0.51		
123	Plum Canyon	3.17	1.00	1.00	1080	0.53		
142	Haskell Canyon	9.76	0.80	1.00	3320	0.53		
143	Bouquet Canyon	72.19	0.80	1.00	15700	0.34		
147	Dry Canyon	9.48	0.80	1.00	3170	0.52		
148	Towsley Canyon	5.83	0.80	1.00	2830	0.76		
149	Lyon Canyon	1.50	0.80	1.00	690	0.72		
156	Pico Canyon	6.93	0.80	1.00	1910	0.43		
161	Newhall Creek	17.72	0.80	1.00	2480	0.22		
164	Placerita Creek	9.53	0.80	1.00	2340	0.38		
169	South Fork SCR	45.30	0.80	1.00	10840	0.37		



Table 3 (Continued). HSPF Model Results for Los Angeles County Ungaged Sites

				,,	
San Francisquito Cyn	49.10	0.85	1.00	13860	0.44
Lion Canyon	0.79	1.00	1.00	210	0.42
Violin Canyon	5.91	1.00	1.00	1980	0.52
Salt Creek	18.40	1.00	1.00	8110	0.69
Fish Creek	27.30	1.00	1.00	16970	0.97
Elderberry Canyon	2.50	1.00	1.00	2530	1.58
Necktie Canyon	2.10	1.00	1.00	2040	1.52
Elizabeth Lake Canyon	61.50	1.00	1.00	34070	0.87
Grasshopper Canyon	4.10	1.00	1.00	1460	0.56
Marple Canyon	10.50	1.00	1.00	3810	0.57
Charlie Canyon	9.90	0.80	1.00	2360	0.37
Hasley Canyon	7.40	1.00	1.00	750	0.16
Lower Castaic Creek	41.30	1.00	1.00	13540	0.51
San Martinez Chiquito					
Cyn	5.00	1.00	1.00	480	0.15
Long Canyon	1.54	1.00	1.00	260	0.26
San Martinez Grande					
Cyn	3.22	1.00	1.00	2310	1.12
Potrero Canyon	4.50	1.00	1.00	1930	0.67
	Lion Canyon Violin Canyon Salt Creek Fish Creek Elderberry Canyon Necktie Canyon Elizabeth Lake Canyon Grasshopper Canyon Marple Canyon Charlie Canyon Hasley Canyon Lower Castaic Creek San Martinez Chiquito Cyn Long Canyon San Martinez Grande Cyn	Lion Canyon 0.79 Violin Canyon 5.91 Salt Creek 18.40 Fish Creek 27.30 Elderberry Canyon 2.50 Necktie Canyon 2.10 Elizabeth Lake Canyon 61.50 Grasshopper Canyon 4.10 Marple Canyon 10.50 Charlie Canyon 9.90 Hasley Canyon 7.40 Lower Castaic Creek 41.30 San Martinez Chiquito 5.00 Long Canyon 1.54 San Martinez Grande 7.20 Cyn 3.22	Lion Canyon 0.79 1.00 Violin Canyon 5.91 1.00 Salt Creek 18.40 1.00 Fish Creek 27.30 1.00 Elderberry Canyon 2.50 1.00 Necktie Canyon 2.10 1.00 Elizabeth Lake Canyon 61.50 1.00 Grasshopper Canyon 4.10 1.00 Marple Canyon 10.50 1.00 Charlie Canyon 9.90 0.80 Hasley Canyon 7.40 1.00 Lower Castaic Creek 41.30 1.00 San Martinez Chiquito 5.00 1.00 Long Canyon 1.54 1.00 San Martinez Grande 7.00 1.00 Cyn 3.22 1.00	Lion Canyon 0.79 1.00 1.00 Violin Canyon 5.91 1.00 1.00 Salt Creek 18.40 1.00 1.00 Fish Creek 27.30 1.00 1.00 Elderberry Canyon 2.50 1.00 1.00 Necktie Canyon 2.10 1.00 1.00 Elizabeth Lake Canyon 61.50 1.00 1.00 Grasshopper Canyon 4.10 1.00 1.00 Marple Canyon 10.50 1.00 1.00 Charlie Canyon 9.90 0.80 1.00 Hasley Canyon 7.40 1.00 1.00 Lower Castaic Creek 41.30 1.00 1.00 San Martinez Chiquito Cyn 5.00 1.00 1.00 Long Canyon 1.54 1.00 1.00 San Martinez Grande Cyn 3.22 1.00 1.00	San Francisquito Cyn 49.10 0.85 1.00 13860 Lion Canyon 0.79 1.00 1.00 210 Violin Canyon 5.91 1.00 1.00 1980 Salt Creek 18.40 1.00 1.00 8110 Fish Creek 27.30 1.00 1.00 16970 Elderberry Canyon 2.50 1.00 1.00 2530 Necktie Canyon 2.10 1.00 1.00 2040 Elizabeth Lake Canyon 61.50 1.00 1.00 34070 Grasshopper Canyon 4.10 1.00 1.00 1460 Marple Canyon 10.50 1.00 1.00 3810 Charlie Canyon 9.90 0.80 1.00 2360 Hasley Canyon 7.40 1.00 1.00 750 Lower Castaic Creek 41.30 1.00 1.00 13540 San Martinez Chiquito Cyn 5.00 1.00 1.00 480 Long Canyon 1.54 <

The results, as shown above in Table 3, were in the expected range of flow per drainage area (Q100/DA) for the Santa Clara River watershed. The model Q100/DA is mostly between 0.2 and 0.6 cfs/ac, which compares well to other hydrology modeling results conducted for Los Angeles County watersheds by the Department of Public Works. The highest ratios are observed for mostly small watersheds with relatively high rainfall and high initial watershed and reach storage from the storm events leading up to the design storm. Similarly, the lowest ratios are in areas with relatively drier antecedent conditions and lower rainfall.

Figure 4 shows the design storm peaks and hydrographs for the Los Angeles County tributaries included in this study.

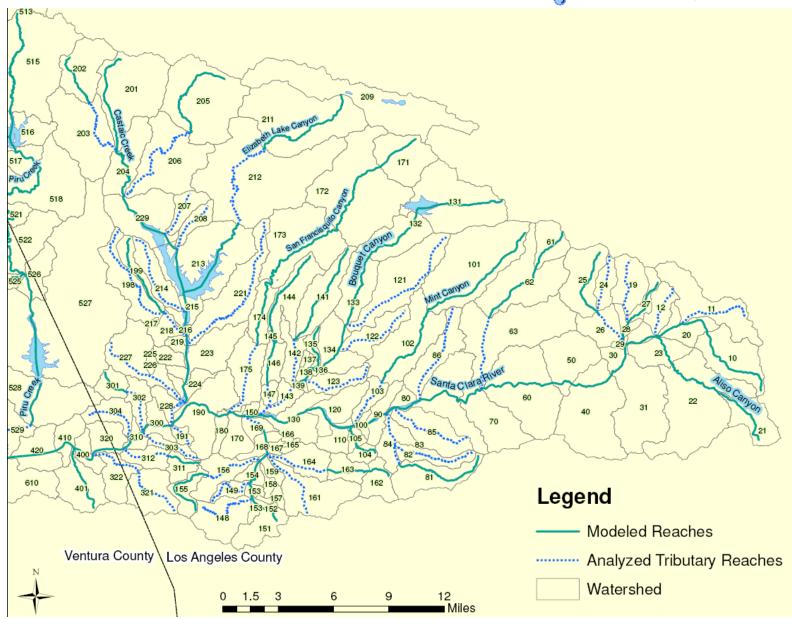


Figure 3. Tributary and SCR Model Reaches for Los Angeles County

AQUA TERRA Consultants ----

M_9



Figure 4. HSPF Design Storm Hydrographs for Ungaged Tributaries in Los Angeles County

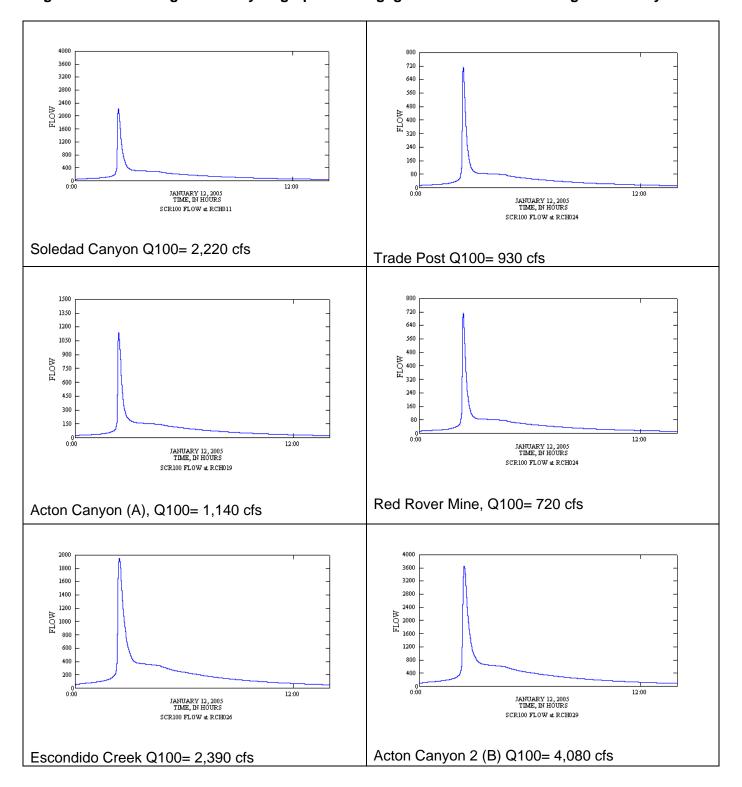




Figure 4 (Continued). HSPF Design Storm Hydrographs for Ungaged Tributaries in Los Angeles County

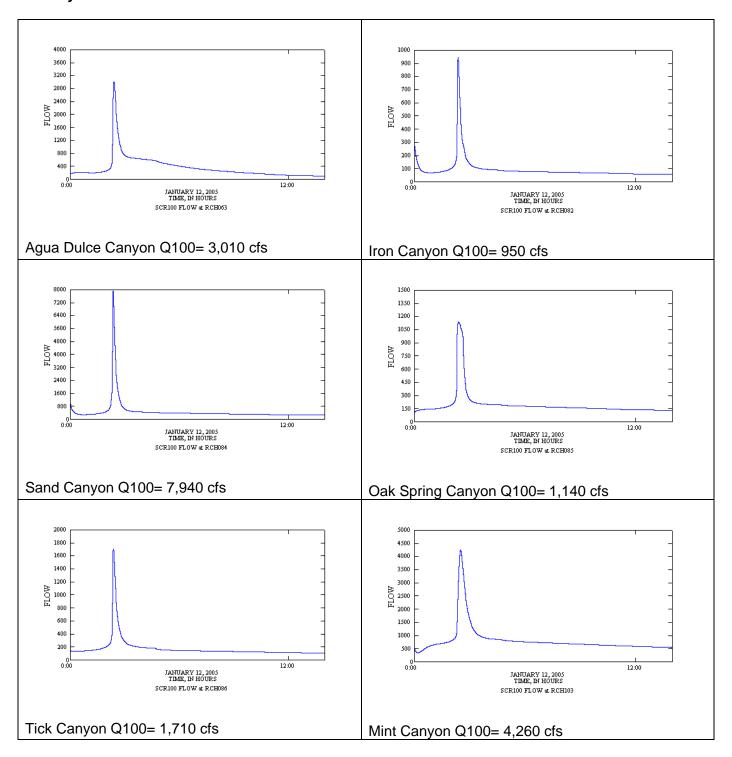






Figure 4 (Continued). HSPF Design Storm Hydrographs for Ungaged Tributaries in Los Angeles County

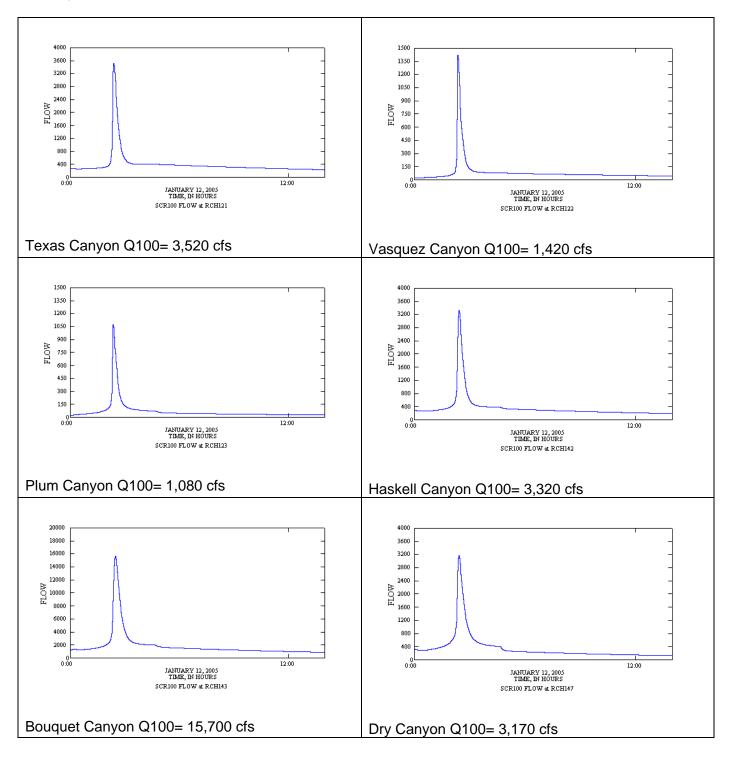






Figure 4 (Continued). HSPF Design Storm Hydrographs for Ungaged Tributaries in Los Angeles County

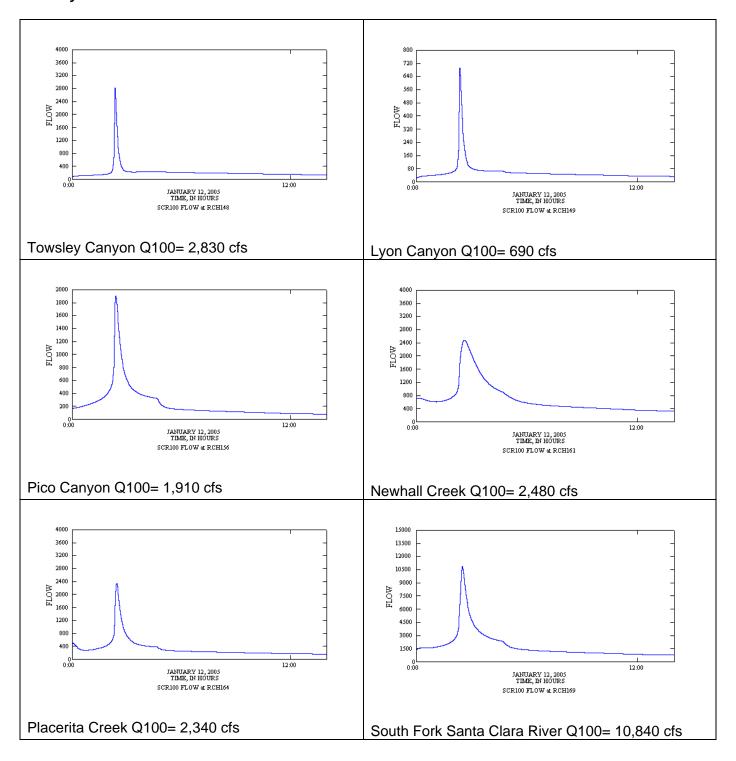






Figure 4 (Continued). HSPF Design Storm Hydrographs for Ungaged Tributaries in Los Angeles County

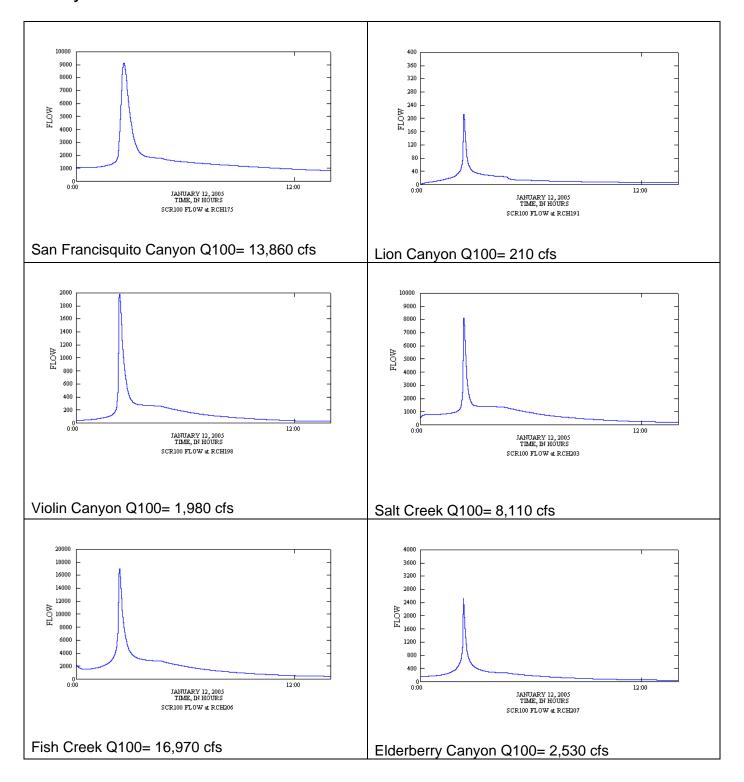






Figure 4 (Continued). HSPF Design Storm Hydrographs for Ungaged Tributaries in Los Angeles County

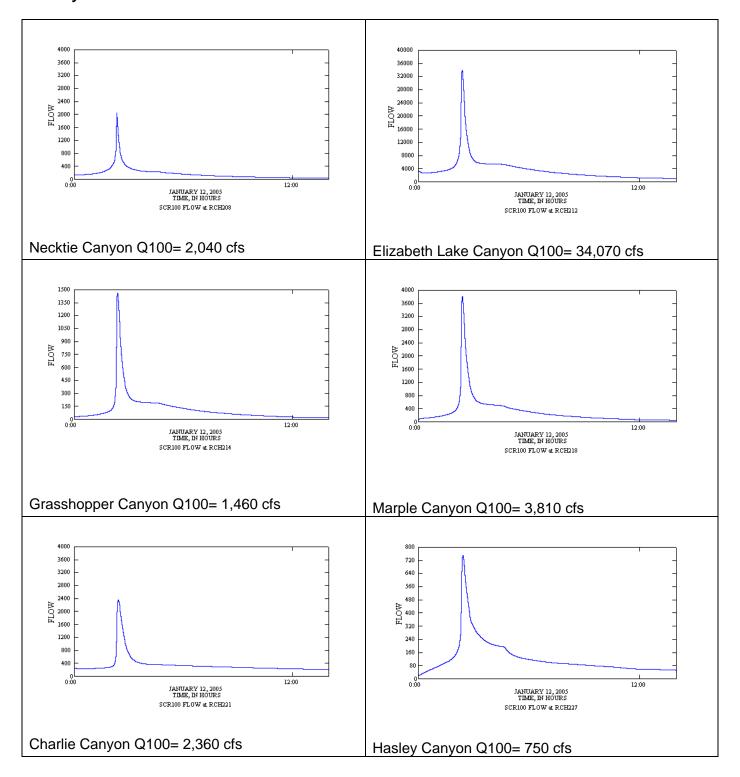
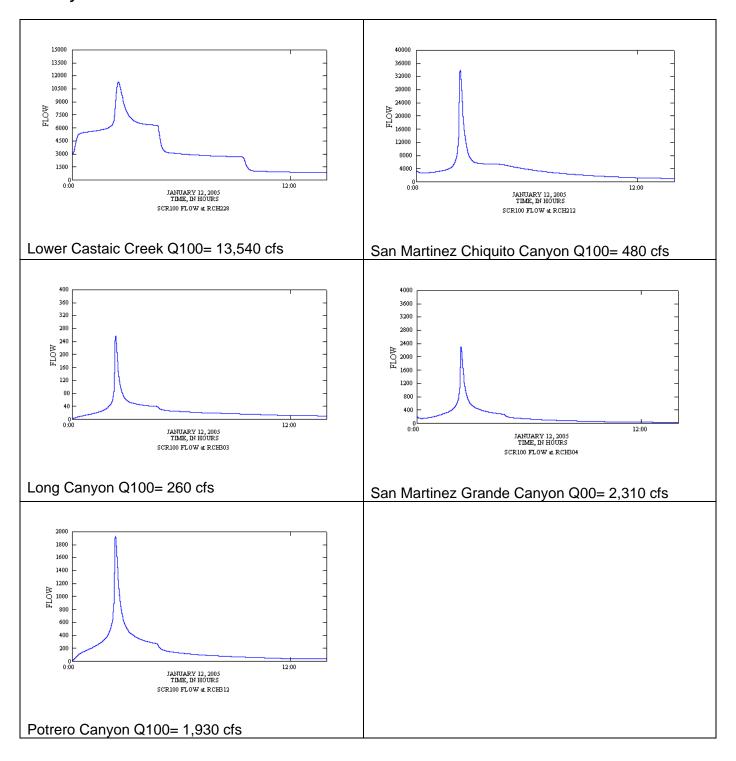






Figure 4 (Continued). HSPF Design Storm Hydrographs for Ungaged Tributaries in Los Angeles County







Multipliers

Storms above the 50-year storm frequency represent saturated conditions where most or all rain that falls on the land surface occurs as runoff. However, design storms at recurrence intervals less than 50-year frequencies represent various levels of saturation and quantifying infiltration rates and available storage capacity for these storms is difficult. Therefore the results of flow frequency analyses of Los Angeles County stream gages were used to develop discharge frequency multipliers. These multipliers (as shown in Table 4) represent each discharge frequency result divided by the 100-year frequency discharge at each calibration runoff gage. For each frequency discharge, the multipliers at three of the four calibration runoff gages were comparable and an average multiplier was calculated based on these gages. The results from the fourth gage, Lang Railroad Station, were disregarded for this analysis due to inconsistent discharge results from poor rainfall data. These multipliers are used to convert the Q100 results from the HSPF modeling to the other recurrence intervals of interest, including the 2-, 5-, 10-, 50-, 200- and 500-year frequency storm events.

Table 4. Discharge Frequency Multipliers for the Los Angeles County Tributaries

Name		Watershed Multiplier Results from Flow Frequency Analyses (cfs)								
Frequency Multipliers	Drainage Area	0.035	0.117	0.221	0.374	0.675	1.000	1.434	2.218	
Frequency Interval	(sq.mi)	2-yr	5-yr	10-yr	25-yr	50-yr	100-yr	200-yr	500-yr	
Soledad Canyon	9.03	80	260	490	830	1,500	2,220	3,180	4,920	
Trade Post	2.97	30	110	210	350	630	930	1,330	2,060	
Acton Canyon (A)	4.62	40	130	250	430	770	1,140	1,630	2,530	
Red Rover Mine	2.40	30	80	160	270	490	720	1,030	1,600	
Escondido Creek	12.98	80	280	530	890	1,610	2,390	3,430	5,300	
Acton Canyon 2 (B)	20.86	140	480	900	1,530	2,750	4,080	5,850	9,050	
Agua Dulce Canyon	29.52	110	350	670	1,130	2,030	3,010	4,320	6,680	
Iron Canyon	2.96	30	110	210	360	640	950	1,360	2,110	
Sand Canyon	12.74	280	930	1,750	2,970	5,360	7,940	11,390	17,610	
Oak Spring Canyon	6.43	40	130	250	430	770	1,140	1,630	2,530	
Tick Canyon	5.67	60	200	380	640	1,150	1,710	2,450	3,790	
Mint Canyon	29.37	150	500	940	1,590	2,880	4,260	6,110	9,450	
Texas Canyon	10.99	120	410	780	1,320	2,380	3,520	5,050	7,810	
Vasquez Canyon	4.39	50	170	310	530	960	1,420	2,040	3,150	
Plum Canyon	3.17	40	130	240	400	730	1,080	1,550	2,400	



Table 4 (Continued). Discharge Frequency Multipliers for the Los Angeles County Tributaries

Table 4 (Continued)	. Discharg	e Frequ	uency i	viuitipiie	15 101 1116	LOS AII	geles Co	unity irik	utaries
Haskell Canyon	9.76	120	390	730	1,240	2,240	3,320	4,760	7,360
Bouquet Canyon	72.19	550	1,840	3,470	5,870	10,600	15,700	22,510	34,820
Dry Canyon	9.48	110	370	700	1,190	2,140	3,170	4,550	7,030
Towsley Canyon	5.83	100	330	630	1,060	1,910	2,830	4,060	6,280
Lyon Canyon	1.50	20	80	150	260	470	690	990	1,530
Pico Canyon	6.93	70	220	420	710	1,290	1,910	2,740	4,240
Newhall Creek	17.72	90	290	550	930	1,670	2,480	3,560	5,500
Placerita Creek	9.53	80	270	520	880	1,580	2,340	3,360	5,190
South Fork SCR	45.30	380	1,270	2,400	4,050	7,320	10,840	15,540	24,040
San Francisquito Cyn	49.10	490	1,620	3,060	5,180	9,360	13,860	19,880	30,740
Lion Canyon	0.79	10	20	50	80	140	210	300	470
Violin Canyon	5.91	70	230	440	740	1,340	1,980	2,840	4,390
Salt Creek	18.40	280	950	1,790	3,030	5,470	8,110	11,630	17,990
Fish Creek	27.30	590	1,990	3,750	6,350	11,450	16,970	24,330	37,640
Elderberry Canyon	2.50	90	300	560	950	1,710	2,530	3,630	5,610
Necktie Canyon	2.10	70	240	450	760	1,380	2,040	2,930	4,520
Elizabeth Lake Canyon	61.50	1,190	3,990	7,530	12,740	23,000	34,070	48,860	75,570
Grasshopper Canyon	4.10	50	170	320	550	990	1,460	2,090	3,240
Marple Canyon	10.50	130	450	840	1,420	2,570	3,810	5,460	8,450
Charlie Canyon	9.90	80	280	520	880	1,590	2,360	3,380	5,230
Hasley Canyon	7.40	30	90	170	280	510	750	1,080	1,660
Lower Castaic Creek	41.30	470	1,580	2,990	5,060	9,140	13,540	19,420	30,030
San Martinez Chiquito Cyn	5.00	20	60	110	180	320	480	690	1,060
Long Canyon	1.54	10	30	60	100	180	260	370	580
San Martinez Grande Cyn	3.22	80	270	510	860	1,560	2,310	3,310	5,120
Potrero Canyon	4.50	70	230	430	720	1,300	1,930	2,770	4,280



Flood Frequency Analysis Results

Lang Railroad Bridge and Old Road/I5 Runoff Gages



Flood Frequency Analysis - Lang Railroad Station Runoff Gage

INPUT FILE NAME: LAF93STN.TXT OUTPUT FILE NAME: LAF93STN.OUT

TITLE RECORD(S)

TT FLOOD FLOW FREQUENCY PROGRAM - SANTA CLARA RIVER AT LANG RR STATION

TT PEAK VALUES FROM LA COUNTY

TT STATION SKEW -.07

STATION IDENTIFICATION

ID F93 SANTA CLARA RIVER AT LANG RR STATION DA= 157SQMI REC BEGAN:1949

GENERALIZED SKEW
ISTN GGMSE SKEW
GS F93 .000 -.07

SYSTEMATIC EVENTS
30 EVENTS TO BE ANALYZED

END OF INPUT DATA

EVENTS ANALYZED ³ ORDERED EVENTS FLOW ³ WATER FLOW WEIBULL ⁰

^o MON DAY YEAR CFS ³ RANK YEAR CFS PLOT POS ^o

 0
 0
 0
 1949
 6. 3
 1
 1968
 5900.
 3.23 °

 0
 0
 0
 1950
 2. 3
 2
 1951
 4200.
 6.45 °

 0
 0
 1951
 4200. 3
 3
 1965
 4040.
 9.68 °

 0
 0
 1952
 39. 3
 4
 2004
 2510.
 12.90 °

 0
 0
 1953
 29. 3
 5
 1957
 1260.
 16.13 °

 0
 0
 1954
 6. 3
 6
 1972
 953.
 19.35 °

 0
 0
 1955
 5. 3
 7
 1970
 620.
 22.58 °

 0
 0
 1956
 2. 3
 8
 1960
 500.
 25.81 °

 0
 0
 1957
 1260.
 3
 9
 1961
 500.
 29.03 °





0 0 1958 40. ³ 10 1966 265. 32.26 ° 0 0 1959 1. ³ 11 1973 264. 35.48 ° 0 0 1960 500. 3 12 1967 200. 38.71 ° 500. 3 13 1969 0 0 0 1961 200. 41.94 ° 0 0 1962 60. ³ 14 2003 87. 45.16 ° 70. ³ 15 1971 79. 48.39 ° 0 0 1963 0 0 1964 35. ³ 16 1963 70. 51.61 ° 4040. 3 17 1962 60. 54.84 ° 0 0 1965 59. 58.06 ° 0 0 1966 265. ³ 18 1974 0 0 1967 200. 3 19 1958 40. 61.29 ° 0 0 1968 5900. 3 20 1952 39. 64.52 ° 200. 3 21 1976 0 0 1969 38. 67.74 ° 35. 620. 3 22 1964 0 0 1970 70.97 ° 79. ³ 23 1953 29. 74.19 ° 0 0 1971 953. ³ 24 1975 77.42 ° 0 0 1972 24. 0 0 1973 264. ³ 25 1954 6. 80.65 ° 59. ³ 0 0 0 1974 26 1949 6. 83.87 ° 24. ³ 5. 87.10 ° 0 0 0 1975 27 1955 0 0 0 1976 38. ³ 2. 90.32 ° 28 1950 2. 93.55 ° 0 0 2003 87. ³ 29 1956 2510. ³ Ω 0 2004 30 1959 1. 96.77 °

-OUTLIER TESTS -

BASED ON 30 EVENTS, 10 PERCENT OUTLIER TEST VALUE K(N) = 2.563

0 LOW OUTLIER(S) IDENTIFIED BELOW TEST VALUE OF .2

ÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄ HIGH OUTLIER TEST ÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄ

BASED ON 30 EVENTS, 10 PERCENT OUTLIER TEST VALUE K(N) = 2.563

-SKEW WEIGHTING -



FINAL RESULTS

```
-FREQUENCY CURVE- F93 SANTA CLARA RIVER AT LANG RR STATION D
O COMPUTED EXPECTED 3 PERCENT 3 CONFIDENCE LIMITS O
O CURVE PROBABILITY 3 CHANCE 3
                                   .05
                                         .95 °
                3 EXCEEDANCE 3
                                  FLOW IN CFS
   FLOW IN CFS
64600. 122000. <sup>3</sup>
                    .2 <sup>3</sup> 461000.
                                 17100. °
         54800. <sup>3</sup>
                    .5 <sup>3</sup> 204000.
  33700.
                                  9870. °
         28700. <sup>3</sup>
                   1.0 <sup>3</sup> 104000.
                                   6210. °
  19600.
         14400. <sup>3</sup>
                   2.0 <sup>3</sup> 49600.
                                  3720. °
  10800.
          5230. <sup>3</sup>
                  5.0 <sup>3</sup> 16200.
                                 1690. °
  4350.
   1920.
          2160. <sup>3</sup> 10.0 <sup>3</sup>
                          6020.
                                  822. °
          748. <sup>3</sup> 20.0 <sup>3</sup>
                                 330. ⁰
   704.
                         1830.
          99. <sup>3</sup> 50.0 <sup>3</sup>
0
   99.
                         205.
                                48. °
          12. <sup>3</sup> 80.0 <sup>3</sup>
                                5. °
   13.
                          28.
          4. 3
               90.0 <sup>3</sup>
                               1. °
    4.
                         11.
          1. <sup>3</sup>
                               0. °
               95.0 <sup>3</sup>
    2.
                         5.
          О. з
                               0. °
    0.
               99.0
SYSTEMATIC STATISTICS
<sup>o</sup> LOG TRANSFORM: FLOW, CFS <sup>3</sup>
                                 NUMBER OF EVENTS
o MEAN
             1.9788 <sup>3</sup> HISTORIC EVENTS
                                         0 °

    STANDARD DEV

                   1.0269 3 HIGH OUTLIERS
                                               0
                                                0

    COMPUTED SKEW

                    -.0704 3 LOW OUTLIERS
                                                0
OREGIONAL SKEW
                    -.0700 <sup>3</sup> ZERO OR MISSING 0
                   -.1000 <sup>3</sup> SYSTEMATIC EVENTS
O ADOPTED SKEW
```



Flood Frequency Analysis - I5 Runoff Gage

INPUT FILE NAME: I5NOUTST.TXT OUTPUT FILE NAME: I5NOUTST.OUT

TITLE RECORD(S)

TT FLOOD FLOW FREQUENCY PROGRAM - SANTA CLARA RIVER AT I-5

TT STATION SKEW .2966 5 LOWEST FLOWS REMOVED

STATION IDENTIFICATION

ID F92 SANTA CLARA RIVER AT I-5 DA= 410SQMI REC BEGAN:1931

GENERALIZED SKEW
ISTN GGMSE SKEW
GS F92 .000 .30

SYSTEMATIC EVENTS
59 EVENTS TO BE ANALYZED

END OF INPUT DATA

° FLOW 3 WATER FLOW WEIBULL °

 °
 0
 0
 1931
 2310. ³
 1
 1969
 31800. 1.67 °

 °
 0
 0
 1932
 2090. ³
 2
 1938
 24000. 3.33 °

 °
 0
 0
 1933
 618. ³
 3
 1944
 22200. 5.00 °

 °
 0
 0
 1934
 3870. ³
 4
 2005
 20900. 6.67 °

 °
 0
 0
 1935
 608. ³
 5
 1998
 19000. 8.33 °

 °
 0
 0
 1936
 833. ³
 6
 1943
 15000. 10.00 °

 °
 0
 0
 1937
 3410. ³
 7
 1983
 14925. 11.67 °

 °
 0
 0
 1938
 24000. ³
 8
 1966
 11600. 13.33 °

 °
 0
 0
 1939
 4620. ³
 9
 2000
 8770. 15.00 °

 °
 0
 0
 1941
 5050. ³
 10
 1971
 8150. 16.67 °

 °
 0
 0
 1941





```
0 0 1942
               443. 3 12 2003
                                    7290. 20.00 °
                                     5900. 21.67 °
  0 0 1943
              15000. 3 13 2004
     0 1944
              22200. 3 14 1941
                                     5050. 23.33 °
               317. 3 15 1973
    0 1945
                                    4760. 25.00 °
               500. 3 16 1939
                                    4620. 26.67 °
  0
    0 1946
               1620. 3 17 1962
                                     4250. 28.33 °
  0
    0 1947
               350. 3 18 1934
                                    3870. 30.00 °
  0
    0 1948
               7600. 3 19 1958
                                    3850. 31.67 °
  Λ
    0 1952
               626. <sup>3</sup> 20 1937
                                    3410. 33.33 °
  Λ
    0 1954
               746. <sup>3</sup> 21 1979
                                           35.00 °
  0
     0 1955
                                    3370.
0
  0
     0 1956
               344. <sup>3</sup> 22 1967
                                    3000.
                                           36.67 0
  0
     0 1957
               1920. 3 23 1968
                                     2810.
                                            38.33 °
               3850. <sup>3</sup>
0
                                            40.00 °
  0
     0 1958
                        24 1991
                                     2750.
               1410. 3 25 1977
  0
     0 1959
                                     2510.
                                           41.67 °
               151. <sup>3</sup>
                        26 1974
                                    2440.
                                           43.33 0
  0
     0 1960
     0 1961
               830. <sup>3</sup>
                        27
                            1931
                                    2310.
                                           45.00 °
  0
     0 1962
               4250. <sup>3</sup>
                        28
                            1972
                                     2200.
                                            46.67 0
               1470. <sup>3</sup>
  0
     0
       1963
                        29
                            1932
                                     2090.
                                            48.33 °
               860. <sup>3</sup>
  0
     0 1964
                        30 1997
                                    2000.
                                            50.00°
               1260. 3 31
                                           51.67 °
  0
     0 1965
                            1957
                                     1920.
  0
     0 1966
              11600. 3 32
                            1985
                                     1820. 53.33 °
               3000. <sup>3</sup> 33
                                     1620. 55.00 °
 0
     0 1967
                            1947
               2810. <sup>3</sup> 34
 0
    0 1968
                            1999
                                            56.67 °
                                     1610.
              31800. <sup>3</sup> 35
 0
    0 1969
                            1963
                                     1470. 58.33 °
               900. <sup>3</sup> 36 1988
  0
    0 1970
                                    1450. 60.00 °
    0 1971
               8150. <sup>3</sup> 37
  0
                            1959
                                     1410.
                                           61.67 °
               2200. <sup>3</sup> 38
  0
    0 1972
                            1965
                                     1260.
                                            63.33 0
               4760. <sup>3</sup> 39
                            1975
                                            65.00 °
  0
    0 1973
                                     1120.
  0
    0 1974
               2440. 3 40 1986
                                     1050.
                                            66.67 °
  0
    0 1975
               1120. 3 41 1976
                                     999. 68.33 °
               999. 3 42 1970
  0 0 1976
                                     900. 70.00 °
               2510. 3 43 1989
  0 0 1977
                                     876. 71.67 °
               3370. 3 44 1964
                                     860. 73.33 °
  0 0 1979
              14925. 3 45 1936
  0 0 1983
                                     833. 75.00 °
               1820. 3 46 1961
  0 0 1985
                                     830. 76.67 °
               1050. 3 47 1955
  0 0 1986
                                     746. 78.33 °
               444. 3 48 1940
                                     676. 80.00 °
  0 0 1987
               1450. 3 49 1954
                                     626. 81.67 °
  0 0 1988
  0 0 1989
               876. <sup>3</sup> 50 1933
                                     618. 83.33 °
  0 0 1990
               523. <sup>3</sup> 51 1935
                                     608. 85.00 °
               2750. 3 52 1990
  0 0 1991
                                     523. 86.67 °
  0
     0 1997
               2000. 3 53 1946
                                     500. 88.33 °
              19000. <sup>3</sup> 54
     0 1998
                            1987
                                     444. 90.00 °
     0 1999
               1610. <sup>3</sup> 55
                            1942
                                     443.
                                           91.67 0
     0 2000
               8770. <sup>3</sup> 56
                            1948
                                     350.
                                           93.33 0
     0 2003
               7290. <sup>3</sup> 57
                            1956
                                     344.
                                           95.00 0
               5900. <sup>3</sup> 58
     0 2004
                            1945
                                     317.
                                            96.67 0
              20900. <sup>3</sup> 59
0 0 2005
                            1960
                                      151. 98.33 °
```

BASED ON 59 EVENTS, 10 PERCENT OUTLIER TEST VALUE K(N) = 2.831





0 LOW OUTLIER(S) IDENTIFIED BELOW TEST VALUE OF 62.8

ÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄ HIGH OUTLIER TEST ÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄÄ

BASED ON 59 EVENTS, 10 PERCENT OUTLIER TEST VALUE K(N) = 2.831

FINAL RESULTS

```
-FREQUENCY CURVE- F92 SANTA CLARA RIVER AT I-5 DA= 410SQMI
OCOMPUTED EXPECTED 3 PERCENT 3 CONFIDENCE LIMITS 0
O CURVE PROBABILITY 3 CHANCE 3
                                   .05
                                         .95 °
                 3 EXCEEDANCE 3
   FLOW IN CFS
                                  FLOW IN CFS
.2 <sup>3</sup> 276000. 69300. °
 125000. 159000. <sup>3</sup>
  77300.
         92200. <sup>3</sup>
                   .5 <sup>3</sup> 157000.
                                  45200. °
0
  52300.
         59800. <sup>3</sup>
                   1.0 <sup>3</sup> 99400.
                                  32000. °
0
  34500.
         38100. <sup>3</sup>
                   2.0 <sup>3</sup> 61300.
                                  22100. °
0
  18800. 19900. <sup>3</sup>
                   5.0 <sup>3</sup>
                          30500.
                                  12800. °
  11200. 11600. <sup>3</sup> 10.0 <sup>3</sup> 16800. 7990. <sup>0</sup>
         6190. <sup>3</sup> 20.0 <sup>3</sup>
                                 4540. °
  6080.
                          8540.
         2040. <sup>3</sup> 50.0 <sup>3</sup>
                                1550. °
  2040.
                          2670.
         735. <sup>3</sup> 80.0 <sup>3</sup>
                                529. °
   746.
                          999.
         444. ³
                 90.0 3
                                305. °
   456.
                          633.
         297. <sup>3</sup>
                 95.0 <sup>3</sup>
                                197. °
   310.
                          444.
             3
                 99.0 <sup>3</sup>
   156
          144.
                          240.
                                 89. °
SYSTEMATIC STATISTICS
<sup>o</sup> LOG TRANSFORM: FLOW, CFS <sup>3</sup>
                                 NUMBER OF EVENTS
MEAN
              3.3360 <sup>3</sup> HISTORIC EVENTS
                                          0 0

    STANDARD DEV

                   .5434 3 HIGH OUTLIERS
                                           0

    COMPUTED SKEW

                     .2966 3 LOW OUTLIERS

    REGIONAL SKEW

                    .2966 3 ZERO OR MISSING 0
                    .3000 <sup>3</sup> SYSTEMATIC EVENTS

    ADOPTED SKEW

+++++++++++++++++++++
+ END OF RUN
+ NORMAL STOP IN FFA +
```

+++++++++++++++++++++++